

# Potomac Shallow Water Monitoring Program

Bruce Michael  
Director, Tidewater Ecosystem Assessment Division



Regional Monitoring Subcommittee Meeting  
October 17, 2006

## Goals for Shallow Water Monitoring on the Potomac Estuary

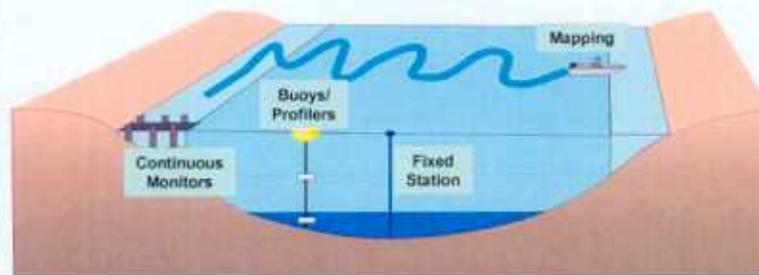
- Assess the new water quality criteria for dissolved oxygen, water clarity and chlorophyll
- Evaluate SAV habitat criteria and potential SAV restoration sites
- Evaluate Harmful Algal Blooms - Microcystis
- Track the effects of nutrient removal at Blue Plains WWTP
- Assess the effectiveness of the Tributary Strategies for nutrient and sediment reductions
- Understand the Potomac ecosystem as a whole

## Primary Shallow Water Monitoring Objectives

- Primary SWM objective is to assess the new Chesapeake Bay water quality criteria for:
  - Dissolved Oxygen – measured over various temporal resolutions in all habitats
  - Water Clarity – supplement SAV acreage goal
  - Chlorophyll – working on numeric criteria for next listing cycle

## Chesapeake Bay Shallow Water Monitoring Design

Consists of 2 Components Integrated with Other Forms of Monitoring



- Continuous Monitors
  - All criteria
  - Shallow-water designated use
- Water Quality Mapping
  - All criteria
  - Shallow & open-water designated use
- Existing Fixed Stations
  - All criteria
  - All but shallow-water designated use

## Continuous Monitors

- Generally, deployed April – October, over a 3-year period
- A subset of meters are telemetered real-time to website
- Measures water quality parameters every 15 minutes



YSI 6600 EDS – Measures Dissolved Oxygen, Turbidity, Chlorophyll, Water Temperature, Salinity, pH



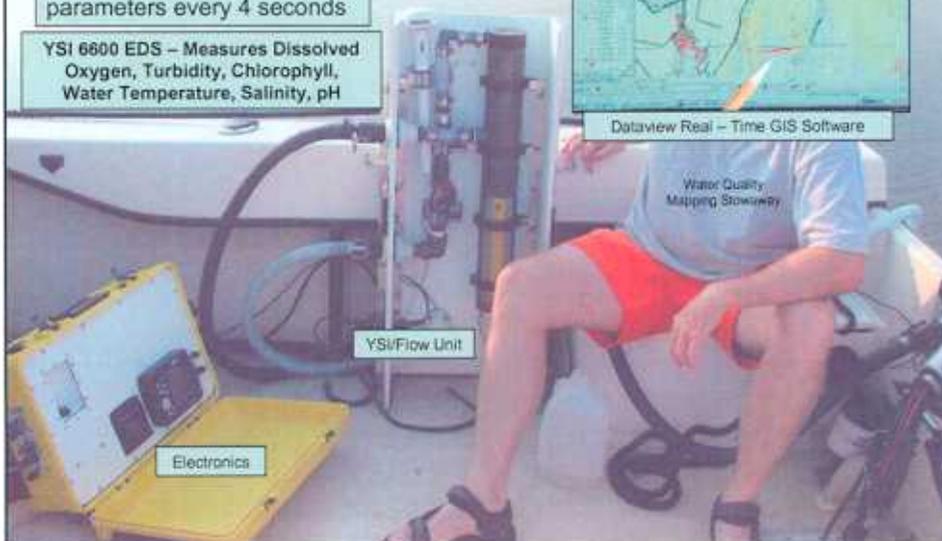
## Water Quality Mapping

- Monthly cruises, April – October, over a 3-year period
- Measures water quality parameters every 4 seconds

YSI 6600 EDS – Measures Dissolved Oxygen, Turbidity, Chlorophyll, Water Temperature, Salinity, pH



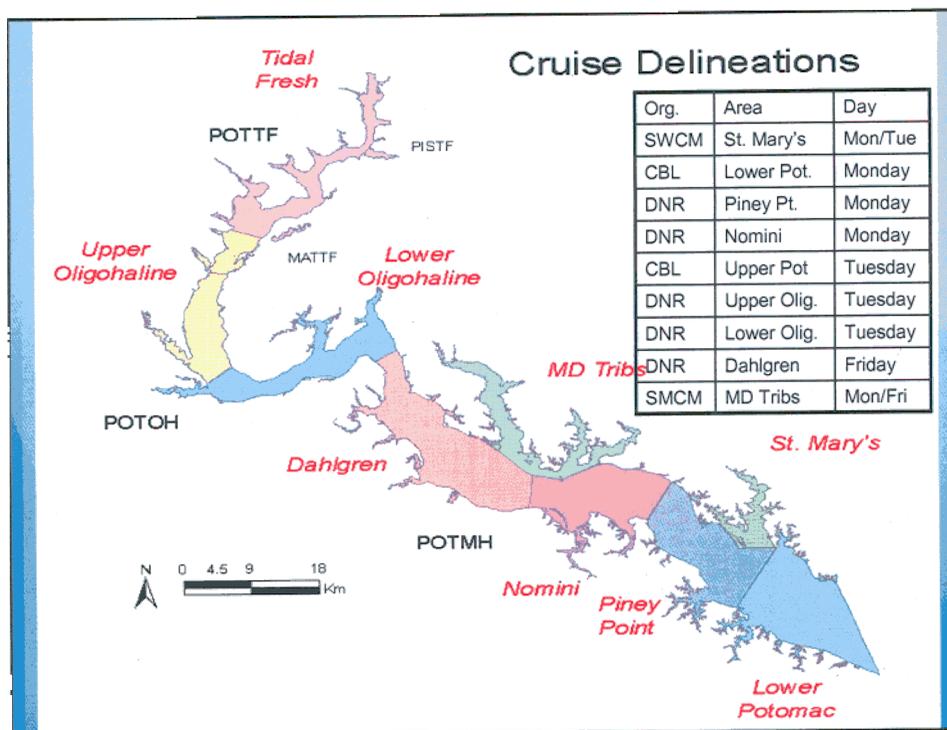
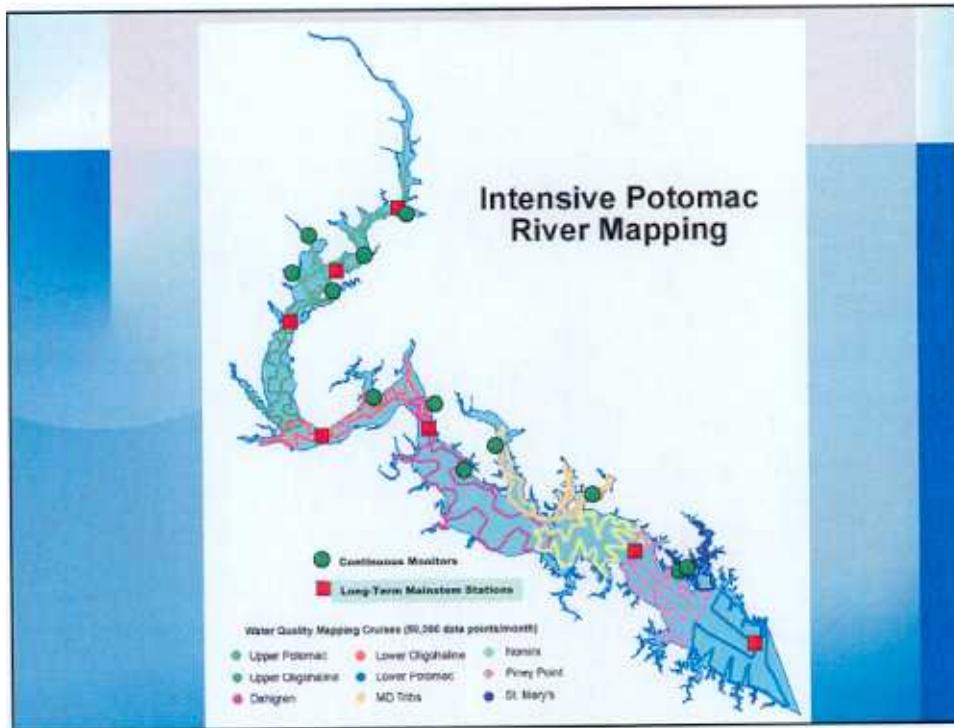
Dataview Real – Time GIS Software

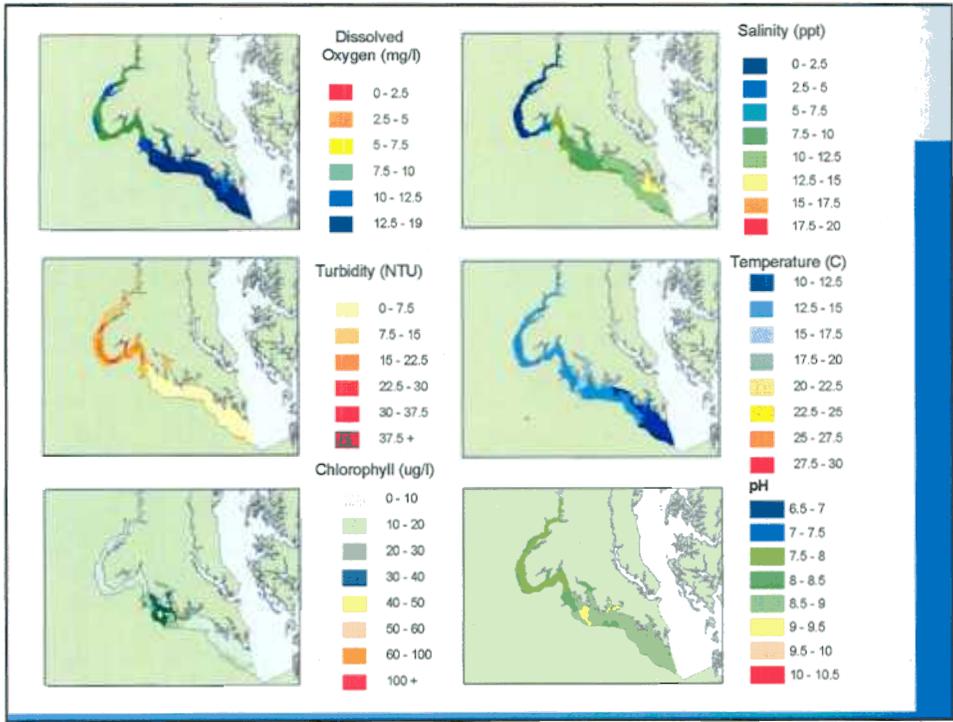
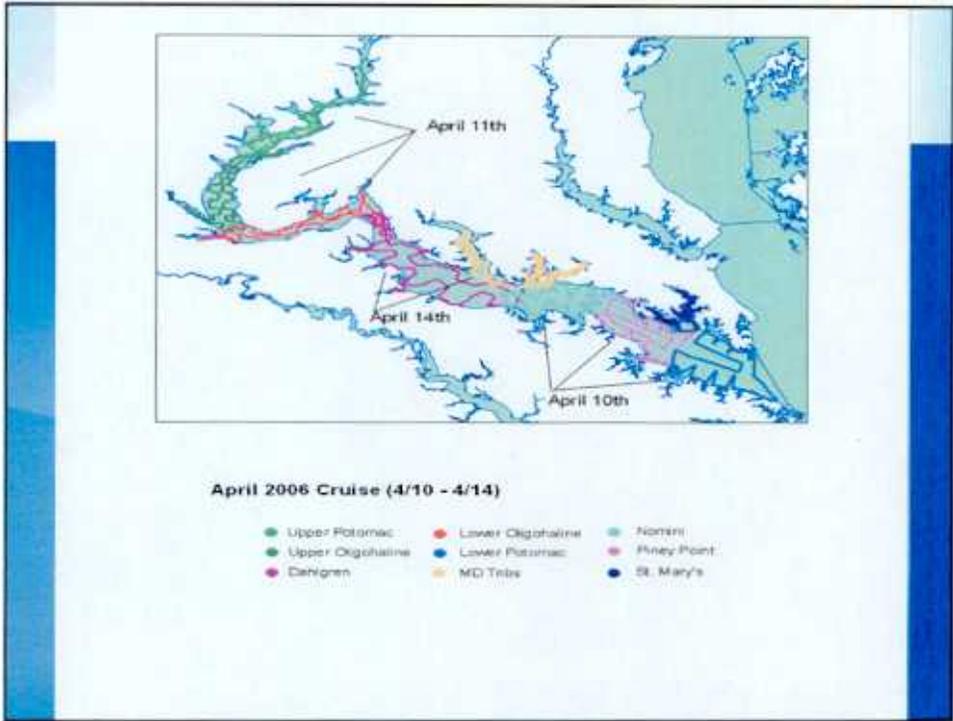


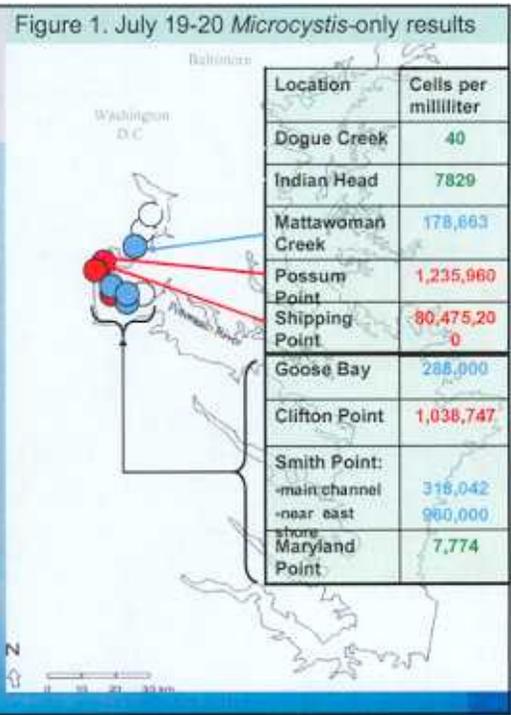
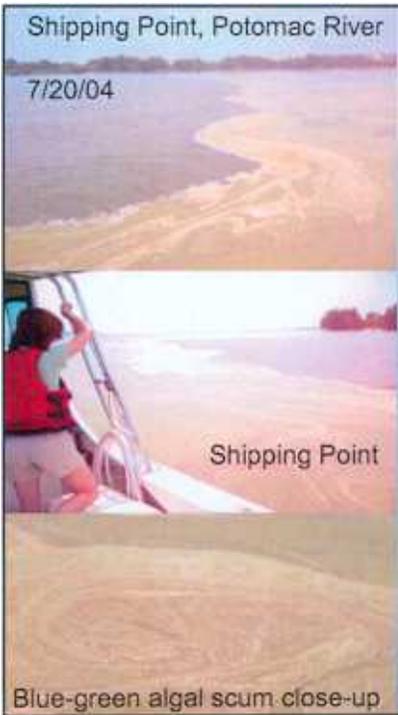
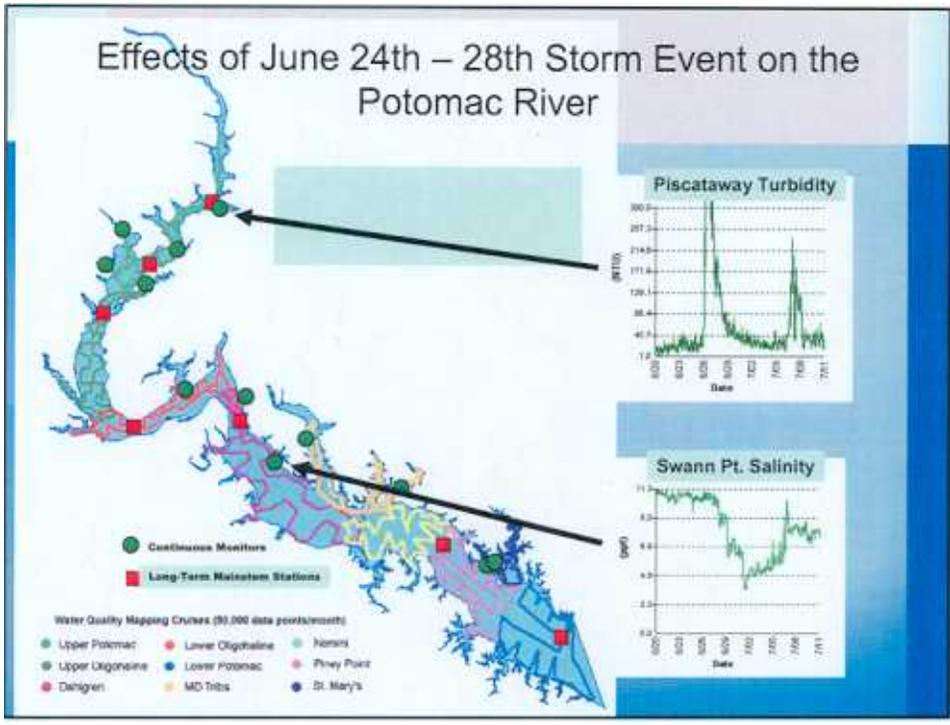
YSI/Flow Unit

Electronics

Water Quality Mapping Stowaway







## 2006 Microcystis Bloom

August 28<sup>th</sup> Chesapeake Bay long-term water quality station sites and ancillary bloom specific sampling results on the Potomac River. *Microcystis*-only reported.

Location	Cells per milliliter
Piscataway Creek	13,855
Mouth of Piscataway Creek	50,400
Dogue Creek	34,398
Buoy 57	235,296
Mouth of Mattawoman Creek	126,000
Mattawoman Creek	111
North of Possum Point	12,000
Possum Point	20,640
Douglas Point	177,000
Smith Point Long term site	22,692
Smith Point bloom specific site	835,000
Thomas Point	468



Potomac River *Microcystis* scum

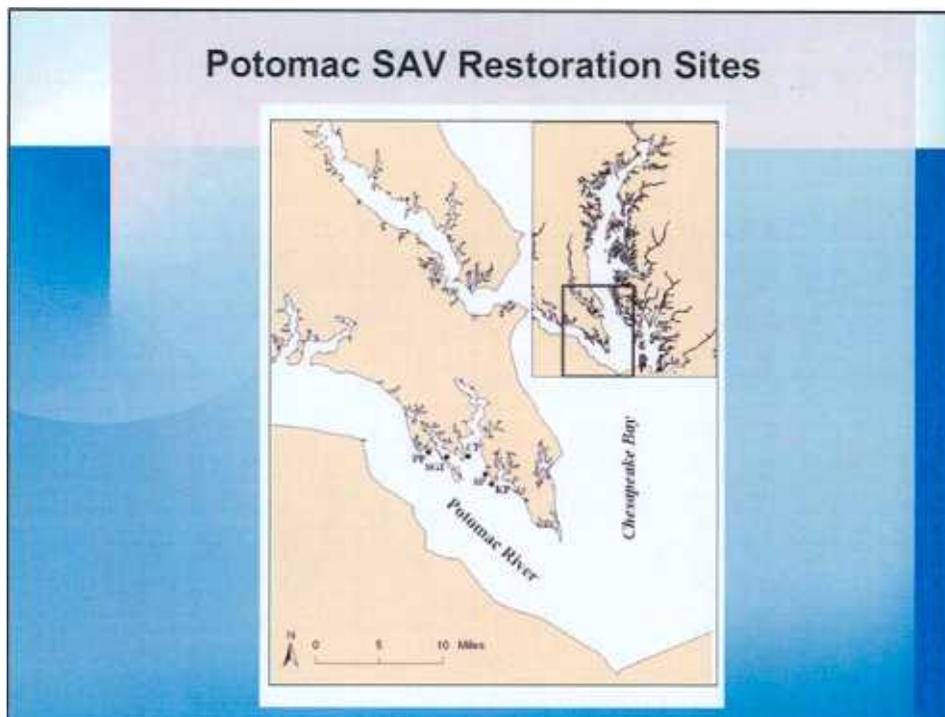
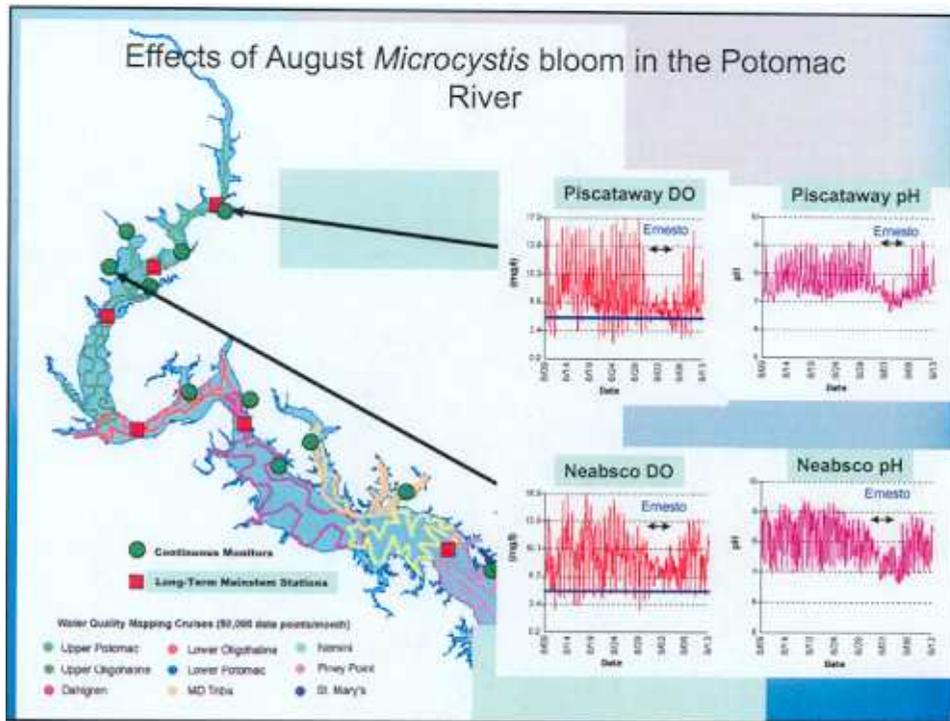
Photo by T. Hart, DNR

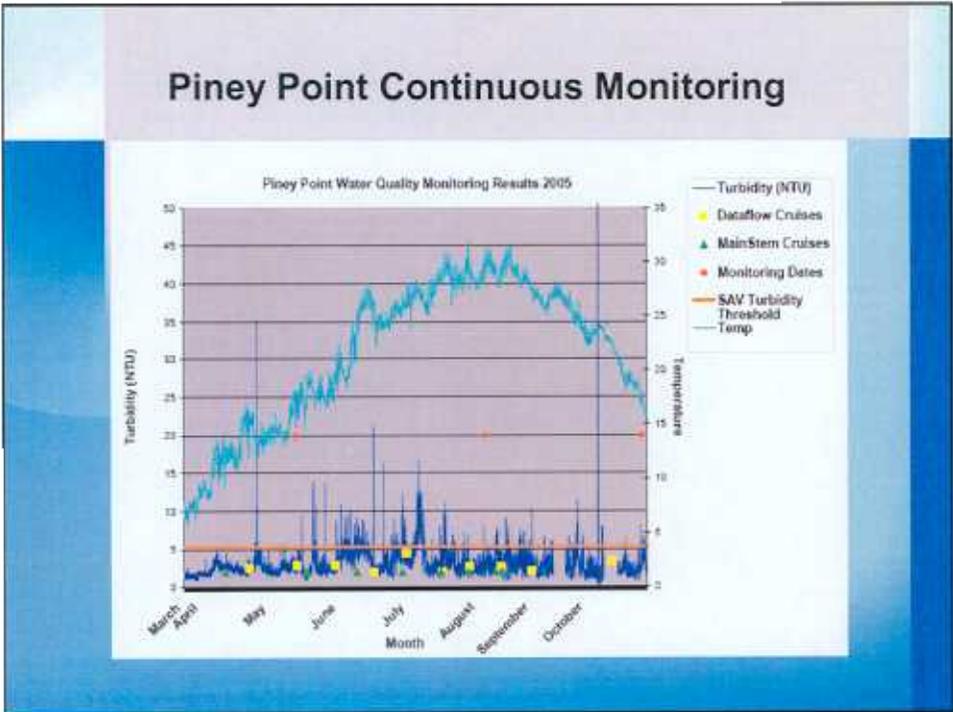
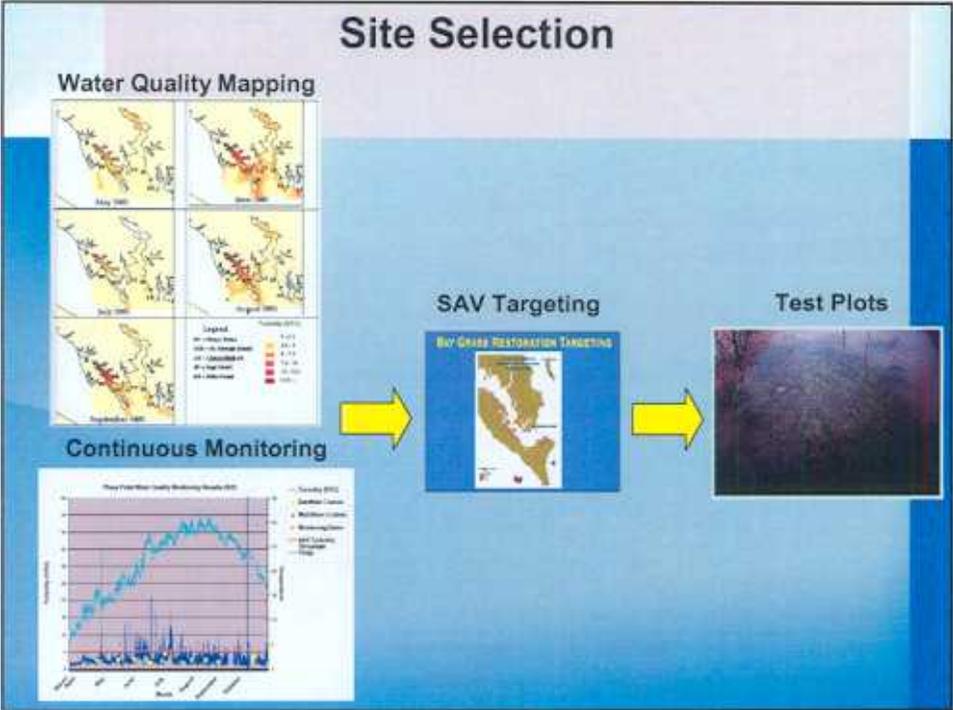
Photo by T. Hart, DNR

## Spatial Extent of 2006 Bloom

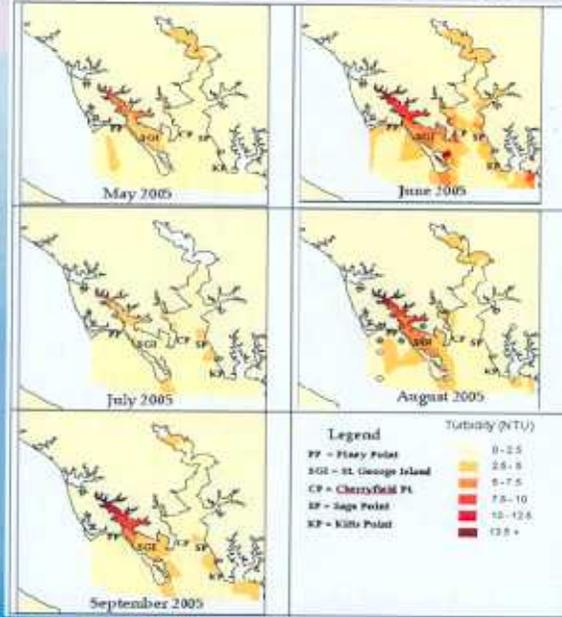


Figure 1. Regions of the Potomac River where *Microcystis* exceeded 10,000 cells per milliliter based on Chesapeake Bay Longterm Monitoring station results.





## Potomac Water Quality Mapping



St. Georges Island  
 Test Plots  
 July 18, 2006 MD-DNR



St. Georges Island  
 Test Plots  
 July 27, 2006  
 Chris Tanner, SMC



## Potomac SAV Restoration Activities

- DNR staff completed eelgrass seed counts for the 2006 seed harvest
- Approximately 350,000 eelgrass seeds will be available for restoration use in the high salinity waters of the Lower Potomac and Patuxent Rivers this fall
- New storage techniques at Piney Point have improved eelgrass seed survival from 20% to 80%.
- Seeds will be dispersed in October on the Potomac and Patuxent Rivers
- We are working with VIMS to coordinate seeding activities

## Developing Potomac Partnerships

- EPA Chesapeake Bay Program
- NOAA Chesapeake Bay Office
- USGS, Reston Office
- U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
- Virginia DEQ
- Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments
- Chesapeake Biological Laboratory
- St. Mary's College
- George Mason University
- St. Mary's County
- Mitretek Systems, Inc.



## Eyes on the Bay – Web Portal

**MARYLAND**  
DEPARTMENT OF  
NATURAL RESOURCES

**Eyes on the Bay**

**Tide-water Ecosystem Assessment**  
Emerging non-invasive techniques coupled with traditional monitoring programs are allowing natural resource managers and the public to better understand, evaluate, diagnose and restore the health of Maryland's water and living resources. The water and habitat quality monitoring data we collect are used to help us understand existing conditions and program needs, assess water quality changes in response to management actions, present long-term forecasts, and develop the most cost-effective strategies to restore our Bay's and tributaries.

**Click Stations for Data**

**NEW! Click to View Recent Bay Health Images**

**Chesapeake and Coastal Bays  
Water Quality and Habitat  
Conditions Are One Click Away...**

<http://www.eyesonthebay.net>

Feb 2006  
Chesapeake and Coastal Bays  
Water Quality and Habitat  
Conditions Are One Click Away...

**Eyes on the Bay**  
[www.eyesonthebay.net](http://www.eyesonthebay.net)

**River Water and Habitat Conditions in Maryland's Chesapeake Bay and Coastal Bays**

**Click Stations for Data**

<http://www.eyesonthebay.net>



## Next Steps for Potomac Integrated Monitoring Project

- Complete 2006 monitoring efforts
- Continue data processing, verification and data management
- Data is available on the DNR website; will submit data to CBP
- Conduct 2006 Potomac water quality assessments
- Coordinate with Virginia DEQ for continuous monitoring expansion in oligohaline and mesohaline tributaries and embayments (potential for 4 or more new sites)
- Identify additional resources/develop new partnerships

# Maryland DNR - 2006 Tidal Monitoring Sites

