

**Metropolitan Washington Council of
Governments**

GEN3/VER. 1.0.4 MODEL CALIBRATION AND VALIDATION REPORT

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With Baseline Mobility Group



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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board (TPB) Generation 3 (Gen3) Travel Demand Forecasting Model (TDFM) is a disaggregate, tour-based/activity-based travel demand model designed to simulate the transportation demand and supply for an average weekday in the metropolitan Washington region.

This model utilizes some components and techniques from the Gen2 Travel Demand Model, an aggregate, trip-based (“four-step”) travel model. These components include highway and transit network processing, path building, path skimming, and trip assignment. The major difference from the Gen2 Model is the way transportation demand is simulated. Transportation demand in the Gen2 Model utilizes aggregated household data to simulate trips between zone pairs, but without the ability to represent tours (i.e., trip chains, which are an ordered sequence of trips, starting and ending at an anchor point, such as a person’s home). By contrast, the Gen3 Model uses ActivitySim to simulate travel for each individual person and household in the modeled area. The Gen3 Model approach allows for significantly more decision-making fidelity, including maintaining continuity of information across trips in a tour, to ensure that travel modes are consistent with those actually available to the person and allowing interactions among households regarding whether to travel.

The purpose of this calibration and validation report is to report the calibration adjustments in the Gen3 Travel Demand Model, specifically Version 1.0.4 of that model, that were made to reflect observed surface transportation patterns in the metropolitan Washington region and to document the model’s goodness-of-fit compared to the 2017/2018 Regional Travel Survey, Census, traffic, and transit data. There is a Gen3 Model User’s Guide¹ that fully documents the model’s development, as well as documentation of model estimation.^{2 3} The next section of this document discusses the calibration checks and adjustments for those component models (also referred to as model steps) of ActivitySim where calibration adjustments were made. Following that section, highway validation and transit validation performance of the Gen3 Model are reported in separate sections.

In some cases, specific constants were created and used for the calibration of a model step, and the final adjusted values of these constants are listed in the report. In other instances, additional constants were not created for calibration; Instead, existing constants that were

¹ RSG, Baseline Mobility Group, and Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. *Gen3 Model User Guide*. August 22, 2023.

² RSG. *Gen3 Tour Mode and Destination Choice Model Estimation*. January 19, 2022.

³ RSG and Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. *Gen3 Model Phase 2 Model Estimation*. March 2, 2023.

estimated as part of a model estimation process were adjusted and their adjusted values are also reported in this document.

2.0 MODEL CALIBRATION ADJUSTMENTS IN ACTIVITYSIM

The ActivitySim portion of the Gen3 Model, which is the demand-side model representing resident travel, started with a model transferred from the Southeast Michigan Council of Governments (SEMCOG). This provided a starting point for most of the model steps in ActivitySim. Model steps that have the most impact on transportation in the metropolitan Washington region were estimated using the 2017/2018 Regional Travel Survey (RTS) data, which includes the workplace location, auto ownership, telecommute frequency, coordinated daily activity pattern, mandatory tour frequency, tour mode choice, and trip mode choice. Additionally, the transit pass subsidy model was estimated for and used an asserted transit pass subsidy distribution from the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC, nine-county San Francisco Bay Area).

More than a dozen of the component models were then calibrated to the base-year (2018) conditions. Table 1 lists each component model in ActivitySim, the source of the estimated model, the source of the calibration data, and the level of calibration. In this table, “Local Surveys” refers to the survey data listed in the data development documentation.⁴ This includes the 2017/2018 Regional Travel Survey (RTS) and transit on-board surveys (where applicable). Census data is from the 2019 American Community Survey (ACS). The calibration level refers to the lowest geographic resolution of calibration. Regional calibration means that the model is calibrated to the modeled area (which is shown in Figure 1). “Region + DC” indicates that the model was calibrated for the region and also underwent additional adjustments specifically for the District of Columbia to improve screenline validation performance. “Jurisdiction” indicates that the model was calibrated and validated to counties and cities when the data was available (such as when RTS data was used for calibration).

TABLE 1: ACTIVITYSIM MODEL CALIBRATION SUMMARY

MODEL STEP	SOURCE MODEL	CALIBRATION DATA	CALIBRATION LEVEL
School Location	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region
Work From Home	Transfer from SEMCOG	2019 Census ACS	Jurisdiction
Workplace Location	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	2019 Census ACS	Jurisdiction

⁴ RSG and Baseline Mobility Group. *Gen3 Data Development*. December 29, 2021. https://www.mwcog.org/assets/1/6/Gen3_Phase_1_Data_Development_Report_Final.pdf

MODEL STEP	SOURCE MODEL	CALIBRATION DATA	CALIBRATION LEVEL
Transit Pass Subsidy	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 2 + MTC Data		
AV Ownership	DaySim	NA	NA
Auto Ownership	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 2	2019 Census ACS	Jurisdiction
Vehicle Type Choice	ActivitySim Consortium	NA	NA
Free Parking	Transfer from MTC	NA	NA
Telecommute Frequency	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region
CDAP Simulate	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 2	Local Surveys	Region + DC
Mandatory Tour Frequency	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 2	Local Surveys	Region
Mandatory Tour Scheduling	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Joint Tour Frequency	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Joint Tour Composition	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Joint Tour Participation	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Joint Tour Destination	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region
Joint Tour Scheduling	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Non-Mandatory Tour Frequency	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Non-Mandatory Tour Destination	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Jurisdiction
Non-Mandatory Tour Scheduling	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Vehicle Allocation	ActivitySim Consortium	NA	NA
Tour Mode Choice	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region + DC, transit boardings, traffic counts.
At-Work Subtour Frequency	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
At-Work Subtour Destination	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region
At-Work Subtour Scheduling	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
At-Work Subtour Mode Choice	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 1	Local Surveys	Region
Stop Frequency	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Trip Purpose	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region

MODEL STEP	SOURCE MODEL	CALIBRATION DATA	CALIBRATION LEVEL
Trip Destination	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Trip Purpose and Destination	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Trip Scheduling	Transfer from SEMCOG	Local Surveys	Region
Trip Mode Choice	Estimated in Gen3 Phase 2	Local Surveys	Region + DC, transit boardings, traffic counts.

After the initial model calibration conducted in the Gen3/Version 1.0.0 Model,⁵ another, more focused calibration was performed in 2025 after fixing a few bugs, in order to improve the goodness-of-fit to household survey trip rates, time of day distributions, and mode shares. This effort resulted in a new model version (Gen3/Ver. 1.0.4) and a greatly improved comparison across all these dimensions. Figure 1 shows the overall resulting comparison of estimated to observed tour rates, trip rates, and vehicle miles of travel at a regional level.

⁵ Initial calibration/validation results with the Gen3/Version 1.0.0 Model are documented in the following report: RSG and Baseline Mobility Group. “Gen3 Model Calibration and Validation Report.” Final Report. Washington, D.C.: Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board, February 7, 2024. https://www.mwcog.org/assets/1/6/Gen3_Model_Calibration_and_Validation_Report.pdf



FIGURE 1: MODEL CALIBRATION SUMMARY

The next sub-sections discuss, in turn, those model steps where some form of calibration and validation was performed.

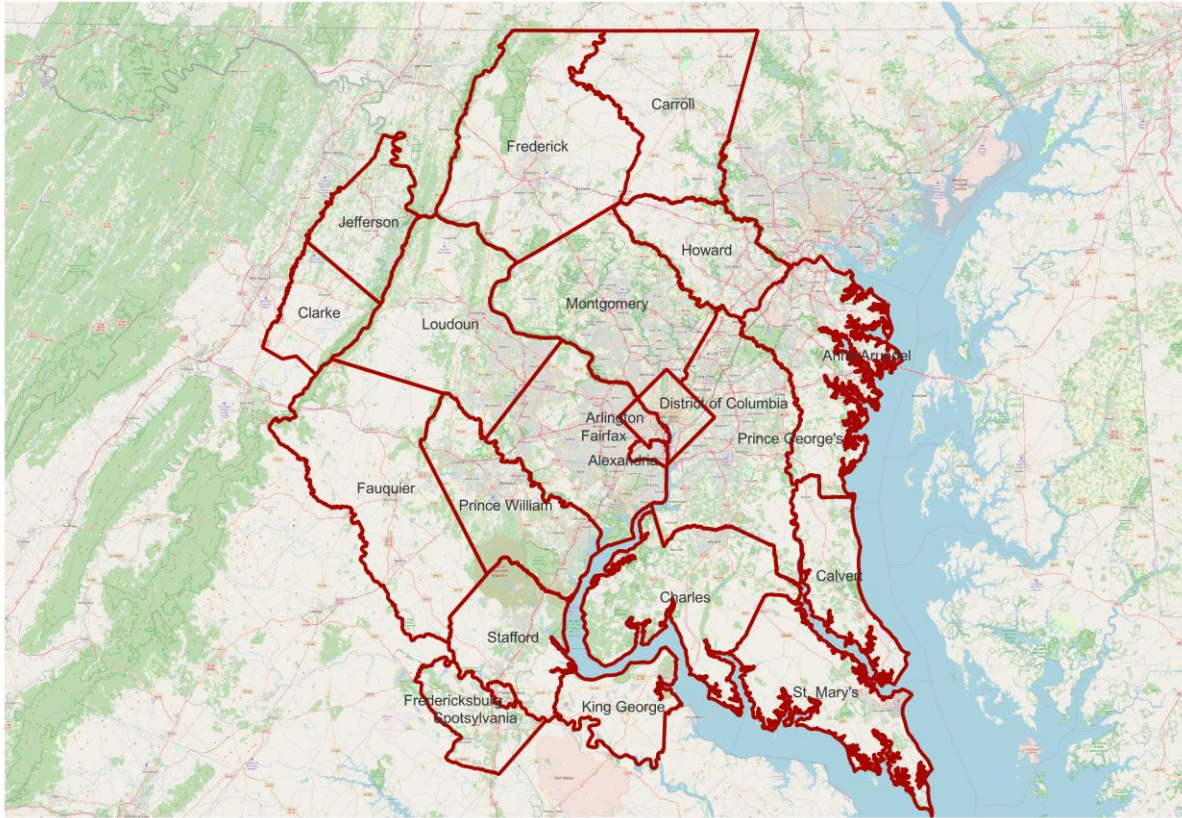


FIGURE 2: MWCOG GEN3 MODEL JURISDICTIONS

2.1 SCHOOL LOCATION MODEL

The school location model step assigns a school location to every student simulated in the model. This model step was estimated in Phase 1 of the Gen3 ActivitySim Model Implementation Project⁶ and calibrated for regional trip-length frequency in Phase 2. The adjustment constant is -0.035, which was added to the model as “coef_dist_calib” and applies only to high school and grade school (Kindergarten through 8th grade). The resulting distance-to-university distribution is shown in Figure 3 and the resulting distance-to-school distribution is shown in Figure 4. The average estimated/modeled distance to university is 11.48 miles, compared to 11.08 miles from the survey. The Gen3 Model shows a significantly higher number of short distances to university due to intrazonal trips made by individuals living in group quarters. Group quarters are not typically surveyed in household travel surveys. The

⁶ RSG. *Tour Mode and Destination Choice Model Estimation*. January 19, 2022.

estimated/modeled average distance to school (K-12) is 5.04 miles, compared to 4.04 miles from the survey. The distance used for comparison is the midday network skim distance.

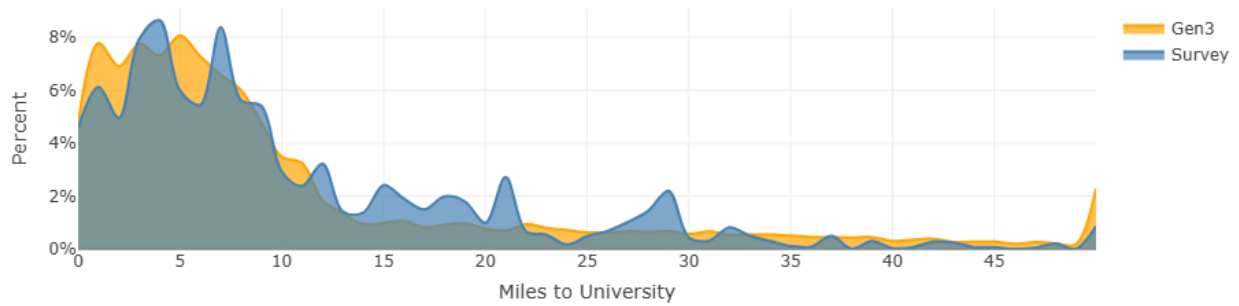


FIGURE 3: DISTANCE-TO-UNIVERSITY DISTRIBUTION

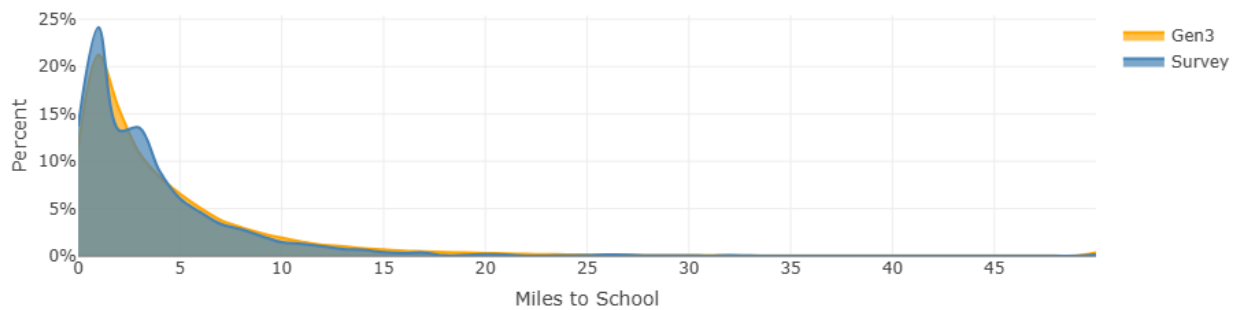


FIGURE 4: DISTANCE-TO-SCHOOL DISTRIBUTION

2.2 WORK FROM HOME MODEL

The work from home model step is used to represent workers who do not have a regular out-of-home workplace location. The model assigns a flag to each person in the simulation indicating whether they are a worker who works from home or who has a regular out-of-home workplace. The work from home model was transferred from SEMCOG and calibrated to Census ACS data at jurisdiction-level geography. The resulting constants are listed in Table 2. The resulting percent of workers working from home is shown in Figure 5. Overall, the observed percentage of workers working from home is 5.1% and the model estimates that 5.3% of workers work from home.

TABLE 2: WORK FROM HOME JURISDICTION-SPECIFIC CONSTANTS

Jurisdiction	Constant
DC	-0.27
Alexandria	-0.42
Anne Arundel	-0.78
Arlington	-0.08
Calvert	-1.03
Carroll	-1.07
Charles	-1.31
Clarke	-0.76
Fairfax	-0.38
Fauquier	-0.47
Frederick	-0.53
Fredericksburg	-0.31
Howard	-0.63
Jefferson	-1.03
King George	-1.27
Loudoun	-0.30
Montgomery	-0.50
Prince George's	-1.25
PrinceWilliam	-0.97
Spotsylvania	-1.01
Stafford	-0.65
St. Mary's	-1.70

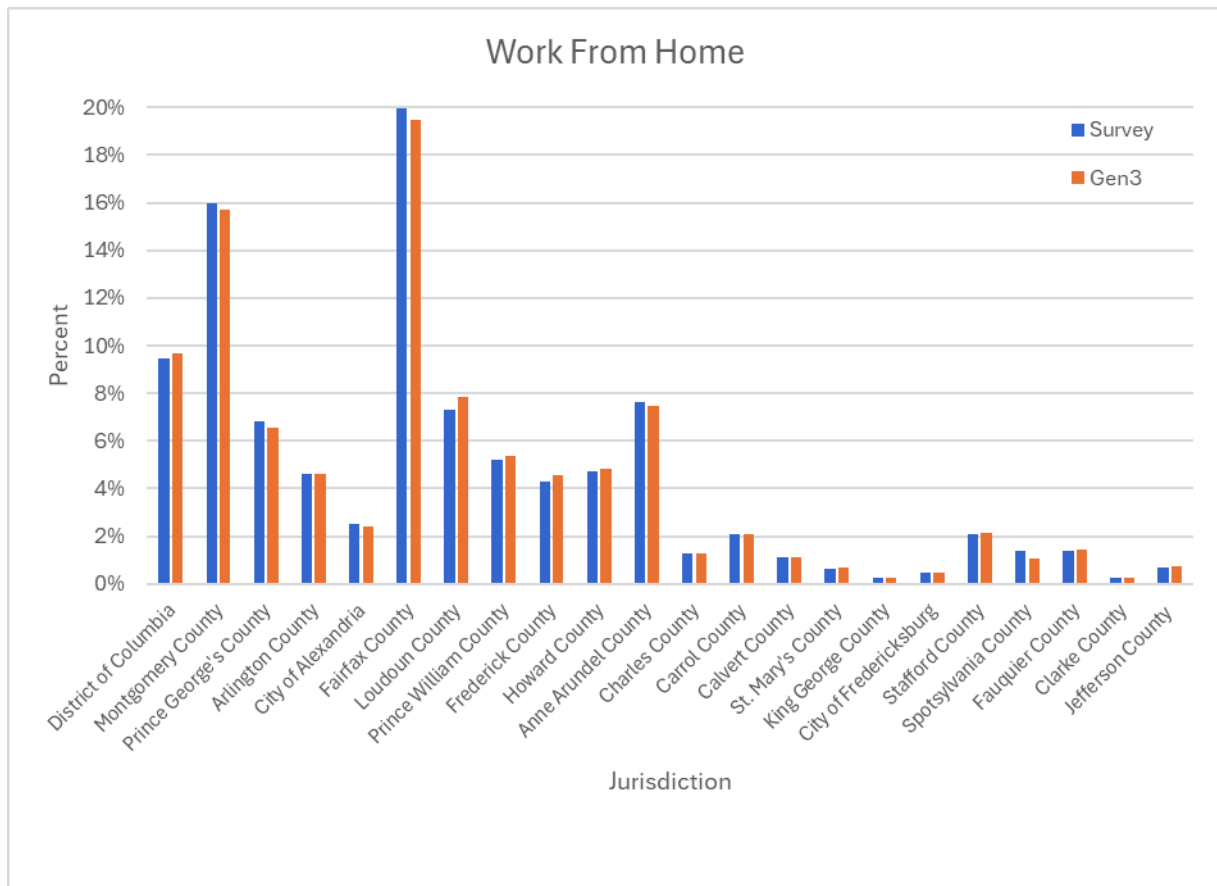


FIGURE 5: WORK FROM HOME MODEL VALIDATION

2.3 WORKPLACE LOCATION MODEL

The work location choice model step assigns a workplace transportation analysis zone (TAZ) to all workers in the model who do not work from home. This model was estimated in Phase 1 of the Gen3 ActivitySim Model Implementation Project. This model was calibrated in Phase 2 of the project using Census ACS Journey-To-Work (JTW) data at the origin-destination geography for local jurisdictions. Calibration constants were added between jurisdictions only where the difference between the model and the observed data was greater than 10%. The final constants are listed in Table 3. The midday network distance frequency comparison is shown in Figure 6. The regional average trip length to work is 12.88 miles observed and 13.22 modeled. The

coincidence ratio, which is a percentage of the area of the two curves that coincide,⁷ of the observed compared to the modeled distances is 0.96. A perfect coincidence ratio is 1.0, and an abysmal coincidence ratio would likely be less than 0.1 (and possibly down to 0.0).

Jurisdiction-to-jurisdiction worker journey-to-work (JTW) flow comparisons for work location choice are included in the appendix as Table 63 (observed ACS), Table 64 (Gen3 Model), Table 65 (difference), and Table 66 (estimated/observed).

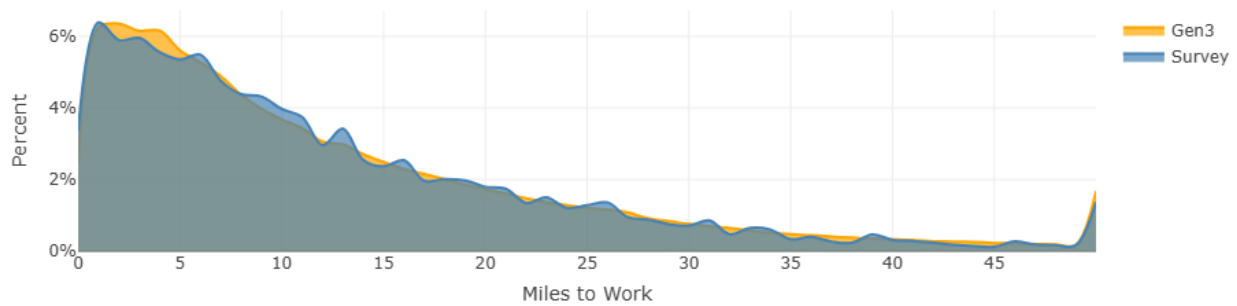


FIGURE 6: WORK LOCATION DISTANCE FREQUENCY COMPARISON

TABLE 3: WORK LOCATION CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

From	To	COEFFICIENT
DC	DC	0.032
DC	Arlington	-0.229
Montgomery	Montgomery	0.65
Montgomery	Fairfax	-0.361
Montgomery	Howard	-0.492
Montgomery	DC	-0.112
Prince George's	DC	-0.245
Prince George's	Prince George's	0.287
Prince George's	Arlington	-0.288
Prince George's	Anne Arundel	-0.3
Arlington	DC	-0.216
Arlington	Fairfax	0.433
Alexandria	DC	-0.205

⁷ Cambridge Systematics. Travel Model Validation and Reasonableness Checking Manual, Second Edition, prepared for Travel Model Improvement Program, Federal Highway Administration, Washington, D.C.

https://www.fhwa.dot.gov/planning/tmip/publications/other_reports/validation_and_reasonableness_2010/fhwahep10042.pdf. Chapter 6 (HTML) / page 6-10 (PDF).

From	To	COEFFICIENT
Fairfax	DC	-0.25
Fairfax	Montgomery	-0.774
Fairfax	Arlington	0.102
Fairfax	Fairfax	0.094
Loudoun	Montgomery	-1.078
Loudoun	Fairfax	0.154
Loudoun	Loudoun	0.389
Prince William	DC	-0.304
Prince William	Fairfax	-0.071
Prince William	Prince William	0.14
Frederick	Montgomery	0.319
Howard	DC	-0.342
Howard	Prince George's	0.283
Howard	Howard	0.128
Anne Arundel	DC	-0.526
Anne Arundel	Howard	-0.206
Anne Arundel	Anne Arundel	0.14
Charles	DC	-0.385
Charles	Charles	0.369
Calvert	Calvert	0.322
Fauquier	Fauquier	0.802
Carroll	Carroll	0.078
Jefferson	Jefferson	0.084
Clarke	Clarke	0.384
St Mary's	St Mary's	0.028
Stafford	Stafford	0.07

2.4 AUTO OWNERSHIP

The auto ownership model step assigns the number of motor vehicles owned by a household to each household in the model. This model was estimated by MWCOG staff and validated by RSG using Census ACS Data. The calibration constants are shown in Table 4. This model was initially calibrated to regional auto ownership, which is the “Regional” line in Table 4.

Additionally, a constant was added to increase the number of 0-auto households with one, two, or three plus workers. In many places, auto ownership and number of workers in a household are highly correlated, but both Census ACS data and local survey data showed that the correlation is weaker in the DC region. These constants are the “1/2/3 Worker HH” lines in Table

4. Finally, the constants for five jurisdictions – DC, City of Alexandria, Arlington County, Montgomery County, and Prince George’s County – were adjusted to increase 0-auto and 1-auto households to match Census data.

The observed and modeled regional auto ownership is shown in the chart included as Figure 7 and a comparison of 0-auto households by jurisdiction is included as Figure 8. For the modeled region, 8.9% of the households were 0-auto households according to the Census, and 10.6% were estimated by the Gen3 Model. The auto ownership for the regional core jurisdictions – particularly DC – were allowed to be a little higher than the calibration data due to the model underestimating Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) VMT during calibration.

The auto ownership model includes constants for autonomous vehicle (AV) modeling based on prior research.^{8 9} To ensure that these factors do not affect the calibration of the model, a constant of -999 was used in the AV ownership model to prohibit AVs from being owned in the base year.

TABLE 4: AUTO OWNERSHIP CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Constant Description	0 Autos	1 Auto	2 Autos	3 Autos	4+ Autos
Regional		1.25	-1.03	-3.45	-4.97
1 Worker HHs	0.64				
2 Worker HHs	0.91				
3 Worker HHs	2.27				
DC	4.77	2.03			
Alexandria	2.34	1.01			
Arlington	2.87	1.09			
Montgomery	1.45				
Prince George's	1.46				

⁸ Bradley, Mark. AVs and TNCs in Daysim. Presentation to SACOG. 1/17/2009.
https://www.sacog.org/sites/main/files/file-attachments/avs_and_tnc_in_daysim-sacsim-rsg_0.pdf?1548293104

⁹ Ou, Yanmei and Griesenbeck, Bruce. Estimating the Potential Impacts of AVs and TNCs using Activity-Based Travel Demand Model in MTP/SCS Scenario Development. Presentation at 2018 Innovations in Travel Modeling Conference, Atlanta, GA. 2018.
<https://onlinepubs.trb.org/onlinepubs/Conferences/2018/ITM/YOu.pdf>

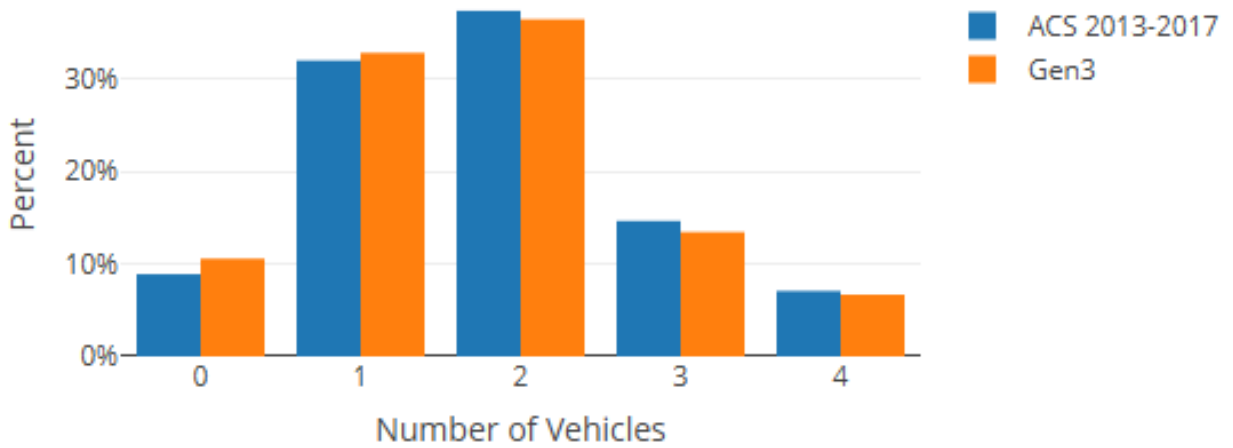


FIGURE 7: HOUSEHOLD AUTO OWNERSHIP SUMMARIZED AT THE REGIONAL LEVEL

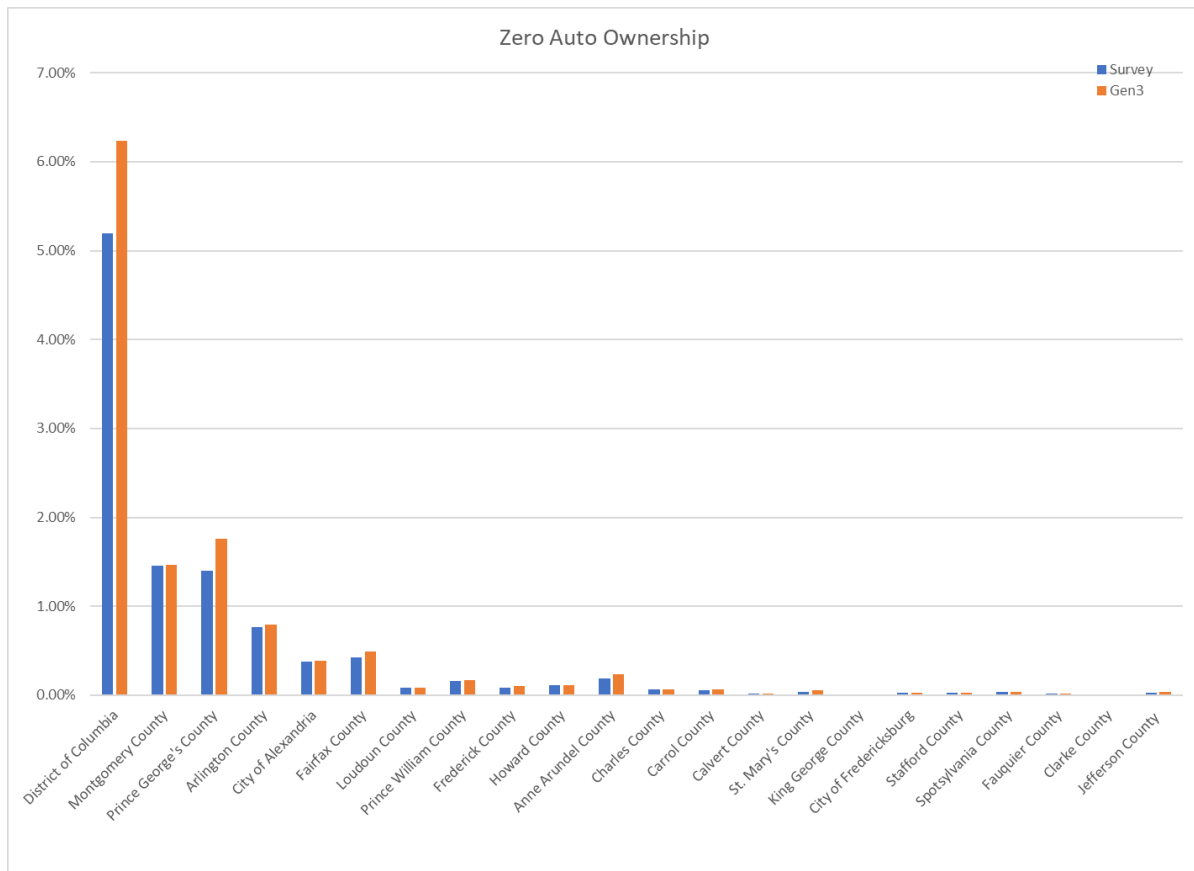


FIGURE 8: ZERO-AUTO HOUSEHOLDS BY JURISDICTION

2.5 TELECOMMUTE FREQUENCY

The telecommute frequency model step assigns a telecommute frequency value to a worker *with a regular out-of-home workplace*. This model was estimated as part of the Gen3 Phase 2 Model Development by RSG. The model's output includes simulated telecommute frequencies of no telecommute, 1 day per week, 2-3 days per week, or 4 days per week for individual workers.¹⁰ The constants for this model are listed in Table 5. The resulting region-level model results are shown in Figure 9, which shows that the Gen3 vs. Survey comparisons are reasonably close: slightly higher for telecommute 1 day per week (9.1 vs. 7.7%), slightly higher for telecommute 2-3 days per week (6.3 vs. 5.9%), slightly higher for telecommute 4 days per week (3.1 vs. 2.4%), and slightly lower for no telecommute (81.5 vs. 84%).

¹⁰ In the case that a person telecommutes more than five days per week, they are assumed to work from home.

TABLE 5: TELECOMMUTE FREQUENCY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	VALUE
1 Day/week Calibration Constant	-3.80
2-3 Days/week Calibration Constant	-4.58
4 Days/week Calibration Constant	-3.36

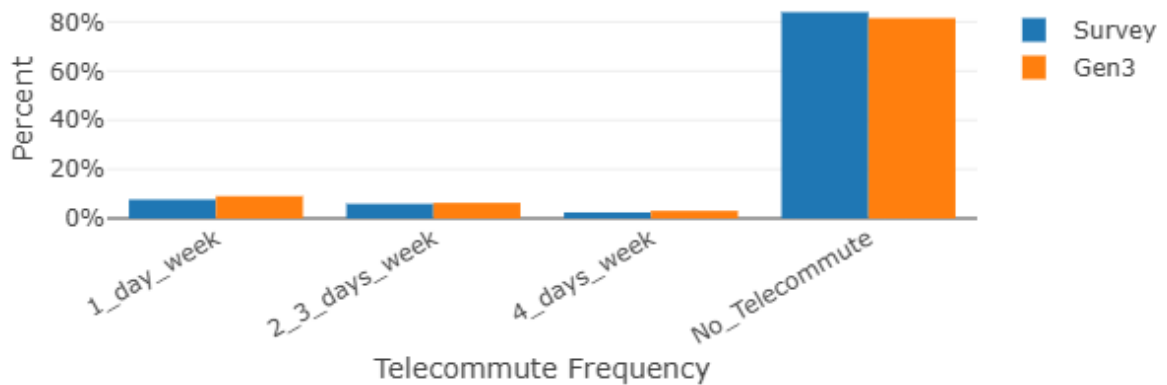


FIGURE 9: REGIONAL TELECOMMUTE FREQUENCY VALIDATION

2.6 COORDINATED DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN

The coordinated daily activity pattern (CDAP) model step assigns to each person a day pattern value that indicates if they will travel for mandatory purposes (work or school), non-mandatory purposes, or not travel (or be out of the area). This model was estimated by MWCOG. The final model was calibrated by RSG. The calibration constants are listed in Table 6. The first eight rows of this table are a regional calibration for each person type, and the last five rows are a sub-regional calibration for some person types. Note that the model forbids mandatory tours for non-working adults and retired persons, since, according to the current rules of ActivitySim, persons of these types do not work or go to school. The resulting calibrated model output is shown in Figure 10 (full-time workers), Figure 11 (part-time workers), Figure 12 (university students), Figure 13 (non-working adults), Figure 14 (retired persons), Figure 15 (driving-aged students), Figure 16 (school pre-driving aged students), and Figure 17 (preschool-aged students).

In the calibration process, RSG found that traffic counts and HPMS VMT estimates implied significantly more traffic than the household travel survey. To better match the traffic counts and

HPMS-based VMT data, the non-working adults and retired adults were calibrated to decrease at-home day patterns for area types 3-6. The decision to do this was largely driven by the effort to improve the highway validation performance of the model, which will be discussed in the next chapter.

During the 2025 calibration updates, the CDAP models for part-time workers, non-working adults, and retired people were updated.

TABLE 6: CDAP MODEL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Segment	Mandatory	Non-Mandatory	Home or Out of Area
Full-Time Worker	2.51	0.25	
Part-Time Worker	1.12	0.87	
University Student	1.93	0.30	
Non-Working Adult		-1.52	
Retired		-0.29	
Driving Age Child	3.11	0.63	
School Pre-Driving Age Child	2.76	0.06	
Preschool Child	3.02	-0.78	
Full-Time Worker, Area Type 3-6			-0.55
Part-Time Worker, Area Type 3-6			-0.55
University Student, Area Type 3-6			-0.55
Non-Working Adult, Area Type 3-6			-0.95
Retired, Area Type 3-6			-0.95

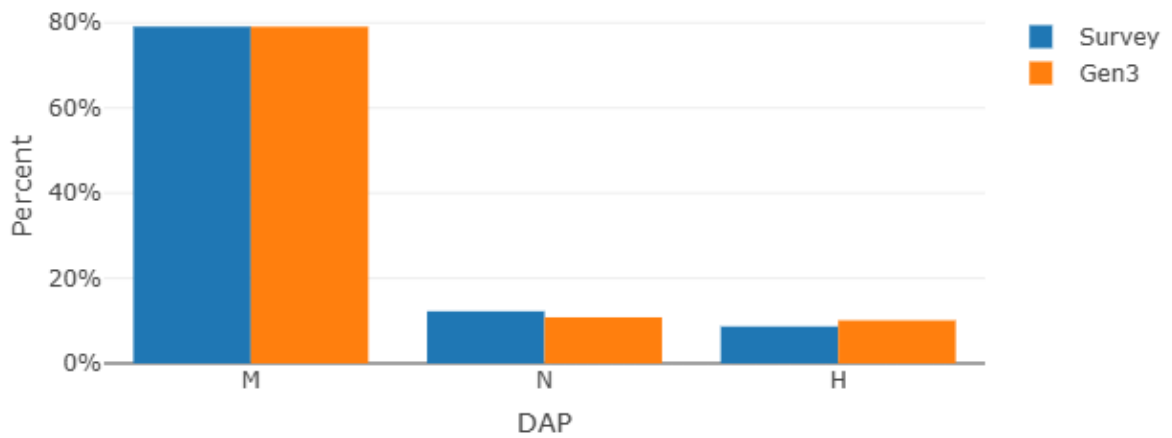


FIGURE 10: FULL-TIME WORKER DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

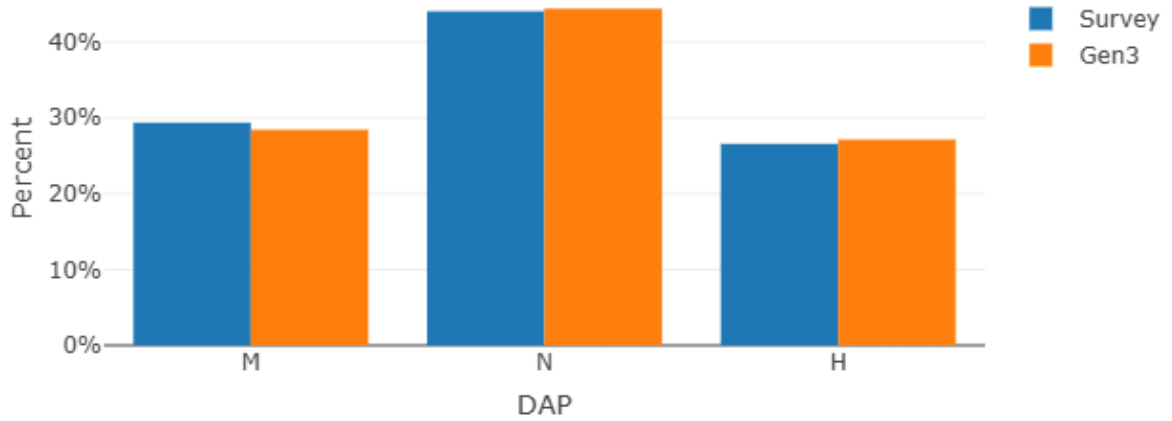


FIGURE 11: PART-TIME WORKER DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

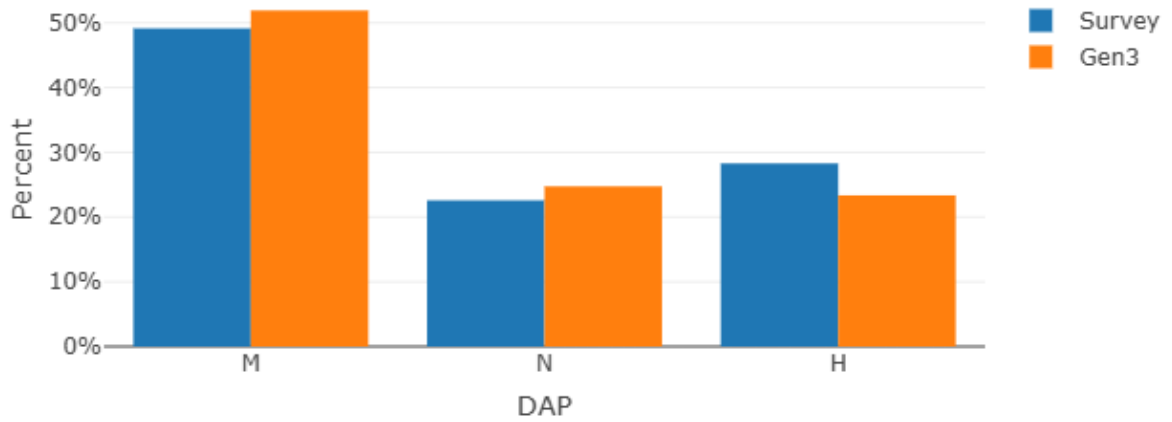


FIGURE 12: UNIVERSITY STUDENT DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

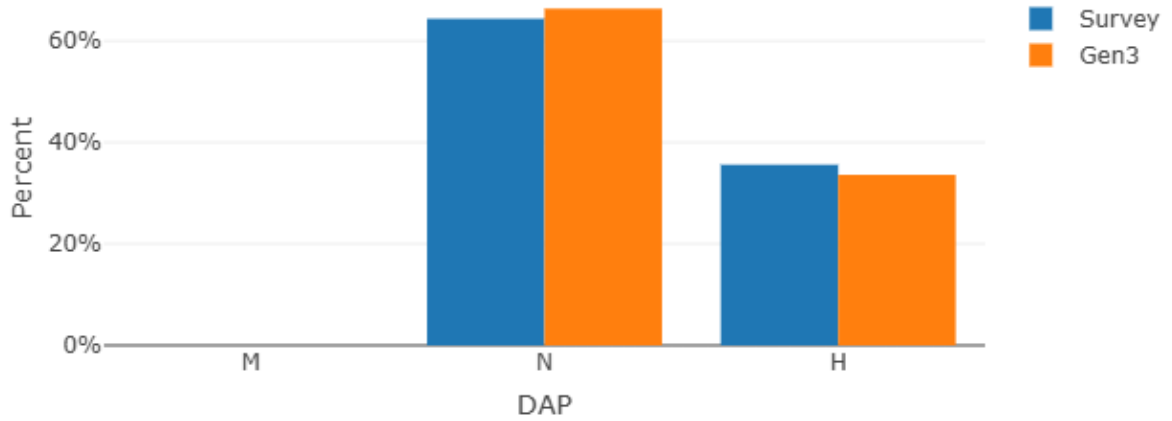


FIGURE 13: NONWORKER DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

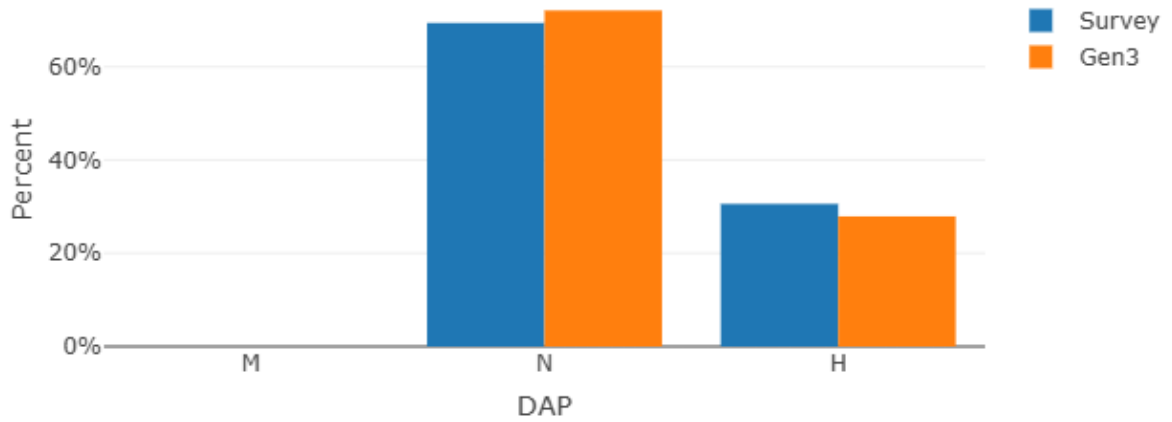


FIGURE 14: RETIRED PERSON DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

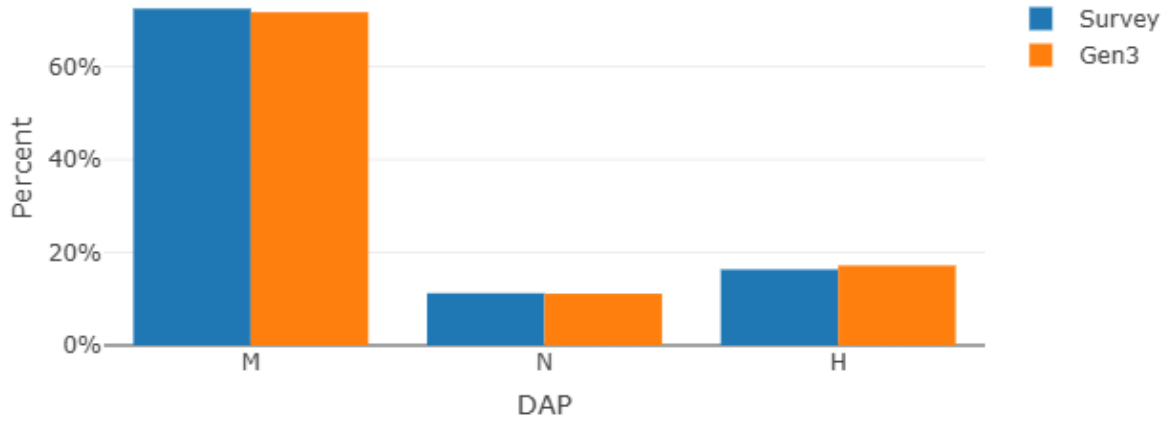


FIGURE 15: DRIVING-AGE STUDENT DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

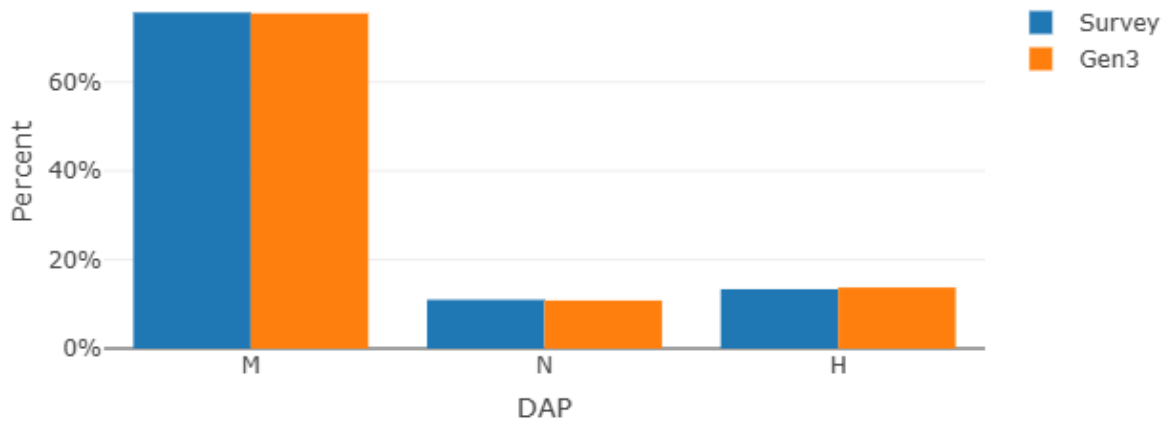


FIGURE 16: SCHOOL PRE-DRIVING AGE STUDENT DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

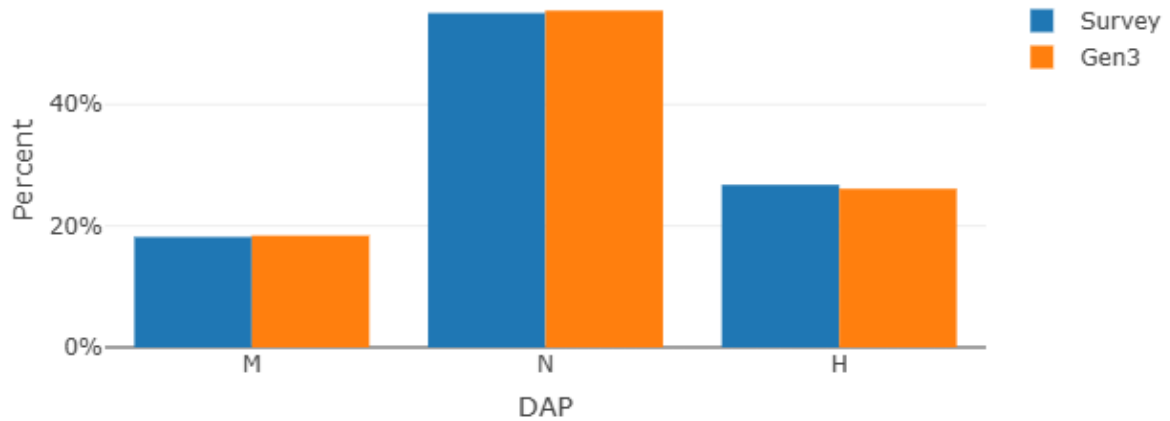


FIGURE 17: PRESCHOOL-AGE CHILD DAILY ACTIVITY PATTERN VALIDATION

2.7 MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY

The mandatory tour frequency model step assigns the number of mandatory tours for each person with a mandatory daily activity pattern. This model was estimated by MWCOG and calibrated by RSG. The calibrated constants are listed in Table 7. Note that non-working adults and retired persons are not included in this table since those person types are restricted, according to current rules in ActivitySim, from making mandatory tours. Additionally, full-time workers are not allowed to be students¹¹. The resulting calibrated model output is shown in Figure 18 (full-time workers), Figure 19 (part-time workers), Figure 20 (university students), Figure 21 (school driving-aged students), Figure 22 (school pre-driving aged students), and Figure 23 (preschool-aged students).

TABLE 7: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Person Type	1 Work	2 Work	1 School	2 School	Work & School
Full-Time Worker		-2.23			
Part-Time Worker		-2.20			
University Student	0.55	-1.79		-2.83	-1.03
Driving Age Child				-2.98	0.61
School Pre-Driving Age Child				-3.18	

¹¹ In a review of RTS data, it was found that very few full-time workers made trips as a student (email Andrew Rohne to Feng Xie 9/6/2022). Note that full-time workers are still able to make trips to a school to drop off a student, but these are coded in ActivitySim as escort tours and trips.

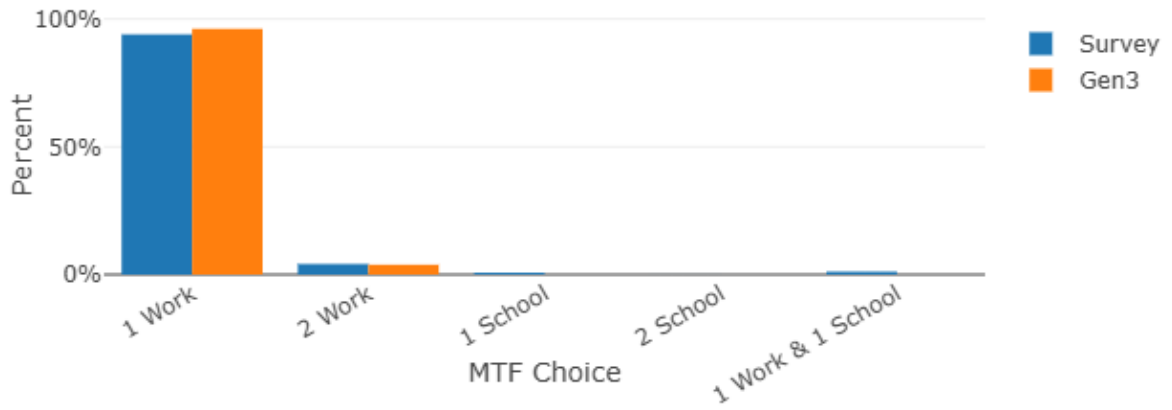


FIGURE 18: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION FOR FULL-TIME WORKERS

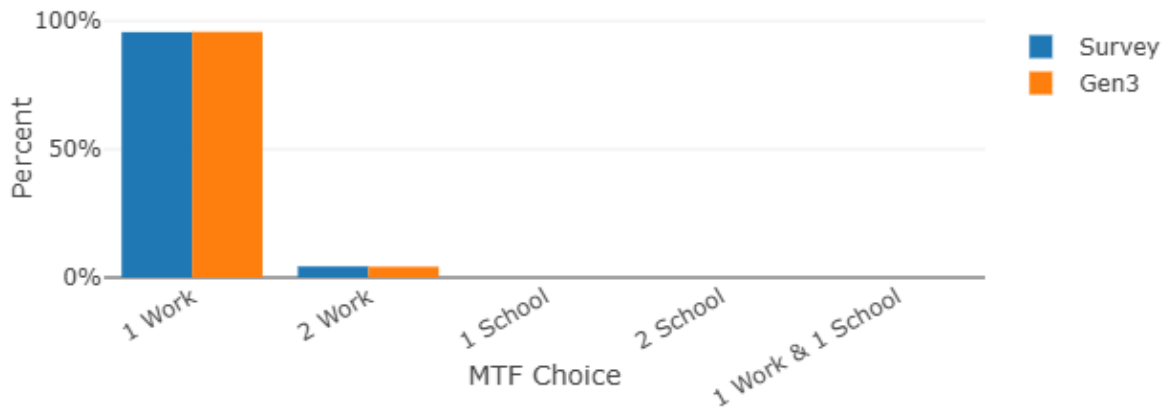


FIGURE 19: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION FOR PART-TIME WORKERS

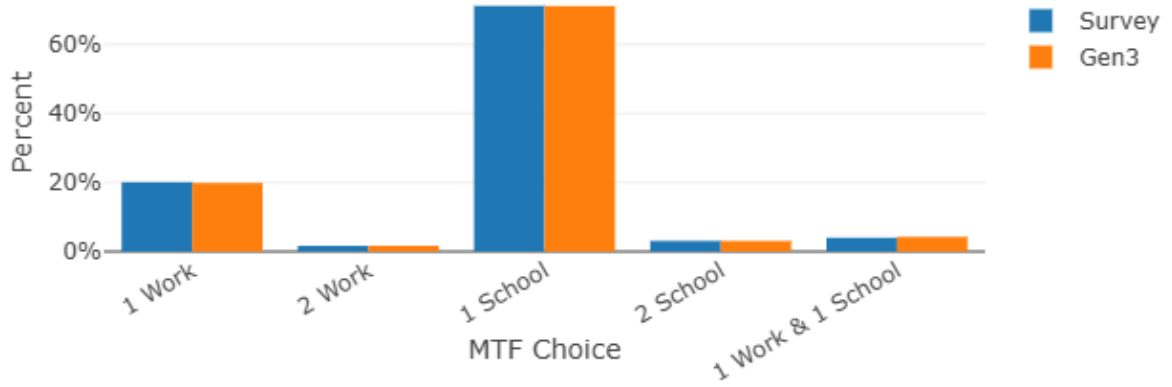


FIGURE 20: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION FOR UNIVERSITY STUDENTS

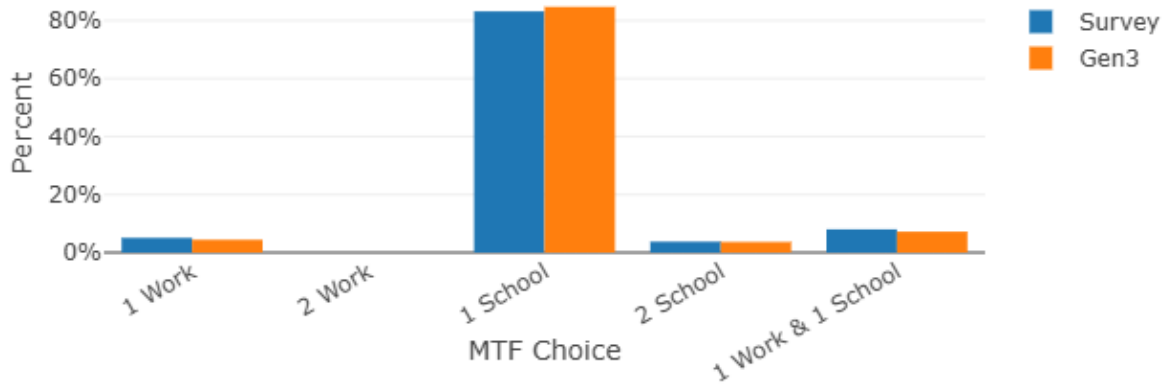


FIGURE 21: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION FOR DRIVING-AGE STUDENTS

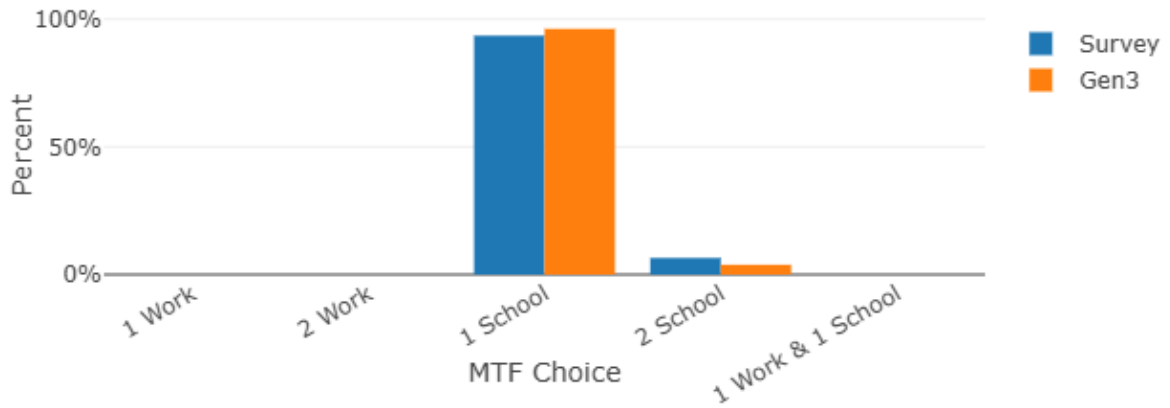


FIGURE 22: MANDATORY TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION FOR PRE-DRIVING-AGED STUDENTS

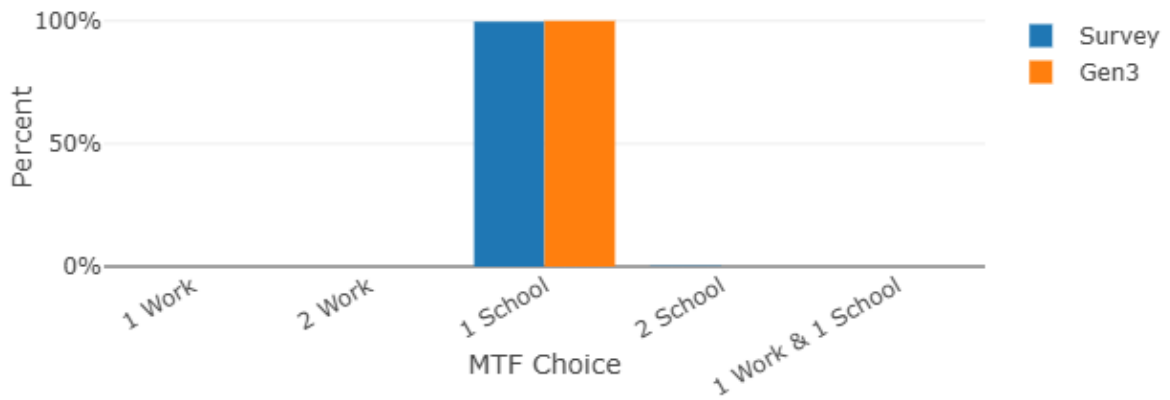


FIGURE 23: MANDATORY TOUR FORMATION FOR PRE-SCHOOL AGED STUDENTS

2.8 JOINT TOUR FREQUENCY

The joint tour frequency model step estimates the number of fully joint tours that will be made at the household level. Fully joint tours are tours where two or more household members are together for the entire tour. The alternatives include none, one discretionary, eating out, maintenance, shopping, or visiting tour, or two tours with a combination of those types. The calibration constants are listed in Table 8 for single tours and Table 9 for two tours (using the rows as one tour-type and the columns as the second tour-type; the tours are not ordered at this point in ActivitySim). The validated model output is shown in Figure 24.

TABLE 8: JOINT TOUR FREQUENCY SINGLE-TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Frequency and Type	Constant
1 Discretionary Tour	-4.84
1 Eat-out Tour	-5.29
1 Maintenance Tour	-5.13
1 Shopping Tour	-4.39
1 Visiting Tour	-5.44

TABLE 9: JOINT TOUR FREQUENCY TWO-TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Type	Discretionary	Eat-out	Maintenance	Visiting	Shopping
Discretionary	-12.51	-10.60	-10.68	-10.43	-10.71
Eat-out		-12.02	-10.51	-99.00	-11.98
Maintenance			-10.99	-12.05	-12.48
Visiting				-12.71	-12.71
Shopping					-11.42

TABLE 10: JOINT TOUR 4+ PERSON HOUSEHOLD ADJUSTMENTS

Tour Frequency and Type	Constant
0 Joint Tours	0.15
1 Joint Tour	-0.54
2 Joint Tours	-1.02

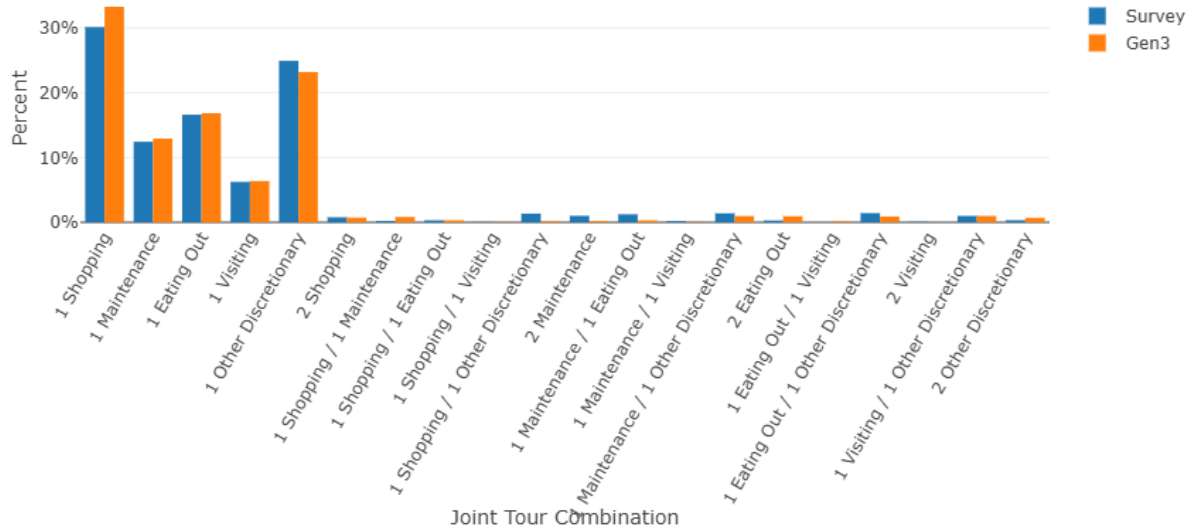


FIGURE 24: JOINT TOUR FREQUENCY VALIDATION

2.9 JOINT TOUR COMPOSITION

The joint tour composition model step assigns a tour composition to each joint tour. Composition refers to if the participants are adults-only, children-only, or mixed. The final calibration constants are listed in Table 11 and the calibrated model output is shown in Figure 25. The model summaries show some differences with the survey summaries, with the model overpredicting the “All Adult” tours by 7.8%. Future calibration efforts should lower this share to better match the survey target shares.

TABLE 11: JOINT TOUR COMPOSITION MODEL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Composition	Coefficient
Children Only	5.35
Mixed (adults and children)	5.63

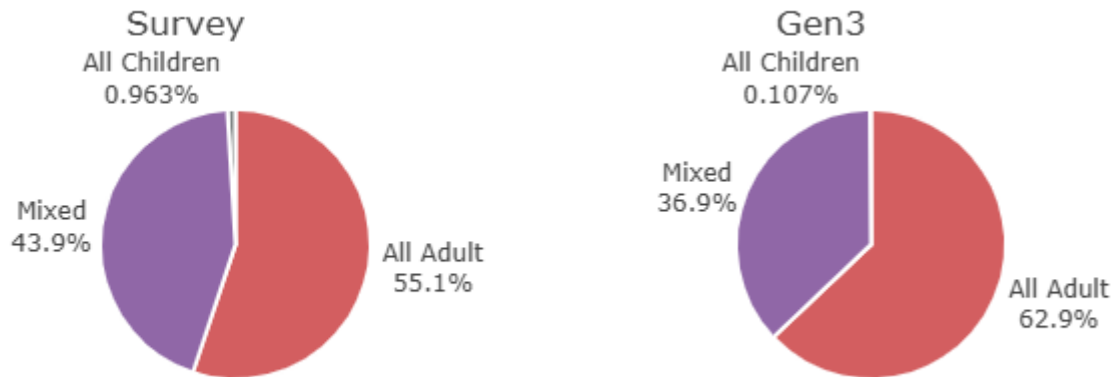


FIGURE 25: JOINT TOUR COMPOSITION VALIDATION

2.10 JOINT TOUR PARTICIPATION

The joint tour participation model is run for each person in a household and for each joint tour to assign if the person will or will not participate in the tour. The calibration constants for this model are listed in Table 12, and the resulting model calibration output is shown in Figure 26.

In the 2025 calibration update, a constant was added to this model to improve joint tours with greater than 2 people, with the broader goal of improving the joint tour mode choice model. The additional constant is **-1.04** and is applied only if the participation alternative has more than two people in the travel party.

TABLE 12: JOINT TOUR PARTICIPATION CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Constant	Participate	Not Participate
Full-Time Worker, mixed party	-3.57	0.50
Part-Time Worker, adults-only party	-3.57	0.50
Part-Time Worker, mixed party	-0.37	
University Student, mixed party	-3.04	
Non-Worker, adults-only party	-3.16	
Non-Worker, mixed party	0.72	
Child too Young for School, children-only party	-2.79	
Child too Young for School, mixed party	-1.89	
Pre-driving age Student, children-only party	-0.72	
Pre-driving age Student, mixed party	-1.75	
Driving-age Student, children-only party	-1.82	
Driving-age Student, mixed party	-1.35	
Full-Time Worker, specific to eating out joint tours	0.72	0.50
Full-Time Worker, specific to discretionary joint tours	0.44	0.50
Part-Time Worker, specific to eating out joint tours	2.19	
Part-Time Worker, specific to discretionary joint tours	0.29	
University Student, specific to eating out joint tours	-0.82	
University Student, specific to discretionary joint tours	0.00	
Non-worker, specific to eating out joint tours	0.16	
Non-worker, specific to discretionary joint tours	-0.18	
Child too Young for School, specific to eating out joint tours	0.66	
Child too Young for School, specific to discretionary joint tours	0.13	
Pre-driving Age Student, specific to eating out joint tours	1.39	
Pre-driving age Student, specific to discretionary joint tours	0.66	
Driving-age Student, specific to eating out joint tours	2.34	
Driving-age Student, specific to discretionary joint tours	-0.67	

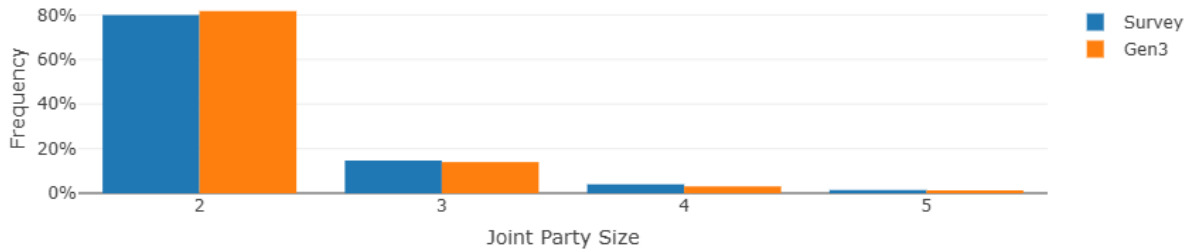


FIGURE 26: JOINT TOUR PARTY SIZE VALIDATION

2.11 JOINT TOUR DESTINATION

The joint tour destination model assigns the primary destination TAZ to each joint tour. The constants for this model are included in the non-mandatory tour destination model. The model output for joint discretionary tours is shown in Figure 27 and the model output for joint maintenance tours is shown in Figure 28. The average tour lengths and coincidence ratios are listed in Table 13.

TABLE 13: JOINT TOUR DESTINATION SUMMARY

TOUR PURPOSE	OBSERVED AVERAGE TOUR LENGTH	GEN3 MODEL AVERAGE TOUR LENGTH	COINCIDENCE RATIO
Joint Maintenance	6.81	6.10	0.78
Joint Discretionary	7.02	6.95	0.75

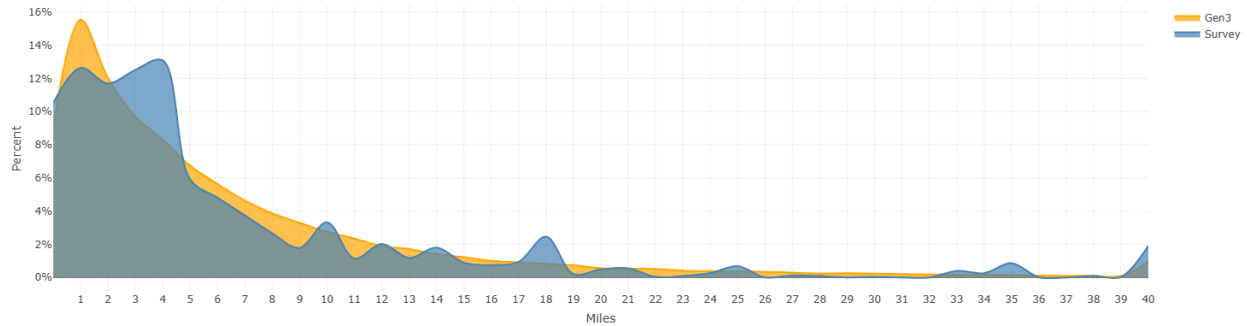


FIGURE 27: JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOUR DESTINATION DISTANCE DISTRIBUTION

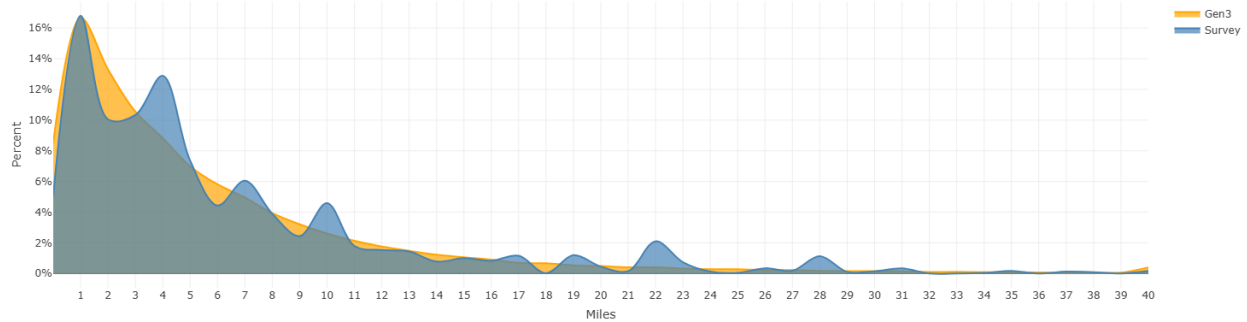


FIGURE 28: JOINT MAINTENANCE TOUR DESTINATION DISTANCE DISTRIBUTION

2.12 NON-MANDATORY TOUR DESTINATION

The non-mandatory tour destination choice model step assigns a primary destination TAZ to each non-mandatory tour. This model was calibrated using both survey data and traffic counts to match the traffic counts on the Potomac River bridges and HPMS VMT estimates. The calibration of this model primarily used calibration constants, but it also used a multiplier against the distance for tours that go in and out of DC. Determining the value of these multipliers utilized survey data. The calibration constants and coefficients are listed in Table 15. The output of the joint discretionary and maintenance tours is shown in Figure 27 and Figure 28 respectively in the previous section. The output of the individual discretionary and maintenance tour destination choice models is shown in Figure 29 and Figure 30, respectively.

Jurisdiction-to-jurisdiction flow comparisons for non-mandatory tours are included in the appendix as Table 67 (observed ACS), Table 68, Table 64 (Gen3 Model), Table 69 (difference), and Table 70 (estimated/observed).

TABLE 14: NON-MANDATORY TOUR SUMMARY STATISTICS

TOUR PURPOSE	OBSERVED AVERAGE TOUR LENGTH	GEN3 MODEL AVERAGE TOUR LENGTH	COINCIDENCE RATIO
Individual Maintenance	5.64	5.83	0.88
Individual Discretionary	6.44	7.20	0.88
Escort	4.20	5.16	0.81

TABLE 15: NON-MANDATORY TOUR DESTINATION CALIBRATION CONSTANTS AND COEFFICIENTS

CONSTANT OR COEFFICIENT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT OR COEFFICIENT VALUE
Carrol County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.14
Jefferson County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.13
Clarke County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.48
Loudon County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.10
Howard County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.14
Anne Arundel County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.16
Calvert County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.29
St. Mary's County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.63
Fauquier County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	0.32
Stafford County Intra-county Discretionary Tour Constant	-0.28
Maintenance Tours - out of DC to DC Constant	-3.42
Discretionary Tours - out of DC to DC Constant	-1.68
Montgomery to Fairfax County Constant	-3.00
Fairfax to Montgomery County Constant	-3.00
Montgomery to Prince Georges County Constant	-1.11
Prince Georges County to Montgomery Constant	-0.59
Outside of DC Distance Multiplier for Maintenance Tours	0.02
Outside of DC Distance Multiplier for Discretionary Tours	0.02
DC Distance Multiplier	-0.12

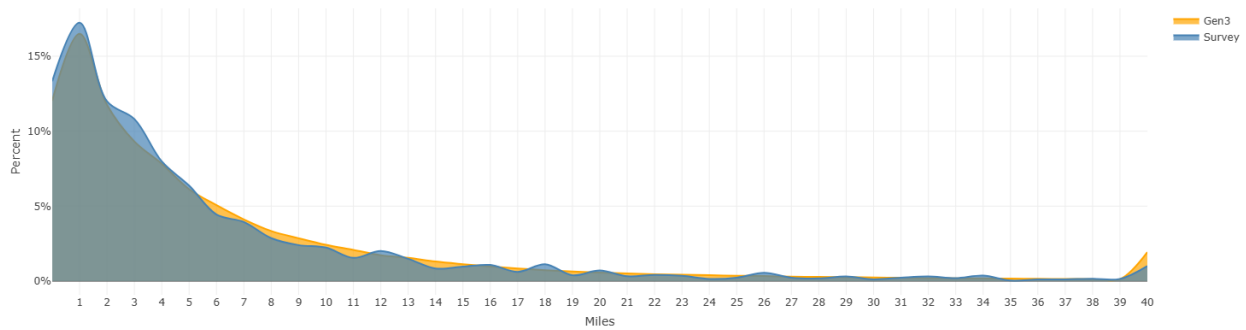


FIGURE 29: INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOUR DESTINATION DISTANCE DISTRIBUTION

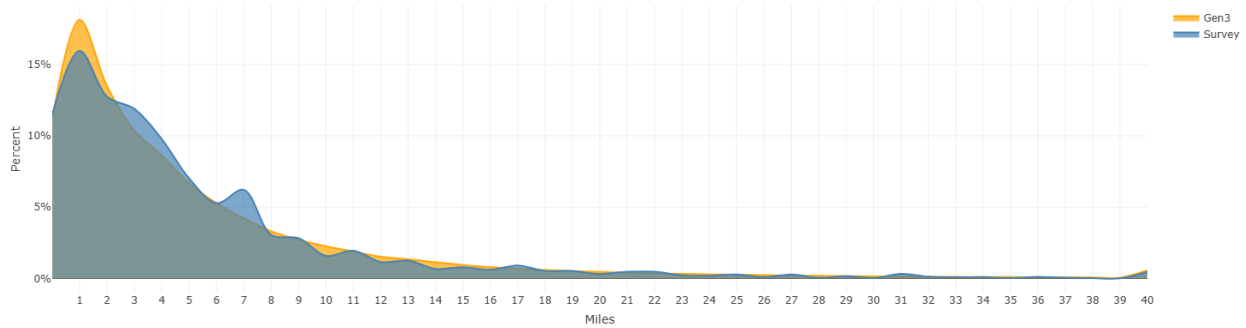


FIGURE 30: INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOUR DESTINATION DISTANCE DISTRIBUTION

2.13 TOUR SCHEDULING

The tour scheduling model step determines the departure and duration of tours by time period in the model. Time periods in the model are half-hour increments beginning at 3:00 AM as period 1. There are 48 periods in the travel day, and ActivitySim will not schedule travel beyond the current travel day. The tour scheduling model is a multinomial choice model that includes the alternatives of each departure period and available duration periods as alternatives. For example, a departure during the first period of the model has 48 alternatives, a duration of 0-47 periods (ending in periods 1-48). A departure during the 46th period includes three alternatives, a duration of 0, 1, or 2 periods. This is because the travel day must end by the final period of the day, so the alternatives end during periods 46, 47, or 48.

The calibration of these models started with an update of the model specification for all non-mandatory tour scheduling models. Like many models, these models are calibrated via alternative-specific constants. In these models, alternatives are calibrated along three

dimensions – departure period, arrival period, and duration. Because there are so many alternatives for each dimension (there are 48 half-hour periods in a day), the constants are determined via a function. An example of this is shown below, where the constants for before 8:30 AM are determined via a function using the start time as a linear parameter and the square root of the start time as another parameter and finally using a constant for all times before 9:00 AM.

```
util_shopping_departure_constant_shift_for_every_30_minutes_before_8_30_am_linear,SHOPPING -
Departure Constant: Shift for every 30 minutes before 08:30 am -
Linear,"@np.where(((df.start<12)), ((12-df.start)*(df.start<=12) + (df.start-
12)*(df.start>12)),
0)",coef_shopping_departure_constant_shift_for_every_30_minutes_before_8_30_am_linear

util_shopping_departure_constant_shift_for_every_30_minutes_before_8_30_am_square_root,SHOPPIN
G - Departure Constant: Shift for every 30 minutes before 08:30 am - Square
root,"@np.where(((df.start<12)), ((12-df.start)*(df.start<=12) + (df.start-
12)*(df.start>12))**0.5,
0)",coef_shopping_departure_constant_shift_for_every_30_minutes_before_8_30_am_square_root

util_shopping_departure_constant_before_9_am,SHOPPING - Departure Constant: Before 09:00
AM,@((df.start<13)),coef_shopping_departure_constant_before_9_am
```

All non-mandatory models were updated to use a linear curve ($y = mx + b$) for early morning and late evening departure and arrival alternatives, and for very long duration alternatives. The remaining alternatives (for departure, arrival, and duration dimensions) use alternative-specific constants.

Work Tour Scheduling Model Calibration

The work tour time of day calibration constants are listed in Table 16. The resulting model calibration by day period is shown in Figure 31.

TABLE 16: WORK TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure Linear: shift for every 30 minutes before 6:00 AM	-0.72
Departure Constant: departure before 6:00 AM	-0.19
Departure 6:00 AM - 6:30 AM	-0.54
Departure 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	-0.08

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	0.00
Departure 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	-0.12
Departure 8:00 AM - 8:30 AM	-0.45
Departure 8:30 AM - 9:00 AM	-0.98
Constant: departure after 9:00 AM	-1.56
Departure Sublinear: shift by square root of every 30 minutes after 9:00 AM	-0.58
Arrival Linear: shift for every 30 minutes before 3:00 PM	-0.20
Arrival Constant: arrival before 3:00 PM	-0.86
Arrival 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM	-0.64
Arrival 4:00 PM - 4:30 PM	-0.30
Arrival 4:30 PM - 5:00 PM	-0.19
Arrival 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	0.00
Arrival 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	0.25
Arrival 6:00 PM - 6:30 PM	0.24
Arrival 6:30 PM - 7:00 PM	0.16
Arrival 7:00 PM - 7:30 PM	0.00
Arrival 7:30 PM - 8:00 PM	-0.18
Arrival Constant: arrival after 8:00 PM	0.00
Arrival Sublinear: shift by square root of every 30 minutes after 8:30 PM	0.00
Duration Quadratic: shift for square of every 30 minutes less than 8.5 hours	-0.04
Duration Linear: shift for every 30 minutes less than 8.5 hours	0.43
Duration Constant: duration less than 8.5 hours	-1.03
Duration 8.5 hours	-0.66
Duration 9 hours	-0.32
Duration 9.5 hours	-0.15
Duration 10 hours	-0.09
Duration 10.5 hours	-0.14
Duration 11 hours	-0.34
Duration 11.5 hours	-0.64
Duration 12 hours	-0.93
Duration Constant: duration longer than 12 hours	-1.10
Duration Linear: shift for every 30 minutes longer than 12 hours	-0.49
Duration constant for 0 hours (same departure and arrival period)	-1.21

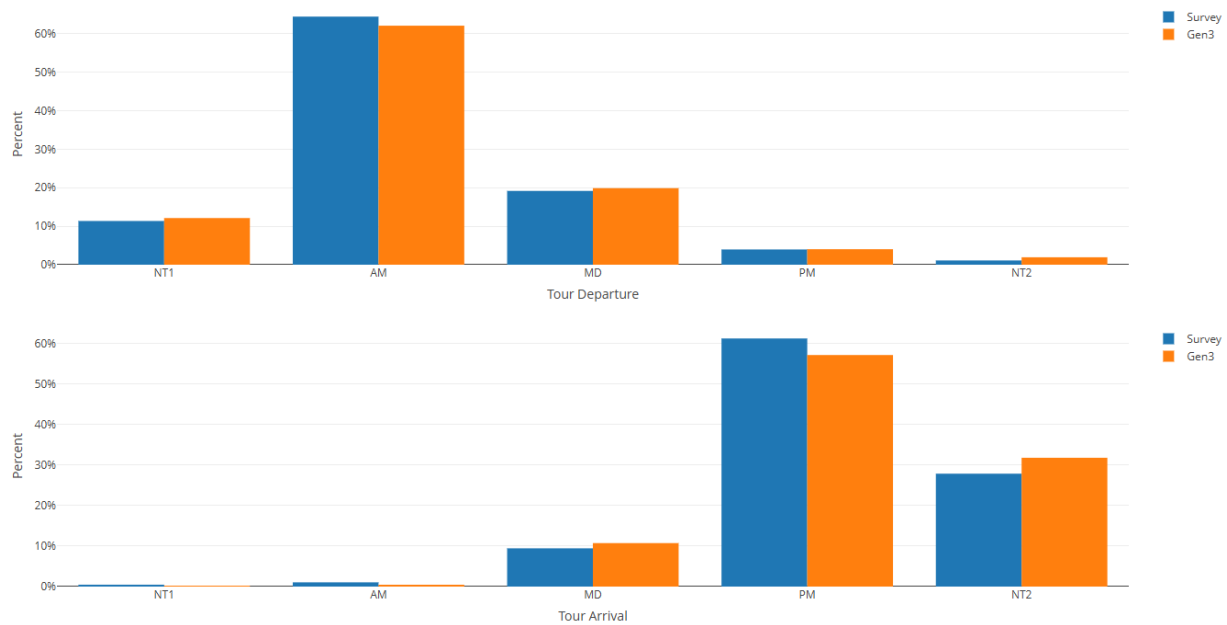


FIGURE 31: WORK TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

University Tour Scheduling Model Calibration

University tour time of day calibration constants are listed in Table 17. The university tour time of day calibration is shown in Figure 32.

TABLE 17: UNIVERSITY TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure before 5:00 AM (constant)	-4.75
Departure 5:00 AM - 5:30 AM	-0.67
Departure 5:30 AM - 6:00 AM	0.55
Departure 6:00 AM - 6:30 AM	-0.22
Departure 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	1.51
Departure 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	2.18
Departure 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	2.71
Departure 8:00 AM - 8:30 AM	3.25
Departure 8:30 AM - 9:00 AM	2.87
Departure 9:00 AM - 9:30 AM	2.92
Departure 9:30 AM - 10:00 AM	2.54
Departure 10:00 AM - 11:00 AM	2.43

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure 11:00 AM - 12:00 PM	2.55
Departure 12:00 PM - 1:00 PM	2.47
Departure 1:00 PM - 2:00 PM	2.56
Departure 2:00 PM - 3:00 PM	2.49
Departure 3:00 PM - 4:00 PM	2.24
Departure 4:00 PM - 5:00 PM	3.72
Departure 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	4.54
Departure 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	4.74
Departure 6:00 PM - 6:30 PM	5.78
Departure 6:30 PM - 7:00 PM	5.57
Departure 7:00 PM - 10:30 PM	2.72
Departure after 10:30 PM	-2.12
Arrival linear every 30 minutes before 6:30 AM	-0.01
Arrival before 6:30 AM	-0.15
Arrival 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	3.57
Arrival 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	1.65
Arrival 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	3.68
Arrival 8:00 AM - 8:30 AM	-1.38
Arrival 8:30 AM - 9:00 AM	1.13
Arrival 9:00 AM - 9:30 AM	0.71
Arrival 9:30 AM - 10:00 AM	1.17
Arrival 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	-0.90
Arrival 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM	-1.42
Arrival 11:00 AM - 11:30 AM	0.11
Arrival 11:30 AM - 12:00 PM	1.09
Arrival 12:00 PM - 12:30 PM	0.33
Arrival 12:30 PM - 1:00 PM	0.26
Arrival 1:00 PM - 1:30 PM	0.12
Arrival 1:30 PM - 2:00 PM	0.37
Arrival 2:00 PM - 2:30 PM	0.14
Arrival 2:30 PM - 3:00 PM	0.25
Arrival 3:00 PM - 3:30 PM	0.46
Arrival 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM	0.22
Arrival 4:00 PM - 4:30 PM	0.52
Arrival 4:30 PM - 5:00 PM	0.62
Arrival 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	0.08
Arrival 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	0.04
Arrival 6:00 PM - 6:30 PM	-0.01

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Arrival 6:30 PM - 7:00 PM	-1.24
Arrival 7:00 PM - 7:30 PM	-0.99
Arrival 7:30 PM - 8:00 PM	-1.07
Arrival 8:00 PM - 8:30 PM	-0.89
Arrival 8:30 PM - 9:00 PM	-0.57
Arrival 9:00 PM - 9:30 PM	-0.95
Arrival 9:30 PM - 10:00 PM	-1.93
Arrival after 10:00 PM	-2.06
Arrival linear every 30 minutes after 10:00 PM	-0.58
Arrival sublinear: square root of every 30 minutes past 10:00 PM	-1.35
Duration less than a half hour	-7.52
Duration of 0.5 hour	-5.62
Duration of 1 hour	-1.98
Duration of 1.5 hours	-0.69
Duration of 2 hours	-0.79
Duration of 2.5 hours	-0.23
Duration of 3 hours	0.27
Duration of 3.5 hours	0.15
Duration of 4 hours	-0.26
Duration of 4.5 hours	-0.15
Duration of 5 hours	0.52
Duration of 5.5 hours	0.19
Duration of 6 hours	0.01
Duration of 6.5 hours	0.10
Duration of 7 hours	0.07
Duration of 7.5 hours	0.07
Duration of 8 hours	0.49
Duration of 8.5 hours	-0.18
Duration of 9 hours	0.34
Duration greater than 9 hours	0.31
Duration linear every 30 minutes past 9.5 hours	-0.07

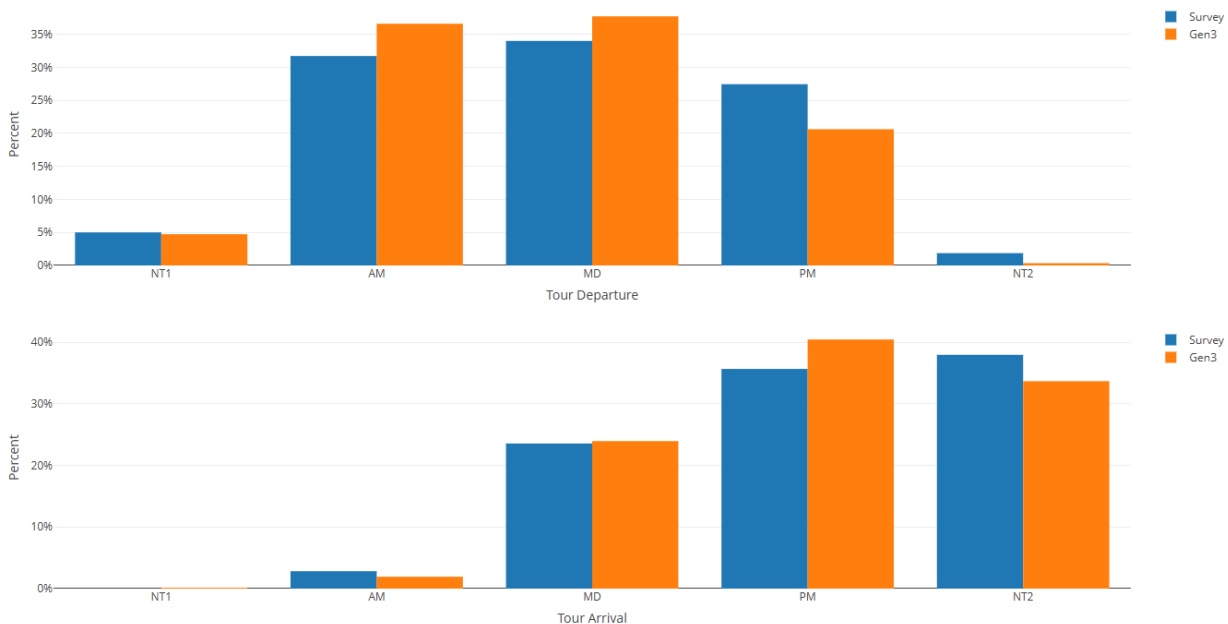


FIGURE 32: UNIVERSITY TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

School Tour Scheduling Model Calibration

School tours time of day factors were not adjusted. These matched well from the donor model. The calibration constants are listed in Table 18. The calibration of the model is shown in Figure 33

TABLE 18: SCHOOL TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure constant: Before 6:00 AM	-8.76
Departure 6:00 AM - 6:30 AM	-2.71
Departure 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	-0.65
Departure 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	0.00

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
Departure 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	-0.48
Departure constant: After 8:00 AM	1.03
Departure linear: shift for every 30 minutes after 8:30 AM	0.00
Departure sublinear: shift by square root of every 30 minutes after 8:30 AM	-0.50
Arrival constant: before 2:30 PM	0.00
Arrival 2:30 PM - 3:00 PM	0.00
Arrival 3:00 PM - 3:30 PM	0.23
Arrival 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM	0.00
Arrival 4:00 PM - 4:30 PM	0.00
Arrival 4:30 PM - 5:00 PM	-1.02
Arrival 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	-1.44
Arrival 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	-1.85
Arrival constant: after 6:00 PM	-2.33
Arrival linear: shift for every 30 minutes after 6:30 PM	-0.69
Duration linear: shift for every 30 minutes under 6.5 hours	-0.20
Duration constant: less than 7 hours	-3.03
Duration 7 hours	-1.87
Duration 7.5 hours	-0.38
Duration 8 hours	0.00
Duration 8.5 hours	-0.27
Duration 9 hours	-0.82
Duration constant: longer than 9 hours	-0.54
Duration linear: shift for every 30 minutes longer than 9.5 hours	0.22

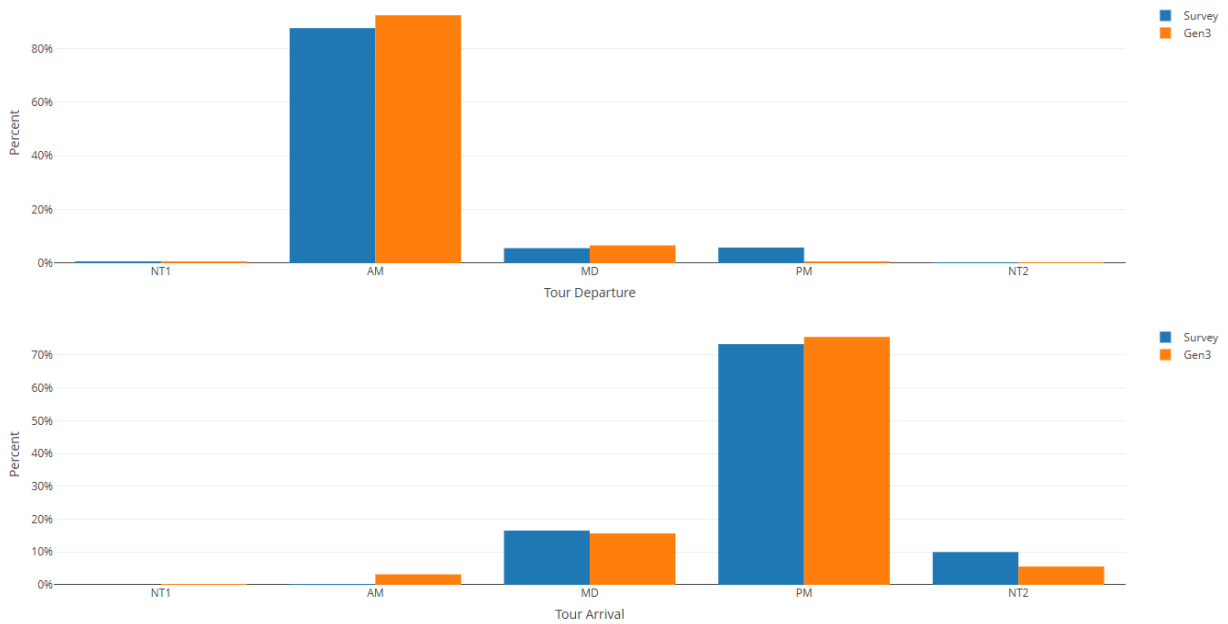


FIGURE 33: SCHOOL TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

Joint Tour Scheduling Model Calibration

The calibration of the model is shown in Figure 34 which shows a close match with the survey results.

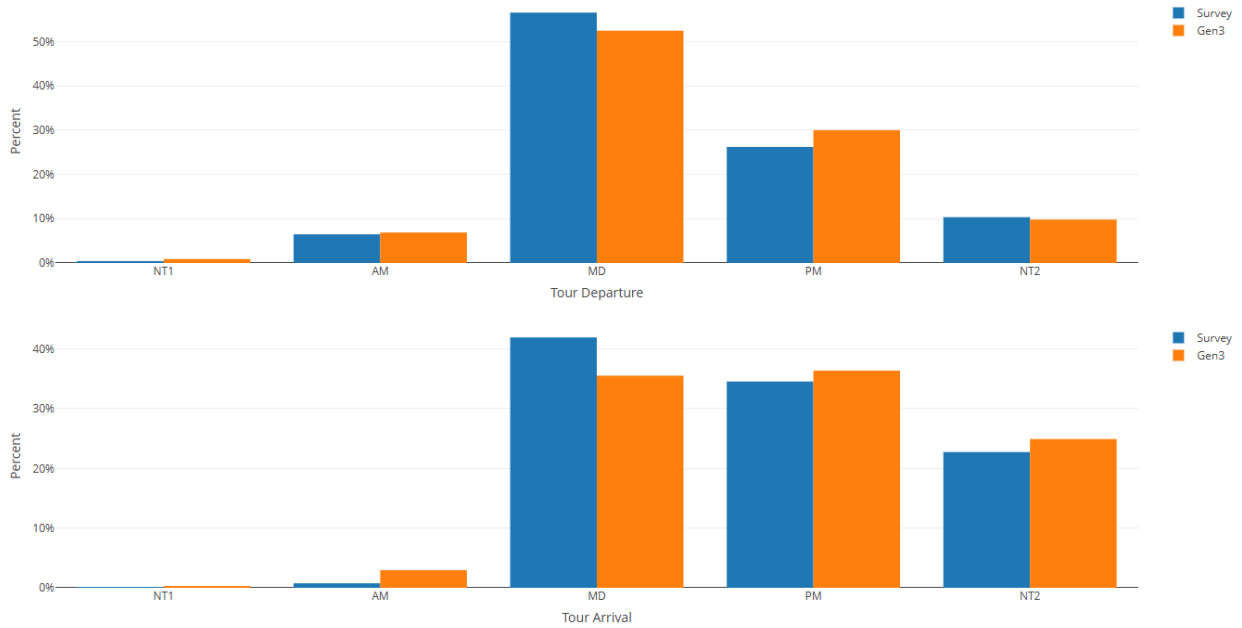


FIGURE 34: JOINT MAINTENANCE TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

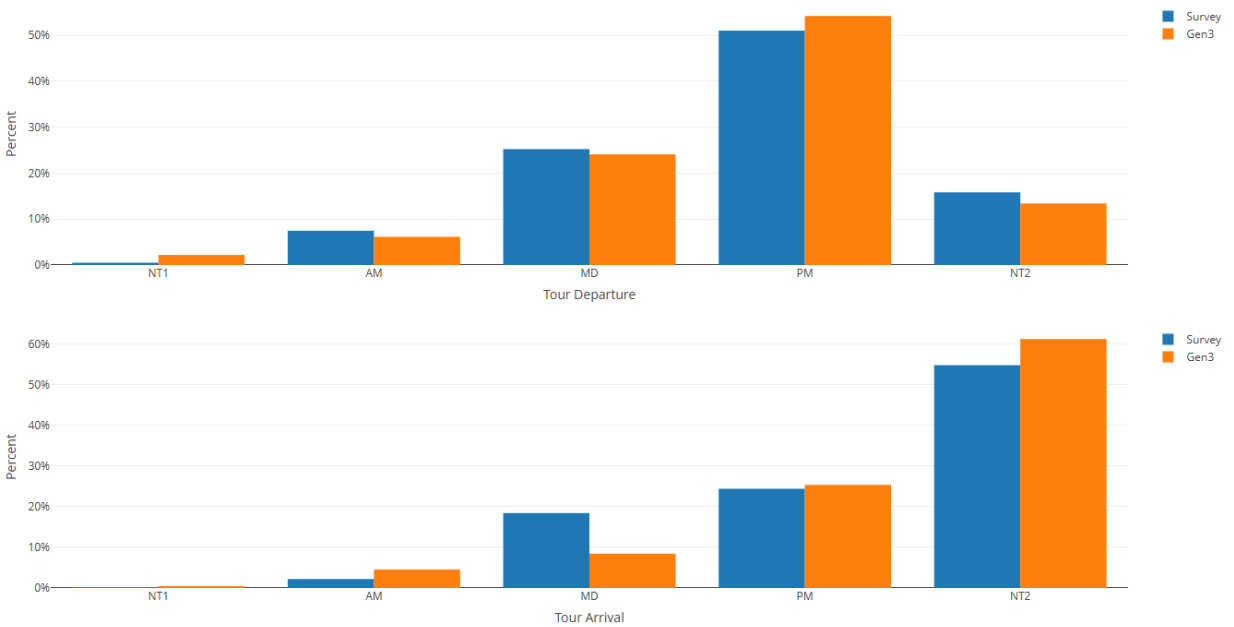


FIGURE 35: JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

Individual Non-mandatory Tour Scheduling Model Calibration

Individual non-mandatory tour scheduling model specifications were largely unified prior to attempting to calibrate the five purposes shown. The configuration of these models includes five purpose groups:

- Escort tours
- Individual and Joint Maintenance Tours
 - Shopping
 - Other Maintenance
- Individual and Joint Discretionary Tours
 - Eating out
 - Social-Recreational
 - Other Discretionary

TABLE 19: INDIVIDUAL NON-MANDATORY TOUR DEPARTURE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	ESCORT	SHOPPING	OTHER MAINT	EAT-OUT	SOCIAL-REC	OTHER DISC
Departure linear every half hour before 7:30 AM	0.50	0.51	0.93	0.82	1.95	1.85
Departure before 7:30 AM	0.00	-0.55	0.22	0.15	-0.32	-0.15
Departure 5:00 AM - 5:30 AM	-2.31					
Departure 5:30 AM - 6:00 AM	-2.97	-1.77	-2.53	-0.04	-0.18	1.66
Departure 6:00 AM - 6:30 AM	-4.15	-0.24	-1.24	-0.43	-1.48	0.41
Departure 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	-3.38	0.05	-1.12	-0.68	-2.56	-0.81
Departure 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	-0.88	0.31	-1.17	-0.56	-1.78	-1.71
Departure 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	1.75	0.07	-0.88	-0.62	-4.94	-3.06
Departure 8:00 AM - 8:30 AM	4.78	0.49	-0.27	-0.15	-4.37	-2.63
Departure 8:30 AM - 9:00 AM	7.45	0.77	0.18	0.31	-3.75	-2.22
Departure 9:00 AM - 9:30 AM	6.40	0.70	0.28	0.10	-3.80	-2.48
Departure 9:30 AM - 10:00 AM	4.35	0.80	0.56	0.37	-3.34	-2.19
Departure 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	3.52	1.28	1.21	0.86	-2.71	-1.71
Departure 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM	2.45	1.27	1.34	0.71	-2.68	-1.89
Departure 11:00 AM - 11:30 AM	3.26	1.64	1.85	1.13	-2.10	-1.48
Departure 11:30 AM - 12:00 PM	2.42	1.61	1.91	1.30	-1.74	-1.31
Departure 12:00 PM - 12:30 PM	1.14	1.94	2.38	1.57	-1.32	-1.06
Departure 12:30 PM - 1:00 PM	0.38	1.93	2.48	1.64	-1.06	-0.93
Departure 1:00 PM - 1:30 PM	-1.49	2.31	2.95	1.89	-0.69	-0.72
Departure 1:30 PM - 2:00 PM	-1.18	2.23	2.97	1.93	-0.51	-0.69
Departure 2:00 PM - 2:30 PM	-0.17	2.62	3.49	2.42	0.11	-0.26
Departure 2:30 PM - 3:00 PM	0.41	2.94	3.98	2.54	0.36	-0.09
Departure 3:00 PM - 3:30 PM	2.10	2.59	3.83	2.60	0.57	-0.07
Departure 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM	4.01	2.72	4.08	3.05	1.08	0.30
Departure 4:00 PM - 4:30 PM	5.08	3.00	4.49	3.78	1.84	0.84
Departure 4:30 PM - 5:00 PM	5.09	3.04	4.67	4.42	2.52	1.30
Departure 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	5.90	2.99	4.68	5.35	3.41	1.97
Departure 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	6.77	3.12	4.95	5.84	3.86	2.22

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	ESCORT	SHOPPING	OTHER MAINT	EAT-OUT	SOCIAL-REC	OTHER DISC
Departure 6:00 PM - 6:30 PM	6.38	3.70	5.75	6.62	4.63	2.71
Departure 6:30 PM - 7:00 PM	5.92	3.44	5.71	6.91	5.25	2.99
Departure 7:00 PM - 7:30 PM	4.71	2.89	5.45	6.93	5.64	2.94
Departure 7:30 PM - 8:00 PM	4.78	3.28	6.21	6.41	5.65	2.55
Departure 8:00 PM - 8:30 PM	5.02	3.43	6.77	7.11	6.92	3.29
Departure 8:30 PM - 9:00 PM	5.02	3.44	7.03	6.19	6.60	2.88
Departure 9:00 PM - 9:30 PM	4.98	4.29	7.41	8.47	6.90	3.42
Departure 9:30 PM - 10:00 PM	5.50	4.36	9.46	7.93	6.56	3.26
Departure 10:00 PM - 10:30 PM	5.55	3.12	6.82	8.56	8.52	4.23
Departure 10:30 PM - 11:00 PM	4.51	-0.45	0.24	9.31	11.35	5.62
Departure 11:00 PM - 11:30 PM	3.93	3.65	9.43	8.92	11.94	5.28
Departure after 9:00 PM	-1.20	-0.53	-0.38	-2.00	0.66	0.07
Departure linear every half hour after 9:00 PM	-0.18	-0.18	-0.47	-0.46	-0.43	-0.27

TABLE 20: INDIVIDUAL NON-MANDATORY TOUR ARRIVAL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	ESCORT	SHOPPING	OTHER MAINT	EAT-OUT	SOCIAL-REC	OTHER DISC
Arrival linear every half hour before 7:30 AM	-0.01	0.00	-0.07	0.08	-0.23	-0.06
Arrival before 7:30 AM	0.93	0.00	-3.09	-3.81	-1.19	-1.29
Arrival 5:00 AM - 5:30 AM	4.97					
Arrival 5:30 AM - 6:00 AM	4.80					
Arrival 6:00 AM - 6:30 AM	4.78					
Arrival 6:30 AM - 7:00 AM	6.03					
Arrival 7:00 AM - 7:30 AM	8.05					
Arrival 7:30 AM - 8:00 AM	9.98	4.03	4.63	-1.30	5.47	4.92
Arrival 8:00 AM - 8:30 AM	7.93	4.38	5.34	-1.18	5.83	4.62
Arrival 8:30 AM - 9:00 AM	4.89	5.46	6.58	-1.29	5.64	4.15
Arrival 9:00 AM - 9:30 AM	2.30	5.63	6.61	-0.89	5.77	4.26

Gen3/Ver. 1.0.4 Model Calibration and Validation Report

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	ESCORT	SHOPPING	OTHER MAINT	EAT-OUT	SOCIAL-REC	OTHER DISC
Arrival 9:30 AM - 10:00 AM	-0.69	5.20	6.02	-0.33	5.94	4.51
Arrival 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	-2.03	5.44	6.20	-0.05	5.78	4.54
Arrival 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM	-2.29	5.84	6.49	-0.33	5.18	4.03
Arrival 11:00 AM - 11:30 AM	-0.08	5.64	6.17	-0.09	4.86	3.89
Arrival 11:30 AM - 12:00 PM	1.57	5.38	5.80	0.23	4.69	3.91
Arrival 12:00 PM - 12:30 PM	2.44	5.43	5.73	0.09	4.10	3.41
Arrival 12:30 PM - 1:00 PM	2.16	5.07	5.21	0.49	3.94	3.46
Arrival 1:00 PM - 1:30 PM	3.07	4.52	4.55	0.56	3.52	3.19
Arrival 1:30 PM - 2:00 PM	3.40	4.45	4.33	0.91	3.31	3.19
Arrival 2:00 PM - 2:30 PM	4.44	4.36	4.10	0.86	2.80	2.83
Arrival 2:30 PM - 3:00 PM	6.54	3.90	3.50	0.88	2.22	2.43
Arrival 3:00 PM - 3:30 PM	6.32	3.91	3.34	1.37	2.24	2.60
Arrival 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM	6.32	3.84	3.15	1.61	1.92	2.47
Arrival 4:00 PM - 4:30 PM	5.06	3.76	2.90	1.55	1.30	2.02
Arrival 4:30 PM - 5:00 PM	2.92	3.41	2.43	1.47	0.67	1.50
Arrival 5:00 PM - 5:30 PM	1.59	3.33	2.17	1.79	0.47	1.47
Arrival 5:30 PM - 6:00 PM	0.81	2.81	1.47	1.91	0.11	1.24
Arrival 6:00 PM - 6:30 PM	0.15	2.59	1.08	1.58	-0.60	0.62
Arrival 6:30 PM - 7:00 PM	-0.81	1.81	0.09	1.22	-1.35	0.08
Arrival 7:00 PM - 7:30 PM	-2.24	1.21	-0.73	0.70	-2.22	-0.55
Arrival 7:30 PM - 8:00 PM	-1.86	0.40	-1.84	0.37	-2.79	-0.91
Arrival 8:00 PM - 8:30 PM	-1.48	0.04	-2.42	0.01	-3.45	-1.28
Arrival 8:30 PM - 9:00 PM	-1.24	0.01	-2.72	0.01	-3.79	-1.30
Arrival 9:00 PM - 9:30 PM			-2.16		-2.77	-1.12
Arrival 9:30 PM - 10:00 PM			-1.19		-1.23	-0.78
Arrival 10:00 PM - 10:30 PM					0.19	-0.45
Arrival 10:30 PM - 11:00 PM						
Arrival 11:00 PM - 11:30 PM						
Arrival after 9:00 PM	-2.52	0.38	0.20	-1.00	0.50	0.16
Arrival linear every half hour after 9:00 PM	0.04	-0.64	-1.82	-0.32	-2.60	-0.99

TABLE 21: INDIVIDUAL NON-MANDATORY TOUR DURATION CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	ESCORT	SHOPPING	OTHER MAINT	EAT-OUT	SOCIAL-REC	OTHER DISC
Duration < 30 minutes	-8.47	-10.07	-11.98	-10.21	-17.18	-13.49
Duration 0.5 hour	4.85	5.48	5.58	2.24	0.05	-2.02
Duration 1 hour	8.24	6.40	6.49	0.66	2.47	1.82
Duration 1.5 hour	8.46	6.14	6.39	0.91	3.09	4.01
Duration 2 hour	7.32	5.60	6.01	1.44	3.91	6.41
Duration 2.5 hour	6.20	5.22	5.74	1.48	4.21	5.95
Duration 3 hour	4.34	4.42	5.10	1.44	4.40	5.45
Duration 3.5 hour	2.98	3.71	4.52	1.09	3.85	4.69
Duration 4 hour	2.94	3.08	4.00	0.82	3.37	4.03
Duration longer than 4 hours	0.00	2.58	3.06	0.00	2.36	2.26
Duration linear for every half hour > 4 hours	-0.31	-0.42	-0.24	-0.19	-0.41	-0.49

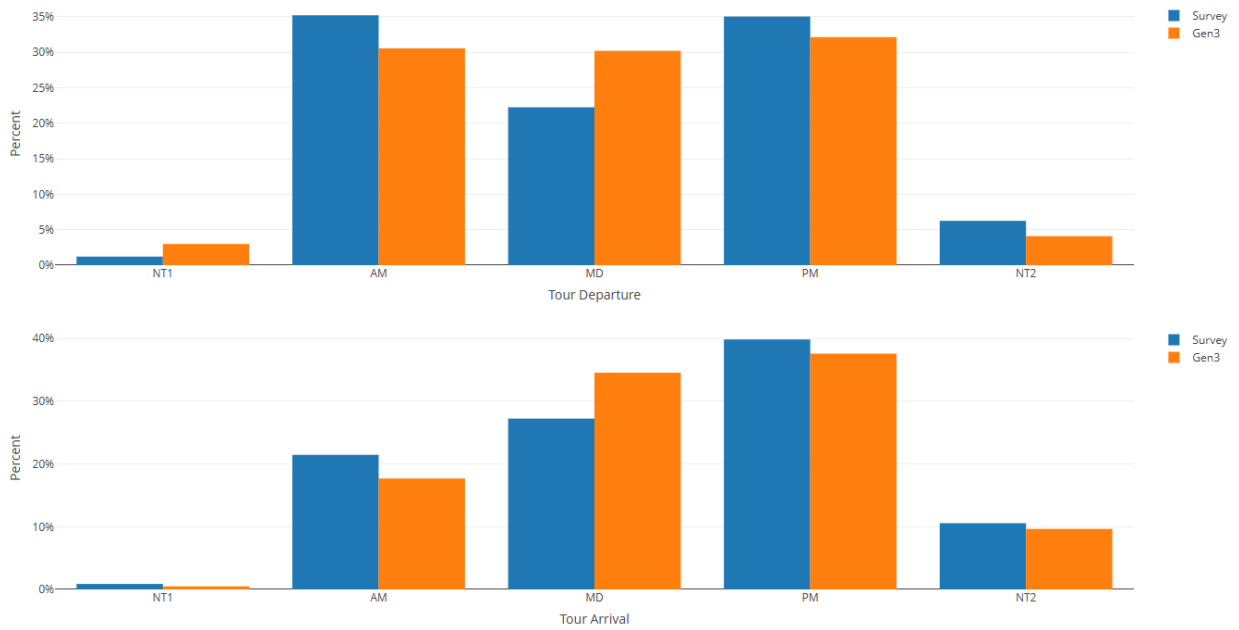


FIGURE 36: ESCORT TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

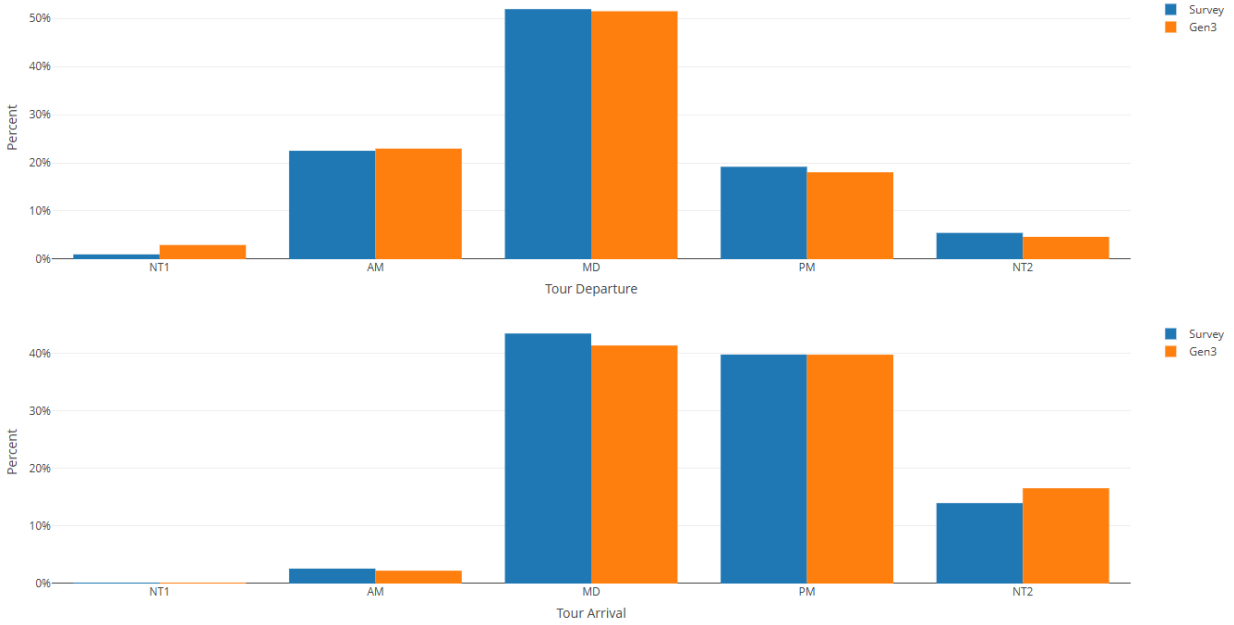


FIGURE 37: INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

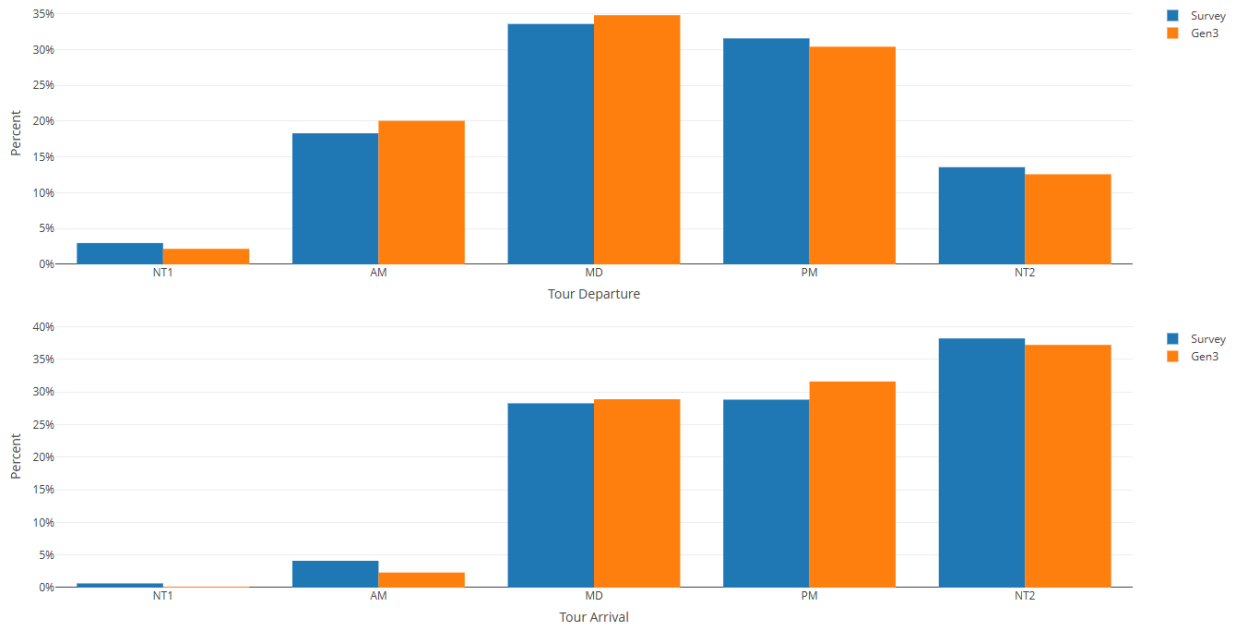


FIGURE 38: INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

At-Work Subtour Scheduling Model Calibration

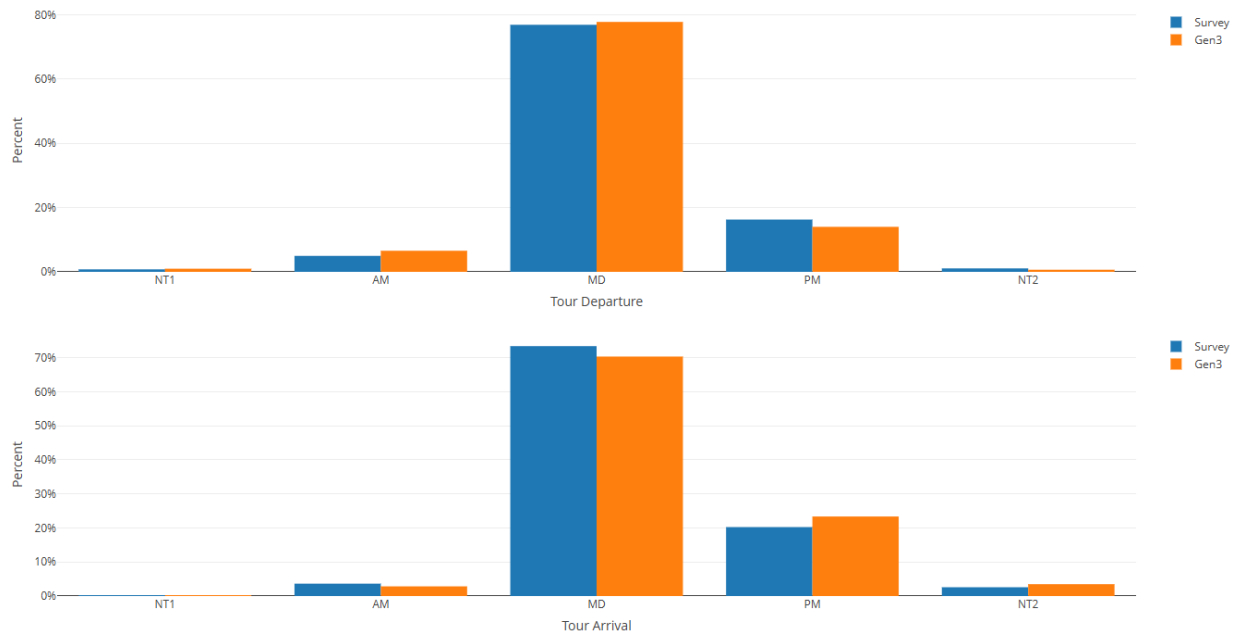


FIGURE 39: AT-WORK SUBTOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

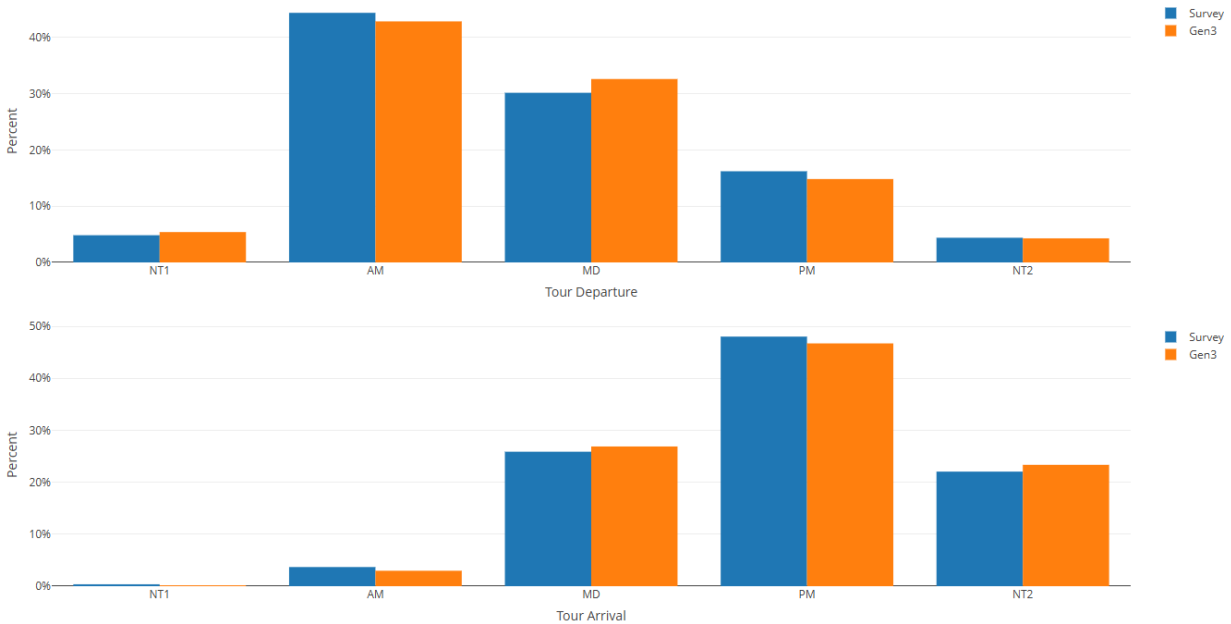


FIGURE 40: OVERALL TOUR TIME OF DAY CALIBRATION

2.14 TOUR MODE CHOICE

The tour mode choice model step assigns a tour mode to all the simulated tours in the model. It uses a nested logit model that is shown in Figure 41. This model was estimated in the first phase of the Gen3 Model development. Auto modes include single-occupant vehicle (SOV), two-person shared ride (SR2), and three or more person shared ride (SR3). Non-motorized modes include walk or bike. Ride hail modes include taxi, single-pay transportation network company (TNC),¹² or a shared TNC service such as UberPool or LyftLine. Transit tours are differentiated by access/egress mode, and transit path type. Access/egress modes include walk, Park-and-Ride (PNR), or Kiss-and-Ride (KNR). Path type includes Bus Only, Metrorail Only, Bus and Metrorail combined, or Commuter Rail (MARC and VRE trains).

During Phase 2, the mode share targets by tour purpose were revised based on comparisons of the household survey, the transit surveys, and the transit ridership data. During calibration, adjustments were made to the model constants to improve boardings by transit mode. Additionally, the calibration of this model uncovered an issue in the auto ownership model

¹² Transportation Network Companies at the time of writing are primarily Uber and Lyft.

where too few 0-auto working households were represented in the model. This was fixed with a constant in the auto ownership model.

Calibration of this model utilized a significant number of constants, since the model includes ten modes and eight purposes as well as some general factors that apply to all purposes. Additionally, many of the constants utilize auto sufficiency groups, defined as zero auto households, auto deficient households (fewer autos than drivers in the household), and auto sufficient households (at least as many autos as drivers in the household). In addition to these groups, some constants were added at the end based on traffic counts and transit ridership. These additional constants are listed in Table 22. The overall calibration results are shown in Figure 42. The calibration constants and results for individual tour purposes are discussed in each sub-section below.

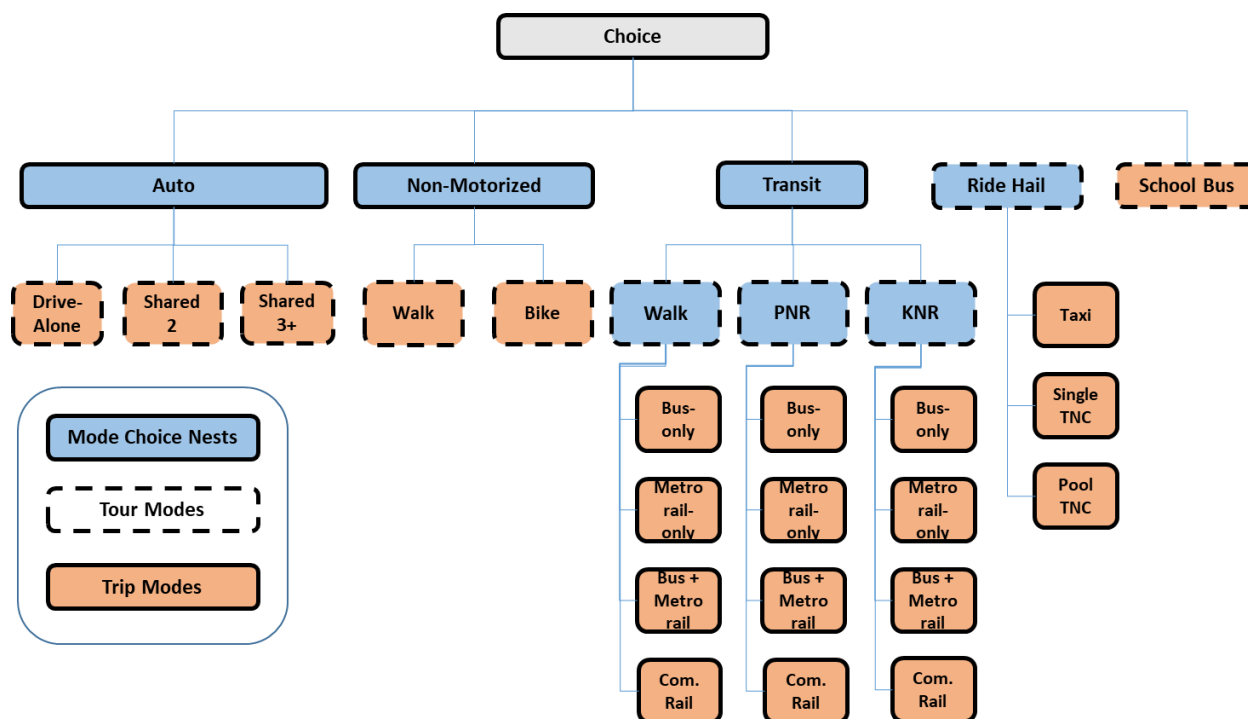


FIGURE 41: TOUR MODE CHOICE NESTING STRUCTURE

TABLE 22: ADDITIONAL TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Description	Constant
Auto Sufficient SOV Tours to DC Destination	-0.18
Auto Sufficient SR2 Tours to DC Destination	-0.64
Auto Sufficient Walk-Access Transit Tours to DC Destination	0.80
Auto Sufficient SOV School Tours	-0.34
Metrorail Tours to DC Destination	0.48
Bus-only Tours to DC Destination	-0.40
Bus+Metrorail Tours to DC Destination	-0.10
Commuter Rail tours to DC Destination	0.30
SOV Tours to DC Destination (all auto sufficiency groups)	-1.10
Bus modes within DC	0.55
SOV modes within DC	0.20
Shared-Ride 2 tours to DC Destination	0.75
Shared-Ride 3+ tours to DC Destination	0.55
SOV tours to non-DC Destinations	0.50
Transit technology ASC*	Differing by purpose

* This set of constants were mainly used in the last phase of calibration to better match observed ridership.

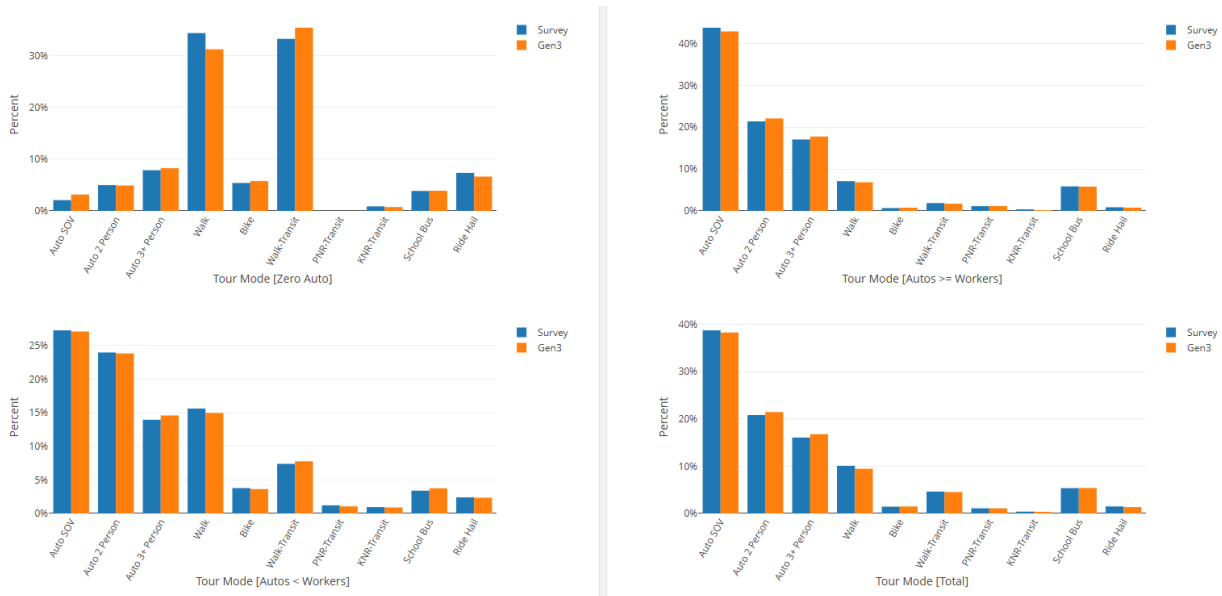


FIGURE 42: TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION - ALL TOUR PURPOSES

Work Tours

The main work tour mode choice calibration constants by auto sufficiency group are listed in Table 23, and the transit access and path type calibration constants are listed in Table 24. For work tours and households with no autos, PNR transit is disabled via constants (the -999 constant effectively disables a choice). This is because the survey data does not have any zero-auto households that used PNR access to transit. The tour mode choice results for work tours are shown in Figure 43. While overall estimated tours by tour mode is very close to observed, the zero-auto household group does overestimate transit over walking, and the autos < workers group overestimates auto while underestimating walk-access transit.

TABLE 23: WORK TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.22
Shared-Ride 2	14.33	-3.41	0.05
Shared-Ride 3+	14.80	-4.01	-0.77
Walk	19.97	-0.16	0.73
Bike	17.09	-3.30	-2.46
Walk Transit	19.71	-0.82	0.38
PNR Transit	-999	-3.03	-0.05
KNR Transit	15.60	-3.96	-2.47
Taxi	16.03	-3.94	-2.12
TNC Single	16.73	-3.58	-2.70
TNC Shared	15.03	-5.16	-3.81

TABLE 24: WORK TRANSIT ACCESS AND LINE HAUL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Transit Mode	Walk Access	PNR Access	KNR Access
Bus Only	-0.53	-1.35	-0.42
Metrorail Only	0.20	-0.60	-0.02
Bus + Metrorail	-0.89	-0.26	-0.26
Commuter Rail	-1.31	1.05	0.76

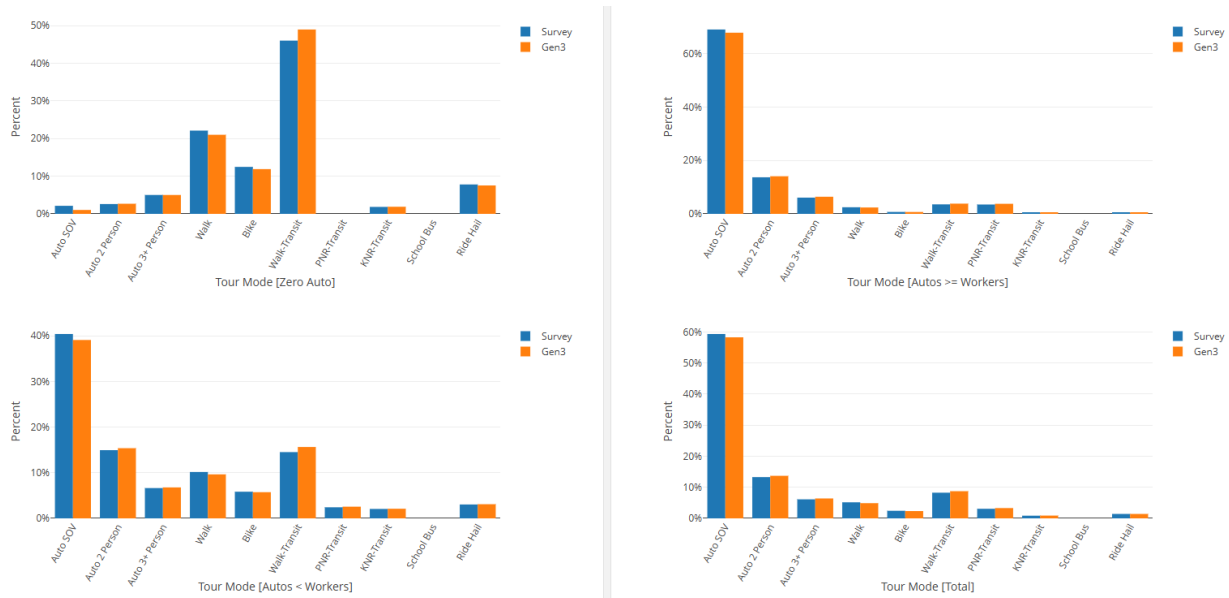


FIGURE 43: TOUR MODE CHOICE VALIDATION - WORK TOURS

University and School Tours

The main university and school tour mode choice calibration constants by auto sufficiency group are listed in Table 25 and Table 26, respectively. A value of -999 effectively disables the choice. For university tours, the surveys did not observe any persons living in zero-auto households using PNR or KNR transit, so those alternatives were disallowed. Additionally, no bicycle tours were observed for auto sufficient households, so that alternative was also disallowed. For school tours, no PNR or KNR transit or rideshare tours from households owning autos were observed in the survey data, so those alternatives were disallowed. The transit access and line-haul constants are shown in Table 27. Similar to the tour mode by auto sufficiency groups, all of the PNR and most of the KNR alternatives were disallowed. The calibration results for university tours are shown in Figure 44. The model's zero-auto households segment overestimates rideshare tours and underestimates walk and walk-access transit. The other segments overestimate drive-alone tours. The validation results for school tours are shown in Figure 45. The results of this group are very close except for underestimating walk and overestimating walk-access transit for zero-auto households.

TABLE 25: UNIVERSITY TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	-15.24	-1.99	3.87
Shared-Ride 3+	-14.35	-2.44	3.76
Walk	-10.8	-3.1	3.56
Bike	-15.25	-5.11	-999
Walk Transit	-12.67	-1.66	4.23
PNR Transit	-999	7.18	10.24
KNR Transit	-999	-2.79	1.42
Taxi	-12.34	-4.38	1.74
TNC Single	-15.22	-4.38	1.74
TNC Shared	-15.22	-4.38	1.74

TABLE 26: SCHOOL TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	-999	0.59	0.69
Shared-Ride 3+	2.84	0.8	1.14
Walk	7.31	1.29	1.08
Bike	-6.61	-0.83	-2.04
Walk Transit	8	-0.41	-0.42
PNR Transit	0.00	-999	-999
KNR Transit	6.93	-999	-999
Taxi	-0.3	-999	-999
TNC Single	0.00	-999	-999
TNC Shared	3.65	-999	-999

TABLE 27: SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY TRANSIT ACCESS AND LINE HAUL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Transit Mode	Walk Access	PNR Access	KNR Access
Bus Only	-0.30	-999	-0.77
Metrorail Only	0.00	-999	-999
Bus + Metrorail	-0.01	-999	-999
Commuter Rail	-0.85	-999	-999

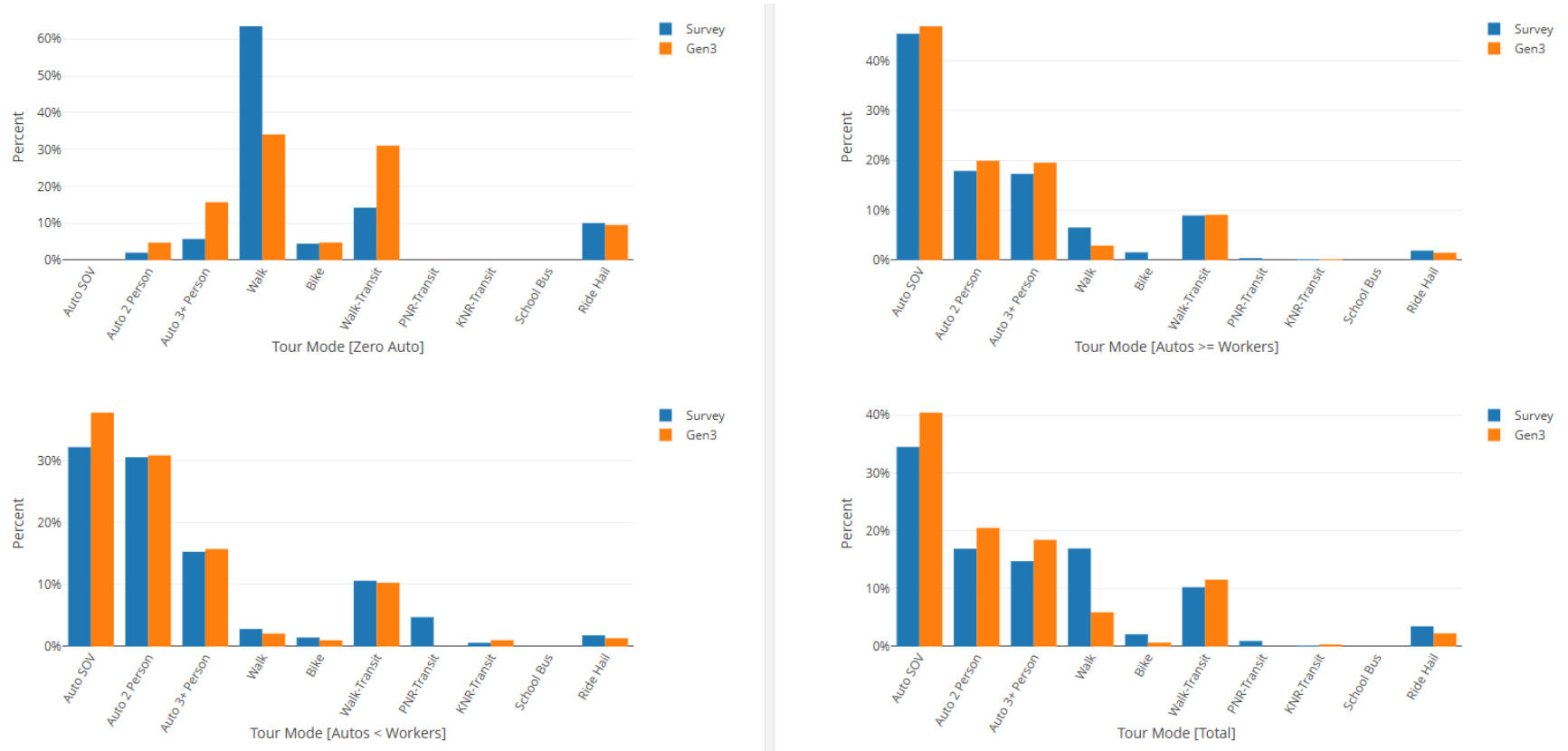


FIGURE 44: TOUR MODE CHOICE VALIDATION - UNIVERSITY TOURS

Gen3/Ver. 1.0.4 Model Calibration and Validation Report

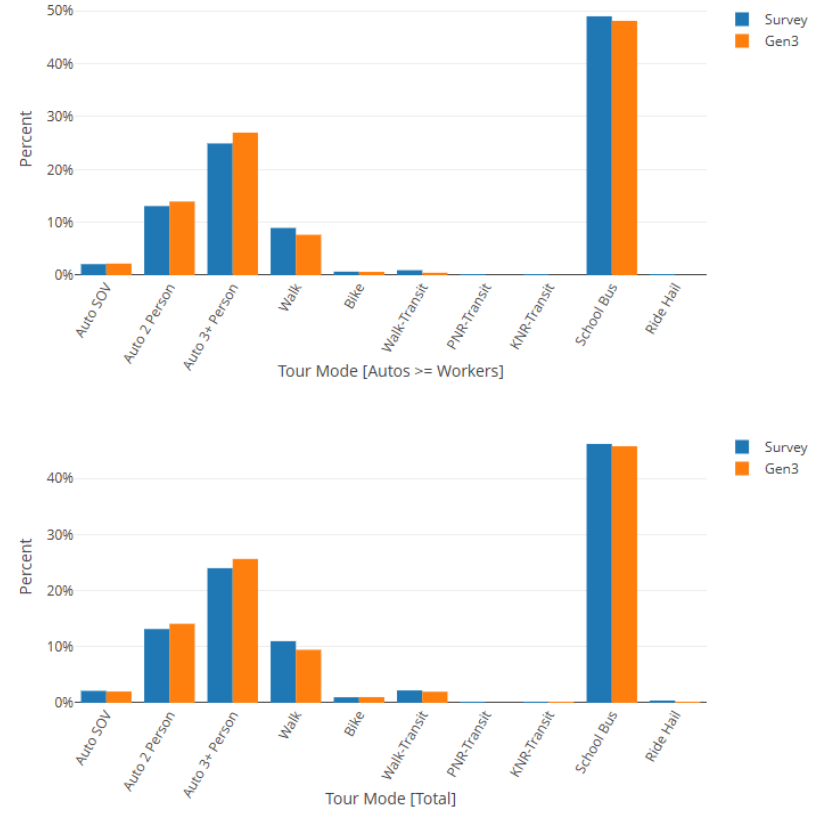
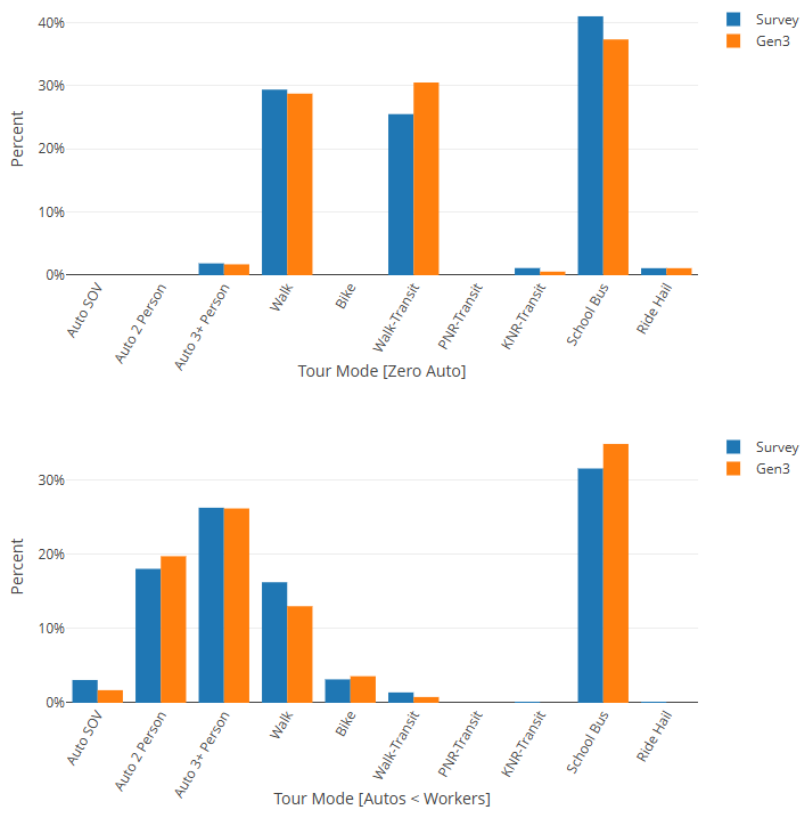


FIGURE 45: TOUR MODE CHOICE VALIDATION - SCHOOL TOURS

Non-Mandatory Tours

In the data used to estimate many of the non-mandatory tour mode choice models, there were very few observed PNR- or KNR-access transit trips, so those choices are prohibited in the model via constants. The tour mode choice calibration by market segment is listed in Table 28, Table 29, Table 30, and Table 31 for individual maintenance, individual discretionary, joint maintenance, and joint discretionary, respectively. Table 32 lists the transit line-haul calibration constants for all non-mandatory tour purposes. The results of the individual maintenance mode choice model are shown in Figure 46. This model overestimates drive-alone auto travel but is otherwise close. The results of the individual discretionary mode choice model are shown in Figure 47. Similar to the individual maintenance model, this model overestimates drive-alone auto. The results of the joint maintenance model are shown in Figure 48. Note that the drive-alone auto choice is not allowed for this model, since by definition there has to be more than one person on the tour. This model has some tradeoffs between 2-person auto and 3-person auto but is close with non-auto mode choice. Finally, the results of the joint discretionary model are shown in Figure 49. Similar to the joint maintenance model, the drive-alone auto choice is not allowed.

TABLE 28: INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	1.87	3.54	4.04
Shared-Ride 3+	2.3	3.3	3.91
Walk	6.55	5.52	5.76
Bike	2.01	0.8	2.15
Walk Transit	6.23	3.5	3.56
PNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
KNR Transit	0.00	-999	-999
Taxi	4.02	1.15	2.01
TNC Single	3.03	0.6	0.25
TNC Shared	0.55	0.24	-999

TABLE 29: INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	1.12	3.26	6.54
Shared-Ride 3+	1.04	2.78	6.44
Walk	5.39	5.73	8.34
Bike	2.01	0.8	2.15
Walk Transit	5.1	4.59	6.25
PNR Transit	-6	-999	5.09
KNR Transit	1.47	-1.18	-2.12
Taxi	2.71	2.16	5.56
TNC Single	3.04	3.08	5.64
TNC Shared	1.12	1.9	3.99

TABLE 30: JOINT MAINTENANCE TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	-7.38	17.33	5.29
Shared-Ride 3+	-5.98	-34.07	3.9
Walk	-0.38	-28.87	5.01
Bike	-999	-999	-4.14
Walk Transit	-4.27	-999	4.22
PNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
KNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
Taxi	-6.42	-999	-999
TNC Single	-6.42	-999	-999
TNC Shared	-6.42	-999	-999

TABLE 31: JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOUR CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

Tour Mode	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	-999	4.8	7.63
Shared-Ride 3+	1.76	-6.91	6.5
Walk	5.88	0.17	8.7
Bike	-999	-5.27	4.5
Walk Transit	7.47	-5.24	4.73
PNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
KNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
Taxi	-999	-4.59	4.61
TNC Single	-999	-6.57	4.61
TNC Shared	-999	-5.17	4.61

TABLE 32: NON-MANDATORY TOUR TRANSIT ACCESS AND LINE HAUL CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Transit Mode	Walk Access	PNR Access	KNR Access
Bus Only	-0.23	0.03	-0.18
Metrorail Only	-0.52	-999	-0.68
Bus + Metrorail	-1.54	-999	-999
Commuter Rail	0.72	-999	-999

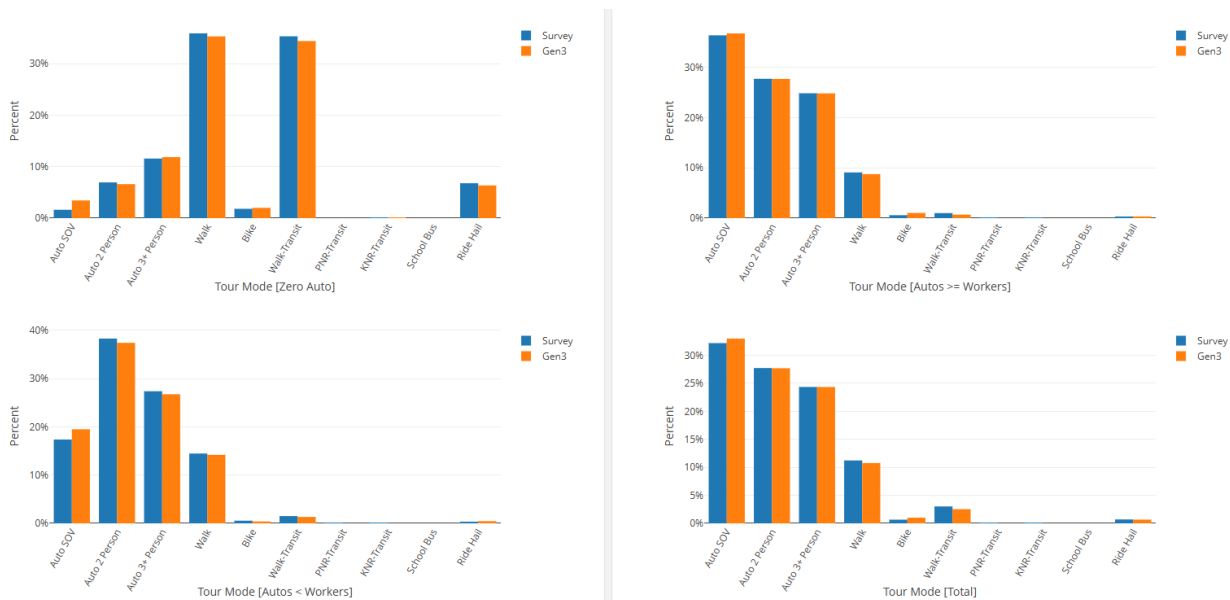


FIGURE 46: TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS- INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOURS

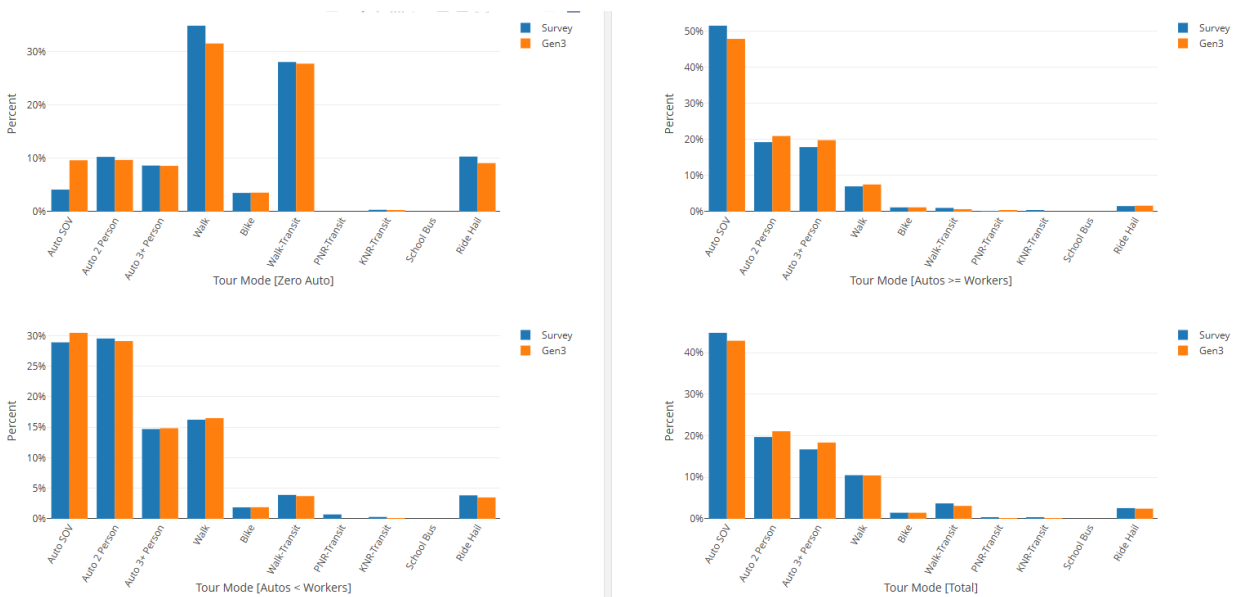


FIGURE 47: TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS - INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOURS

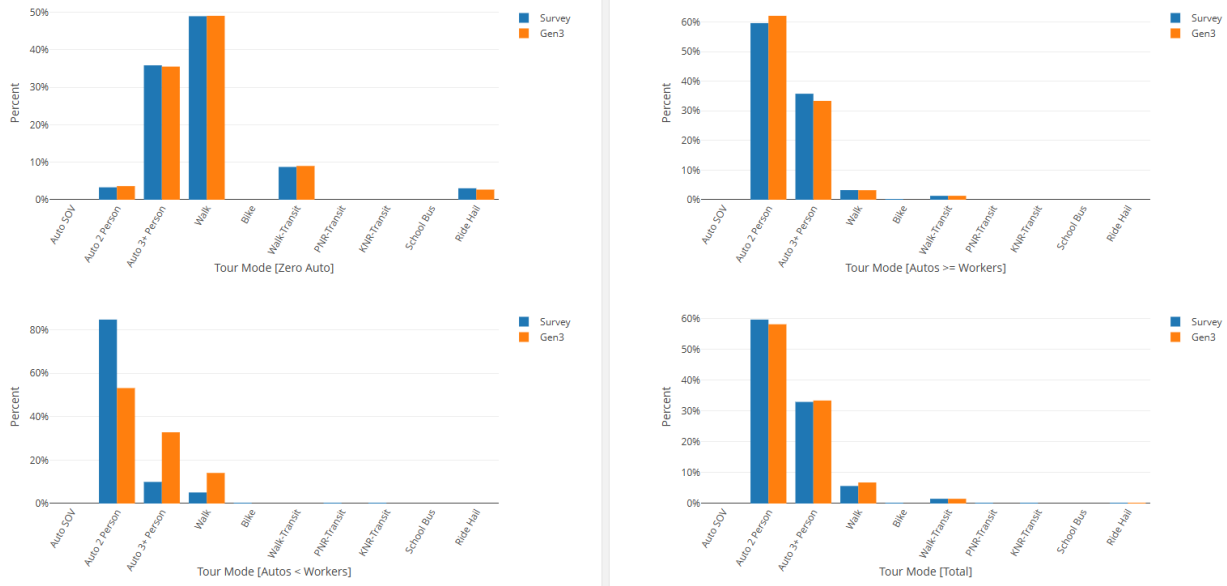


FIGURE 48: TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS - JOINT MAINTENANCE TOURS

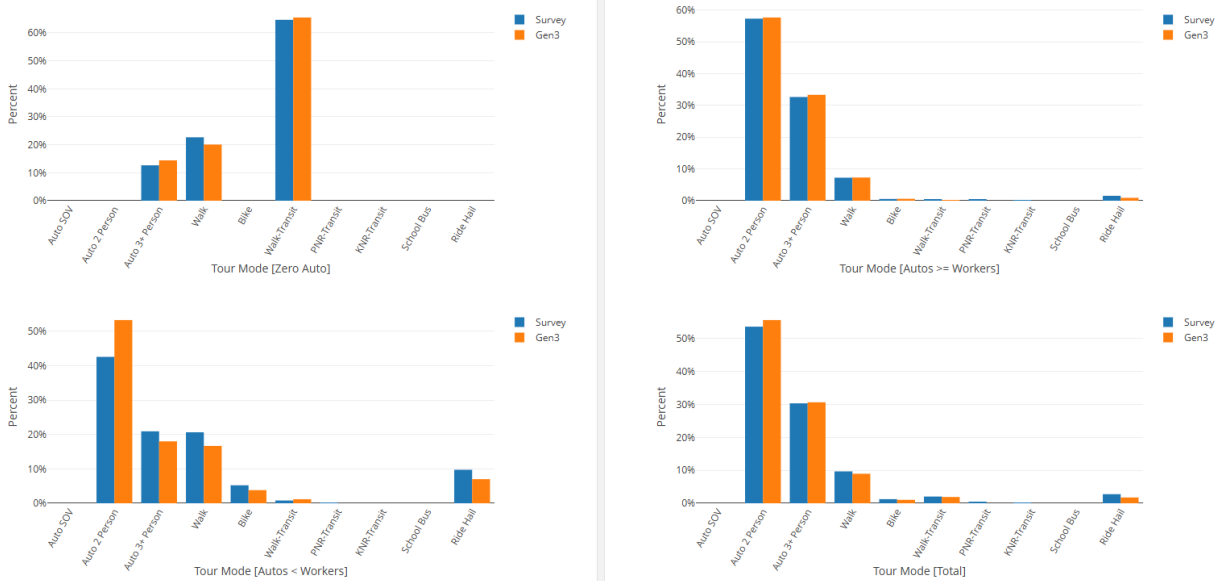


FIGURE 49: TOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS - JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOURS

2.15 AT-WORK SUBTOUR FREQUENCY

The at-work subtour frequency model step assigns the number of and types of subtours for work tours. This model step is applied to only work tours and uses a choice set of no-subtours, 1 business subtour, 2 business subtours, 1 eat subtour, 1 eat and 1 business subtour, or 1 maintenance subtour. The calibration constants for this model step are listed in Table 33. The results of this model are shown in Figure 50. This model underestimates maintenance and eat-out subtours, and overestimates no subtours.

TABLE 33: AT-WORK SUBTOUR FREQUENCY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT DESCRIPTION	CONSTANT
1 Business Subtour	-0.54
2 Business Subtour	-2.13
Eat Subtour	0.86
Eat & Business Subtour	-0.97
1 Maintenance Subtour	-0.62
No Subtours	0.00

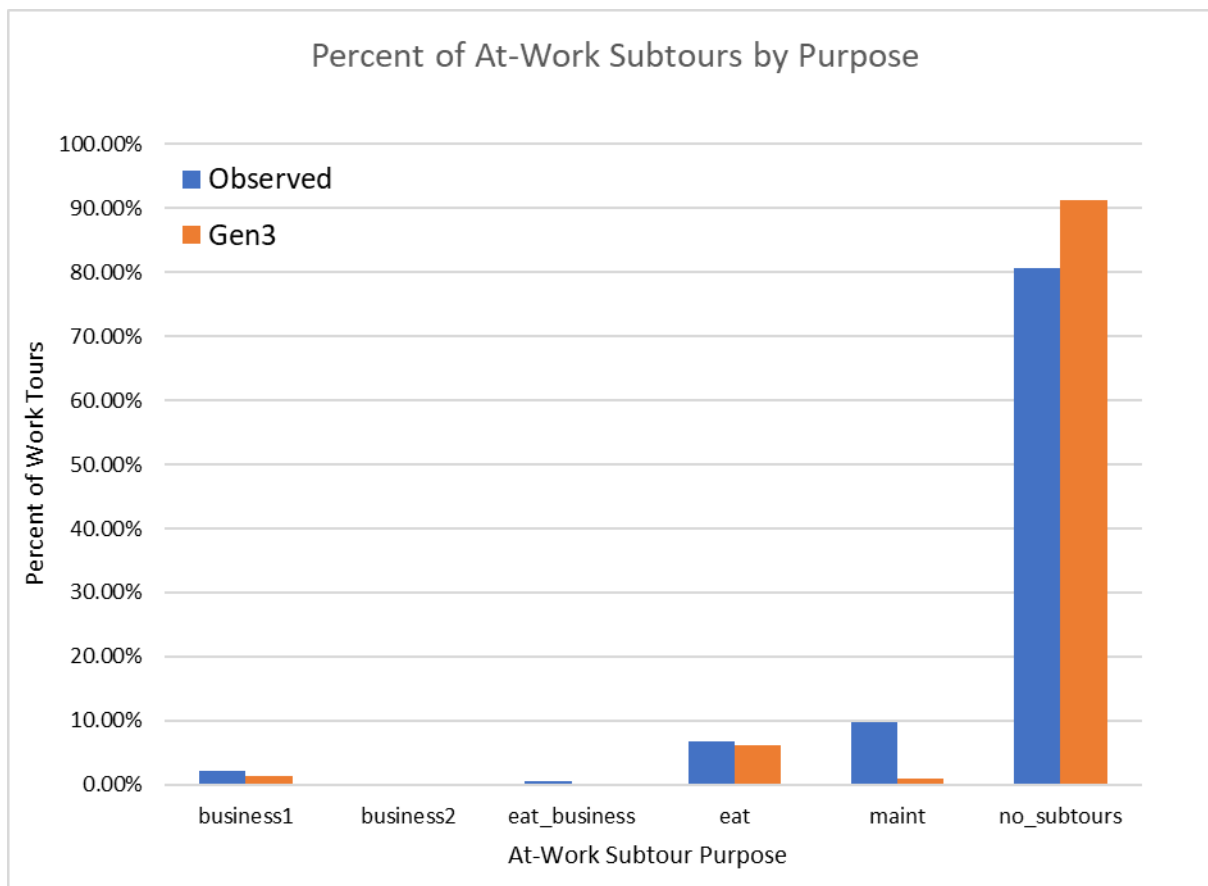


FIGURE 50: AT-WORK SUBTOUR FREQUENCY CALIBRATION RESULTS

2.16 AT-WORK SUBTOUR DESTINATION

The at-work subtour destination location model step assigns the destination TAZ to at-work subtours. Table 34 lists a summary of the at-work subtour tour lengths and coincidence ratio. There was only one constant used in this model, which is listed in Table 35. The resulting tour distance frequency diagram is shown in Figure 51, which shows a very close match to the survey. Table 34

TABLE 34: AT-WORK SUBTOUR SUMMARY STATISTICS

ESTIMATED TOUR LENGTH	OBSERVED TOUR LENGTH	COINCIDENCE RATIO
4.80	5.38	0.79

TABLE 35: AT-WORK SUBTOUR DESTINATION CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Constant Description	Constant Value
DC Destination	-0.50

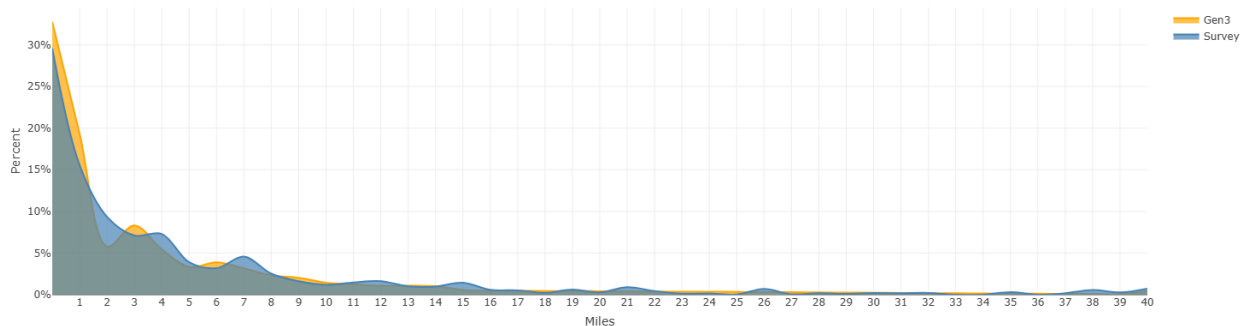


FIGURE 51: AT-WORK SUBTOUR DESTINATION DISTANCE DISTRIBUTION

2.17 AT-WORK SUBTOUR MODE CHOICE

The at-work subtour mode choice model step assigns a mode to at-work subtours. The calibration constants for at-work subtours by mode and auto sufficiency are listed in Table 36. The survey data did not have any persons making an at-work subtour using PNR or KNR transit, so those modes are prohibited via constants. The calibration constants by transit line-haul and access mode are listed in Table 37. The resulting model output is shown in Figure 52. This model has a slight overestimation for drive-alone trips that is offset by an underestimate for walk trips. Note that the overall tour mode choice constants listed in Table 22 are applied to this model.

TABLE 36: AT-WORK SUBTOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (MODE + AUTO SUFFICIENCY)

At-Work	No Auto	Auto Deficient	Auto Sufficient
Drive Alone	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shared-Ride 2	26.82	-6.43	-2.02
Shared-Ride 3+	26.38	-6.82	-2.70
Walk	33.11	-2.46	0.55
Bike	33.50	2.15	-2.00
Walk Transit	30.48	-5.27	-2.94
PNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
KNR Transit	-999	-999	-999
Taxi	28.03	-6.08	-1.99
TNC Single	28.53	-36.82	-3.10
TNC Shared	-2.47	-24.92	-3.01

TABLE 37: AT-WORK SUBTOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS (TRANSIT LINE HAUL AND ACCESS MODE)

At-Work	Walk Access	PNR Access	KNR Access
Bus Only	0.14	-999	-999
Metrorail Only	0.78	-999	-999
Bus + Metrorail	-999	-999	-999
Commuter Rail	-2.25	-999	-999

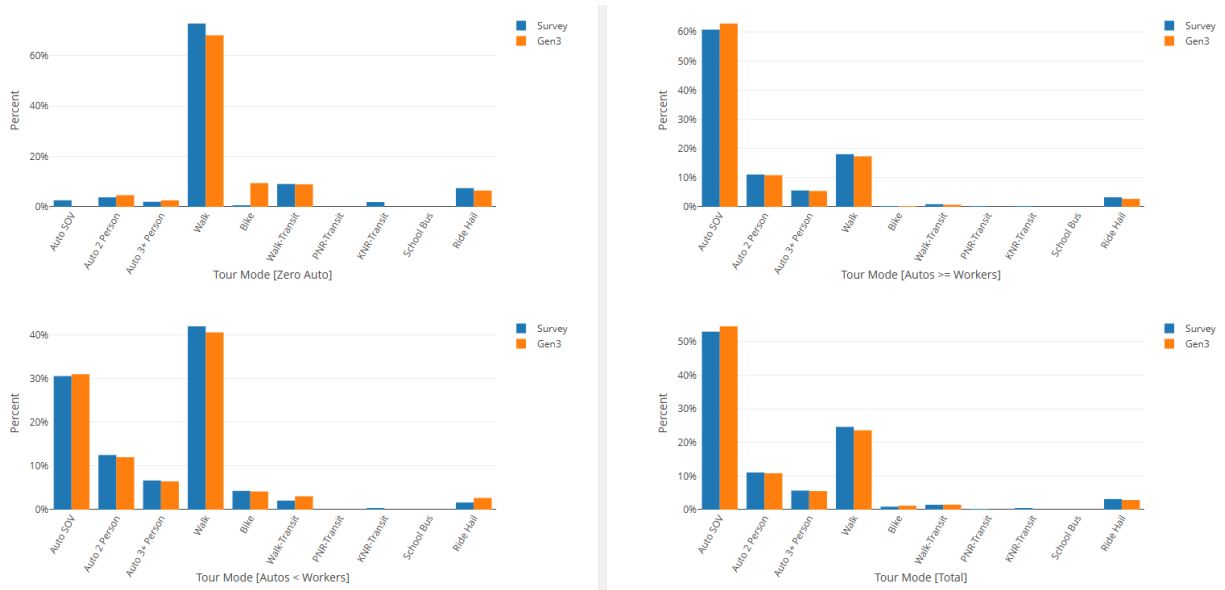


FIGURE 52: AT-WORK SUBTOUR MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS

During the trip mode choice model step, at-work trip modes are assigned. The constants and results are included in this section. The trip mode choice calibration constants for at-work subtour trips are listed in Table 38. The results of the model are shown in Figure 53. Similar to the at-work tour mode choice model, there is an overestimate of drive-alone auto that is offset by an underestimate of walk trips.

TABLE 38: AT-WORK SUBTOUR TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-0.60
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	-1.56
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	-2.90
Walk	Drive Alone	-4.65
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-7.06
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-7.14
Bicycle	Walk	-1.85
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-12.00
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-6.82
Walk Transit	Walk	-1.37
Walk Transit	Bicycle	0.00
Walk Transit	Taxi	-7.79
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-6.15
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-6.79
Walk Transit	Metrorail	0.01
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	26.72
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-4.00
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-3.51
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-12.00
Ridehail	Walk	-0.42

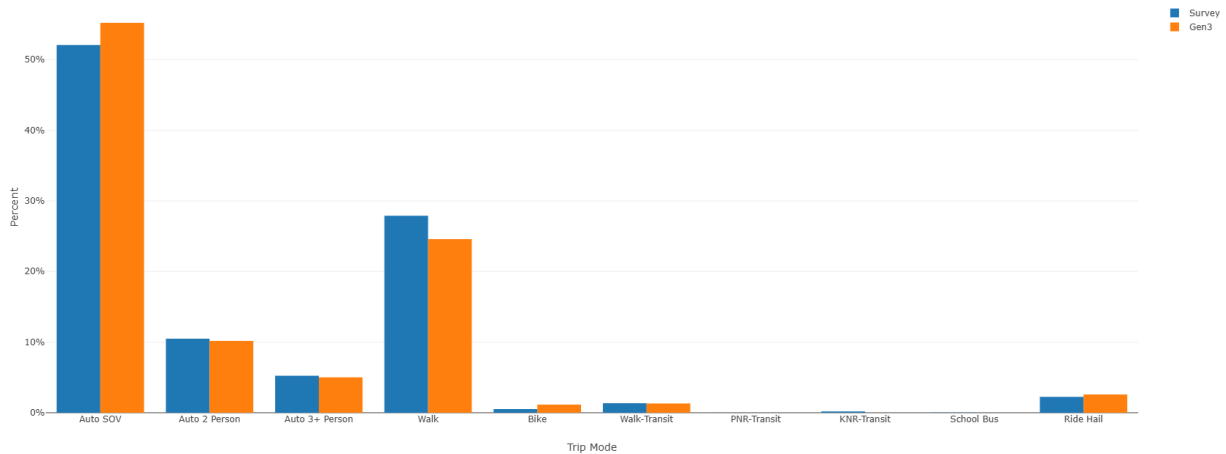


FIGURE 53: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR AT-WORK SUBTOURS

2.18 STOP FREQUENCY

The stop frequency model step assigns to tours the number of stops and the directionality, which is outbound – from home to the tour destination, or inbound – from the tour destination to home. This step of ActivitySim generates trips that are ultimately output for use with traffic and transit assignment. The model was initially transferred from SEMCOG. Subsequent comparisons of trips by trip departure and arrival time indicated that intermediate stop timing needed to be adjusted to better match observed data. The current ActivitySim trip departure and arrival time model is a simulation from observed distributions and is heavily constrained by the tour time-of-day choice model. After calibrating this model, the team discovered that the estimated distribution of stops by tour departure and arrival period did not match household survey data. Therefore, parameters were added to the stop frequency model to better match that distribution. These parameters, along with the overall tour frequency constants, are listed in Table 39 for mandatory (work, university, and school) tours, in Table 40 for escort, eat-out, and shopping tours, in Table 41 for social, other maintenance, and other discretionary tours, and Table 42 for at-work subtours.

Total stop frequency, shown in Figure 54, is very well calibrated with the observed data. Work stop frequency, shown in Figure 55, also matches observed data nearly perfectly. University and school stop frequency are shown in Figure 56 and Figure 57, respectively. The university stop frequency matches very well but the school stop frequency show small overestimation in tours with no stops and a slight underestimation in tours with stops.

Escort tours, shown in Figure 58, also match nearly perfectly. Individual maintenance (shopping and other maintenance) and discretionary (eat-out, social, and other discretionary) tour stop frequencies, shown in Figure 46 and Figure 47 respectively, show a very small underestimation in tours with no stops and a slight overestimation in tours with one, two, and three stops. Joint maintenance and discretionary tour stop frequencies, shown in Figure 48 and Figure 49, respectively, show a very small overestimation in tours with no stops and a slight underestimation in tours with stops. At-work tours, shown in Figure 50, match nearly perfectly with the observed data.

TABLE 39 MANDATORY TOUR STOP FREQUENCY TIME-OF-DAY SPECIFIC CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

PURPOSE	CONSTANT	NT1	AM	MD	PM	NT2	
Work	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-1.63	0.01	-1.17	-1.80	-2.27	
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-2.81	-1.26	-2.46	-3.74	-12.00	
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-3.33	-2.22	-3.23	-3.99	-12.00	
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.79	-0.80	-2.30	-1.88	-1.60	
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-3.18	-1.07	-2.53	-3.84	-12.00	
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-5.21	-2.21	-3.65	-6.17	-12.00	
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-4.84	-3.22	-4.55	-14.00	-14.00	
	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-4.91	-2.83	-3.25	-3.31	-2.87	
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-14.30	-2.97	-4.17	-12.00	-10.00	
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-3.03	-5.12	-7.87	-12.00	
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-3.62	-5.81	-14.00	-12.00	
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-6.52	-3.64	-4.08	-4.14	-12.00	
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-7.42	-4.98	-5.90	-12.00	-10.00	
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-5.91	-6.70	-9.96	-12.00	-10.00	
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-5.15	-7.23	-12.00	-10.00	
	University	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-3.50	-2.44	-1.80	-3.11	-2.95
		0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-2.16	-3.11	-3.56	-8.00
		0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-3.94	-4.07	-16.00	-8.00
1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops		-3.14	-2.54	-3.20	-2.97	-0.39	
1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops		-3.26	-3.45	-3.86	-3.82	-6.00	
1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops		-22.00	-3.00	-4.74	-5.03	-6.00	
1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops		-5.39	-5.06	-6.32	-20.00	-6.00	
2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops		-11.97	-2.65	-4.76	-5.62	-6.00	
2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops		-12.00	-6.84	-5.04	-18.00	-8.00	
2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops		-22.00	-5.19	-14.00	-22.00	-8.00	
2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-12.00	-12.00	-22.00	-10.00		

	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-5.05	-5.30	-5.90	-6.68	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-5.87	-5.61	-10.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-22.00	-6.18	-12.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-7.80	-12.00	-22.00	-6.00
School	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-1.83	-1.44	-0.98	-8.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-5.88	-3.06	-2.88	-2.14	-8.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-2.57	-3.86	-4.67	-1.53	-6.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-1.71	-3.18	-2.33	-1.60	-8.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-2.55	-3.57	-4.76	-7.18	-8.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-4.87	-4.85	-14.00	-6.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-3.98	-5.16	-14.00	-20.00	-4.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-5.28	-5.06	-3.13	-6.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-2.79	-7.01	-5.92	-12.00	-10.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-7.37	-14.00	-12.00	-10.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-16.00	-14.00	-10.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-10.68	-6.70	-8.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-9.55	-12.00	-8.00	-8.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-8.85	-12.00	-14.00	-8.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-14.00	-10.00	-16.00	-4.00

TABLE 40 ESCORT, EAT-OUT, AND SHOPPING TOUR STOP FREQUENCY TIME-OF-DAY SPECIFIC CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

PURPOSE	CONSTANT	NT1	AM	MD	PM	NT2
Shopping	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-6.00	-3.09	-0.86	-0.39	-1.90
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-4.00	-1.59	-1.65	-2.21	-6.33
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-8.00	-10.00	-3.60	-2.13	-10.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	2.74	-0.32	-1.28	-2.45	-1.86
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-2.96	-2.59	-3.52	-12.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-3.20	-3.07	-2.52	-14.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-10.00	-4.07	-12.00	-12.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-2.24	-2.67	-2.89	-12.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-3.24	-2.41	-5.70	-12.00

	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-5.28	-6.57	-12.00	-12.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-12.00	-7.85	-12.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-4.00	-12.00	-2.45	-12.00	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-4.00	-10.00	-4.57	-3.31	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-4.00	-10.00	-5.03	-10.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-4.00	-10.00	-10.00	-8.00	-10.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-2.90	-1.69	-0.89	-1.30	-2.29
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-2.79	-2.98	-2.45	-2.94
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-4.02	-3.05	-3.87	-4.61
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-4.34	-2.06	-1.88	-2.10	-1.88
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-1.92	-3.06	-3.56	-2.95	-12.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-26.07	-4.57	-3.61	-10.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-5.47	-5.34	-14.00	-14.00
Escort	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-4.08	-3.47	-4.18	-5.29
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-4.29	-5.61	-4.10	-14.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-22.00	-6.68	-16.00	-12.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-5.65	-6.30	-14.00	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-4.38	-2.89	-4.56	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-22.00	-4.59	-4.95	-4.54	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-16.97	-5.33	-14.00	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-22.00	-6.33	-10.00	-12.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-1.34	-1.93	-1.93	-0.94	-2.57
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-10.00	-0.91	-3.22	-3.12	-12.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-10.00	-4.98	-3.81	-4.08	-11.50
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.62	-0.20	-1.83	-1.55	-1.69
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-2.58	-3.00	-3.27	-3.29
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-13.50	-4.58	-3.62	-7.22
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-13.50	-5.00	-5.33	-6.39	-14.00
Eatout	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.23	-1.29	-4.30	-2.55	-4.06
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-5.22	-4.40	-3.85	-6.67
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-12.00	-5.41	-5.55	-14.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-10.00	-14.00	-5.65	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-3.24	-1.17	-3.54	-4.61	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-15.00	-3.26	-5.86	-4.10	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-12.00	-14.00	-10.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-3.83	-7.33	-10.00	-10.00

TABLE 41 SOCIAL, OTHER MAINTENANCE, AND OTHER DISCRETIONARY TOUR STOP FREQUENCY TIME-OF-DAY SPECIFIC CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

PURPOSE	CONSTANT	NT1	AM	MD	PM	NT2
Social	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	0.56	-0.89	-1.52	-0.91	-0.68
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-8.00	-2.32	-1.74	-3.74	-8.00
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-8.00	-1.17	-4.47	-6.04	-10.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	0.22	0.41	-1.05	-1.14	-1.27
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-5.11	-2.72	-2.50	-1.16
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-1.47	-3.19	-4.31	-12.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-12.00	-5.20	-11.50	-10.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-0.59	-1.06	-1.60	-1.37	-1.08
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-7.50	-4.91	-4.51	-12.00	-10.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-7.50	-12.00	-4.77	-4.21	-10.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-4.44	-4.49	-11.50	-11.50
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	1.38	-1.09	-1.35	-2.14	-2.26
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-3.04	-4.84	-4.98	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-6.00	-3.10	-2.38	-10.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-4.00	-8.00	-12.00	-10.00	-10.00
Other maintenance	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-1.07	-0.98	-0.29	-0.62	-0.01
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-13.50	-2.06	-1.00	-2.10	-3.86
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-10.00	-2.81	-1.66	-2.23	-10.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.35	-1.45	-0.99	-1.13	-1.54
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-1.23	-1.56	-2.23	-2.26	-10.00
	1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-3.77	-2.20	-6.77	-4.17
	1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-11.50	-4.03	-2.59	-10.00	-11.50
	2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-11.50	-3.26	-2.08	-2.69	-1.70
	2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-5.13	-3.37	-7.39	-11.50
	2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-3.86	-4.70	-14.00	-12.00
	2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-3.76	-3.92	-4.85	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-4.78	-3.62	-4.48	-12.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-5.07	-2.74	-6.17	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-3.85	-5.83	-5.32	-12.00	-10.00
	3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-8.00	-5.90	-7.65	-12.00	-8.00
Other Discretionary	0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-2.21	-1.58	-0.65	-0.73	-0.75
	0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-2.64	-2.6	-1.6	-2.46	-2.81
	0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-4.23	-2.31	-2.42	-3.9	-4.5
	1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-0.91	-0.73	-0.99	-0.63	-1.76
	1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-3.27	-2.06	-1.93	-1.94	-1.92

1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-4.5	-2.88	-3.75	-3.16	-2.92
1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-6.43	-3.4	-3.04	-4.75	-4.5
2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.67	-1.9	-1.78	-2.69	-2.27
2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-4.5	-3.79	-2.85	-3.27	-4.5
2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-5.85	-4.88	-4.52	-5.71	-4.5
2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-4.5	-4.99	-6.02	-4.5	-4.5
3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-2.9	-1.84	-1.5	-3.34	-4.37
3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-4.5	-4.44	-5.16	-4.5	-4.5
3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-5.9	-4.99	-3.96	-4.5	-4.5
3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-4.5	-4.5	-4.5	-4.5	-4.5

TABLE 42: AT-WORK SUBTOUR STOP FREQUENCY CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

CONSTANT	NT1	AM	MD	PM	NT2
0 Outbound Stops and 1 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-6.43	-4.96	-6.81	-6.61
0 Outbound Stops and 2 Inbound Stop	-22.00	-8.19	-6.83	-8.61	-12.00
0 Outbound Stops and 3 Inbound Stop	-14.00	-18.00	-18.00	-18.00	-12.00
1 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-8.97	-6.11	-6.60	-14.00
1 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-16.00	-9.98	-7.29	-6.92	-6.18
1 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-16.00	-20.00	-10.50	-16.00	-16.00
1 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-16.00	-11.64	-16.00	-16.00
2 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-14.00	-22.00	-8.11	-9.82	-16.00
2 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-16.00	-18.00	-16.00	-16.00
2 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-16.00	-18.00	-16.00	-14.00
2 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-16.00	-18.00	-18.00	-12.00
3 Outbound Stop and 0 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-14.00	-18.00	-20.00	-12.00
3 Outbound Stop and 1 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-14.00	-18.00	-20.00	-12.00
3 Outbound Stop and 2 Inbound Stops	-12.00	-14.00	-16.00	-18.00	-12.00
3 Outbound Stop and 3 Inbound Stops	-10.00	-12.00	-14.00	-18.00	-12.00

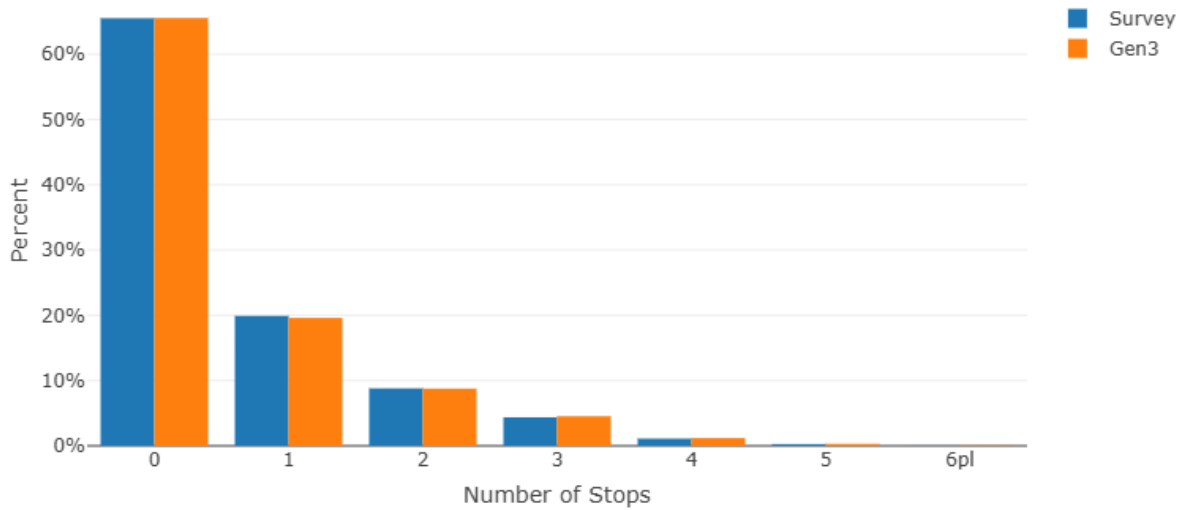


FIGURE 54: TOTAL STOP FREQUENCY

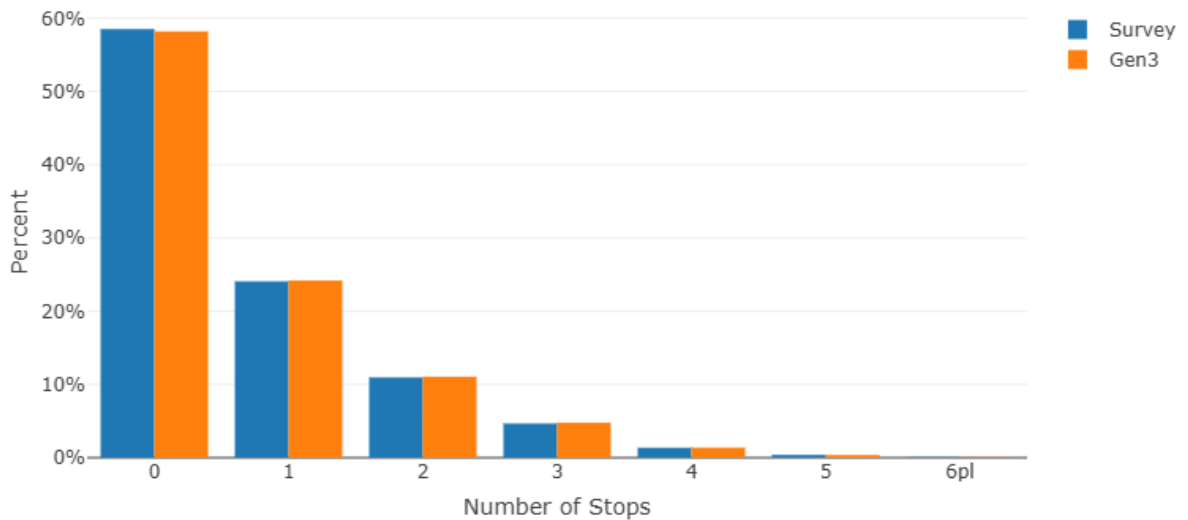


FIGURE 55: WORK TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

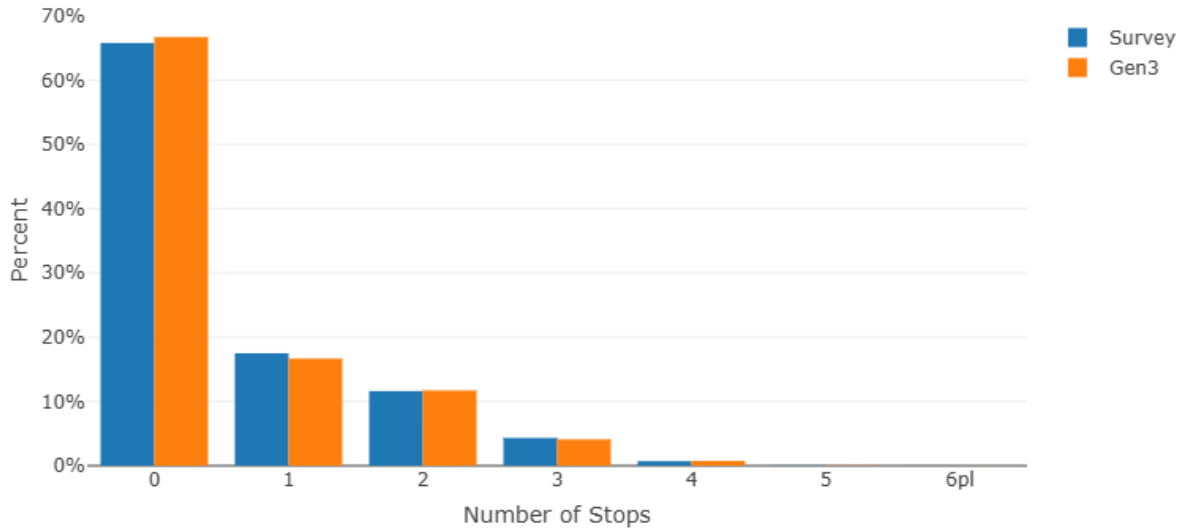


FIGURE 56: UNIVERSITY TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

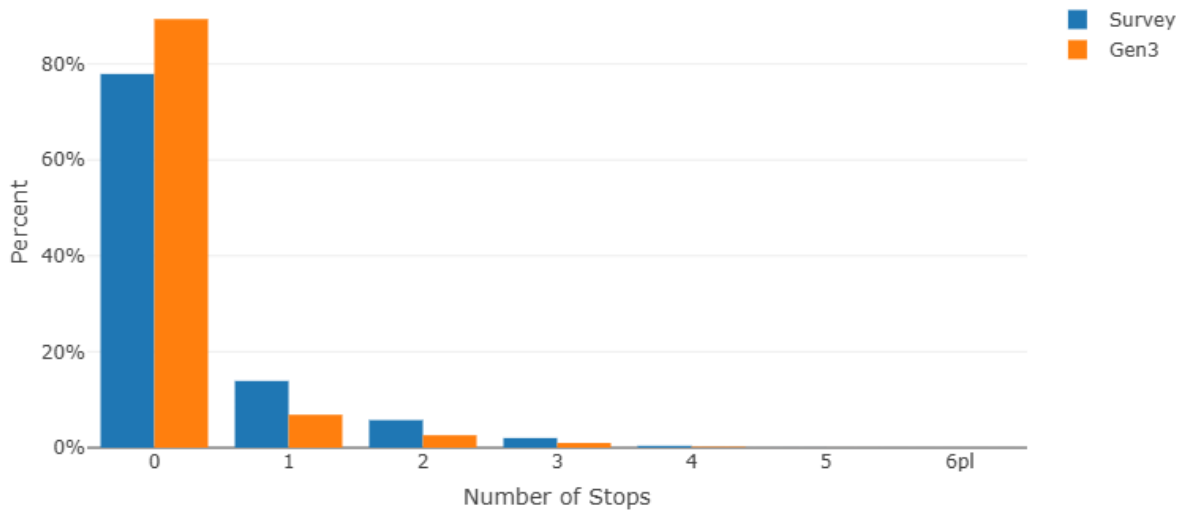


FIGURE 57: SCHOOL TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

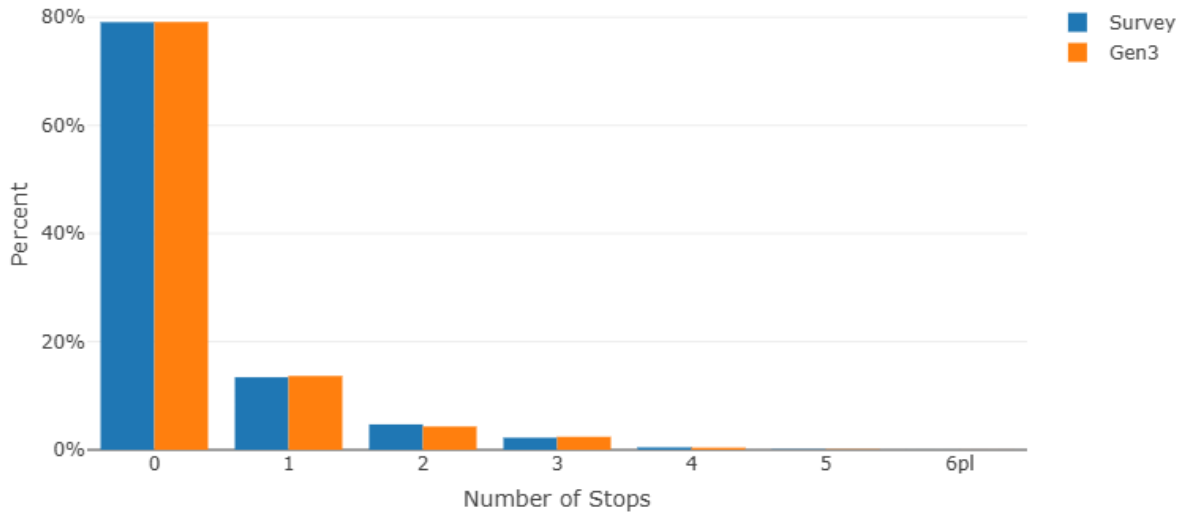


FIGURE 58: ESCORTING TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

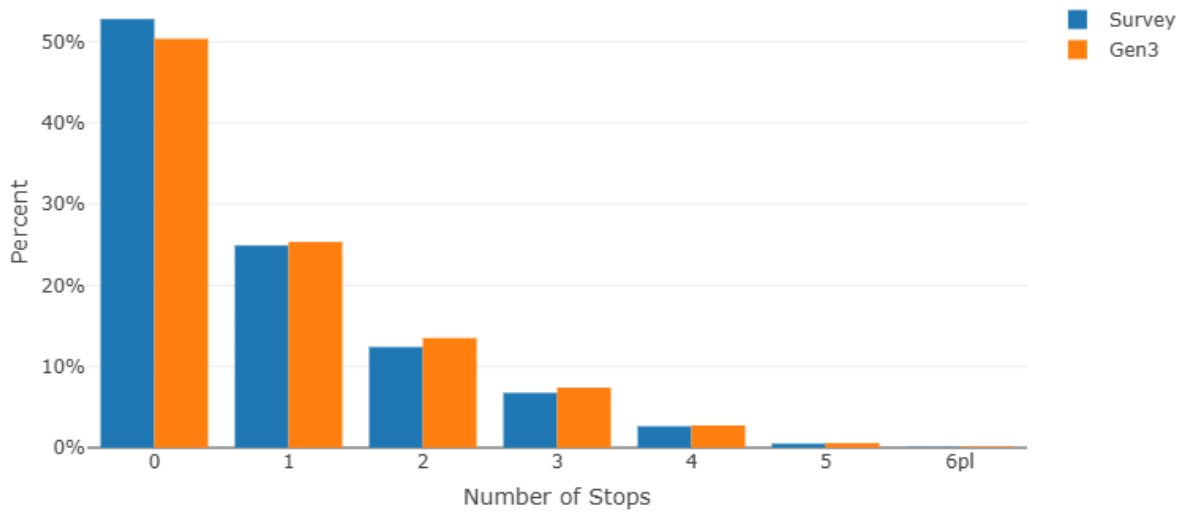


FIGURE 59: INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

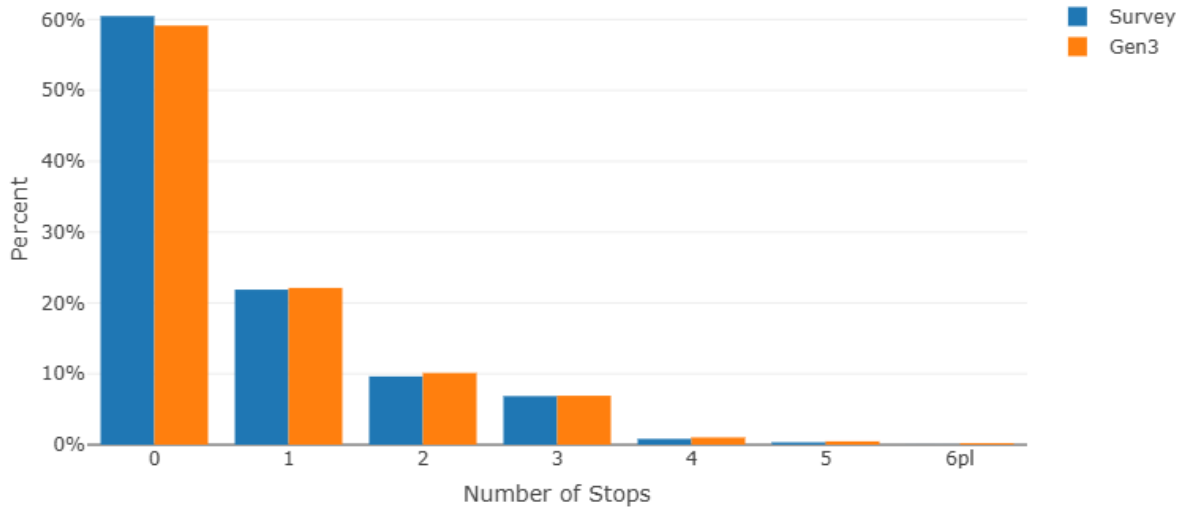


FIGURE 60: INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

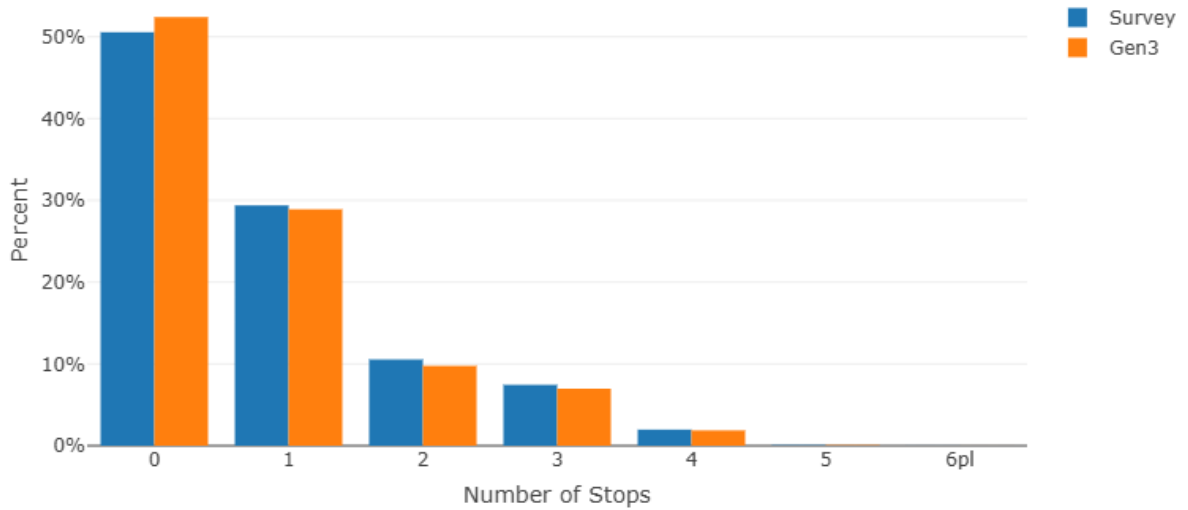


FIGURE 61: JOINT MAINTENANCE TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

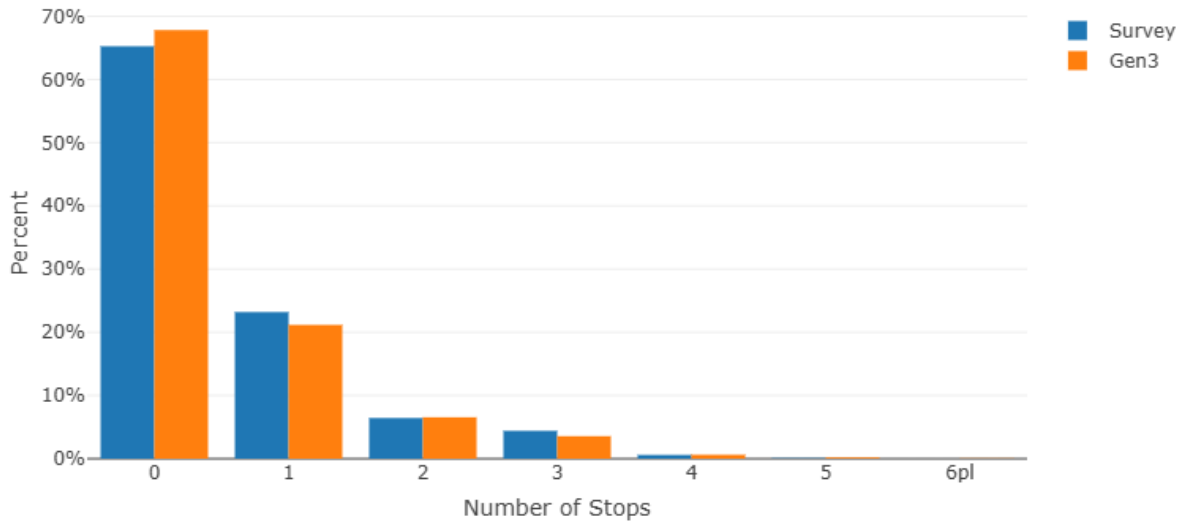


FIGURE 62: JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

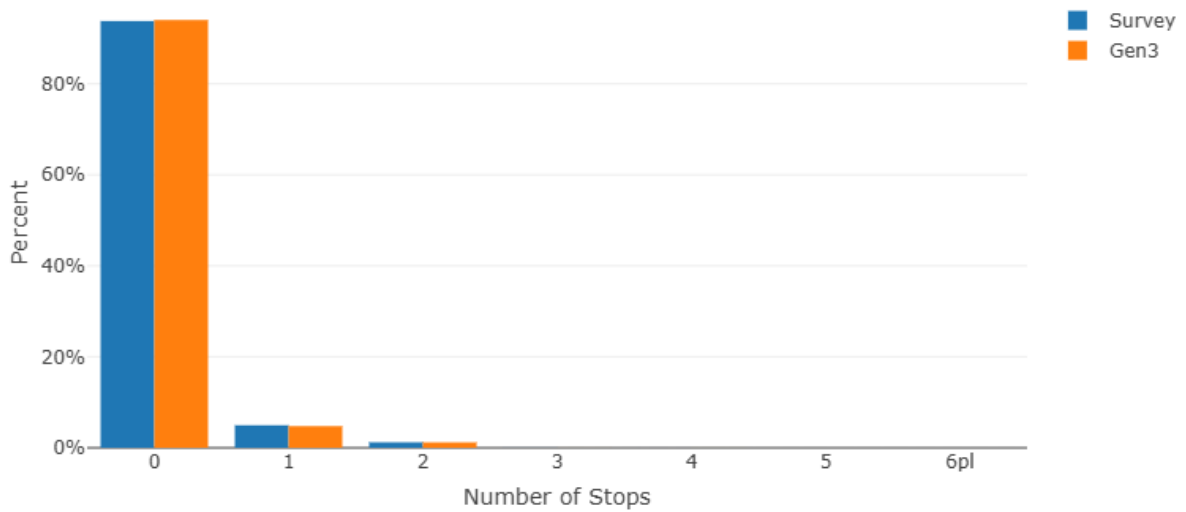


FIGURE 63: AT-WORK TOUR STOP FREQUENCY

2.19 STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

This section documents the aggregate stop and trip departure distribution for the Gen3 Model’s five time-of-day (TOD) periods (i.e., Early morning or Night1, AM, Midday, PM, and late night or Night2 time periods). These results were taken from the post-processed plots from the ActivitySim visualizer. It should be noted that the supply models (e.g., highway/transit skimming and assignment) use four time-of-day (TOD) periods (i.e., AM, Midday, PM, and Night-Time), while stop and trip departure models use half-hour resolutions and aggregate results in five time-of-day periods for calibration purposes only.

It should be noted that no constants or calibration coefficients are necessary or relevant for these trip-level models, as the distributions presented in this section are the result of previously discussed tour time of day choice calibration, stop frequency model calibration, and intermediate stop departure and arrival time distribution calibration that were achieved based on the survey data. This section simply presents the Survey vs. Gen3 comparisons of stop and trip distributions by the five TOD time periods defined in the model.

The stop and trip departure distributions by TOD are shown for different tour purposes as defined in the Gen3 Model. Figure 64 shows the stop and trip-level departures for all tour purposes combined, which shows that the Gen3 Model slightly overestimates stop departures in the AM time period and underestimates in the PM time period. However, trip-level departures compare well with the survey for NT1, AM, and MD time periods,

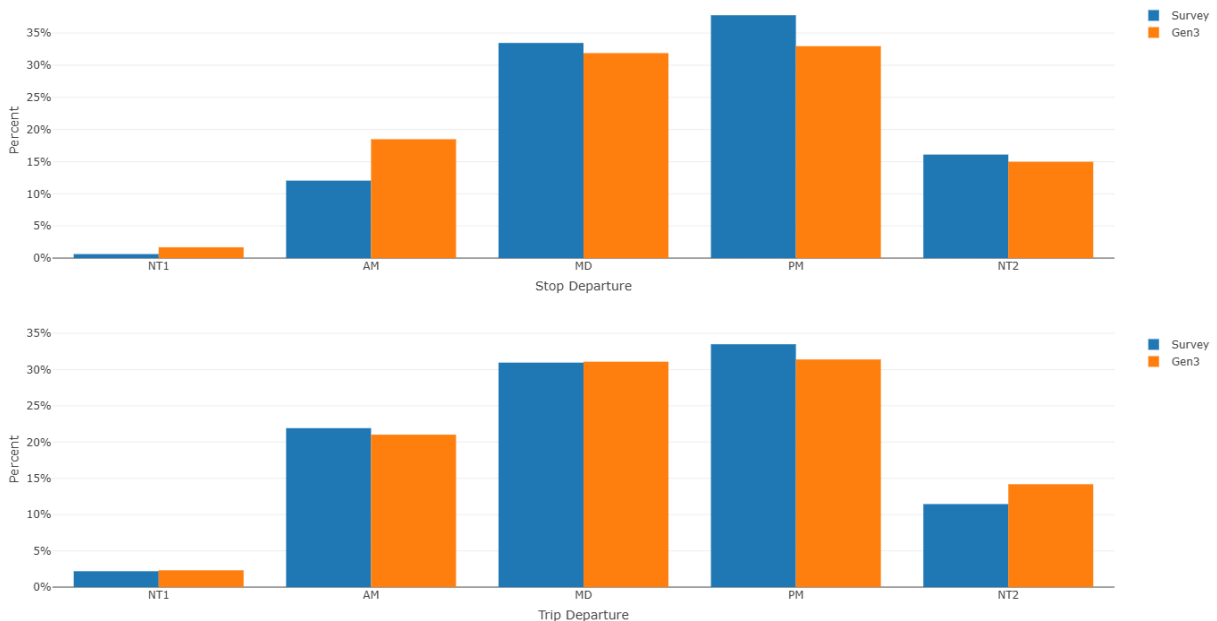


FIGURE 64: TOTAL STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

The next series of charts show the Gen3 vs Survey comparisons of stop and trip departures for specific tour purpose: Figure 65 for work tours; Figure 66 for university tours; Figure 67 for school tours; Figure 68 joint maintenance tours; Figure 69 for joint discretionary tours; Figure 70 for individual maintenance tours; Figure 71 for individual discretionary tours; Figure 72 for escort tours; Figure 73 and for at-work tours. These charts show a similar trend of small underestimation or overestimation for a specific period. In general, the trip departure matches more closely with the survey data.

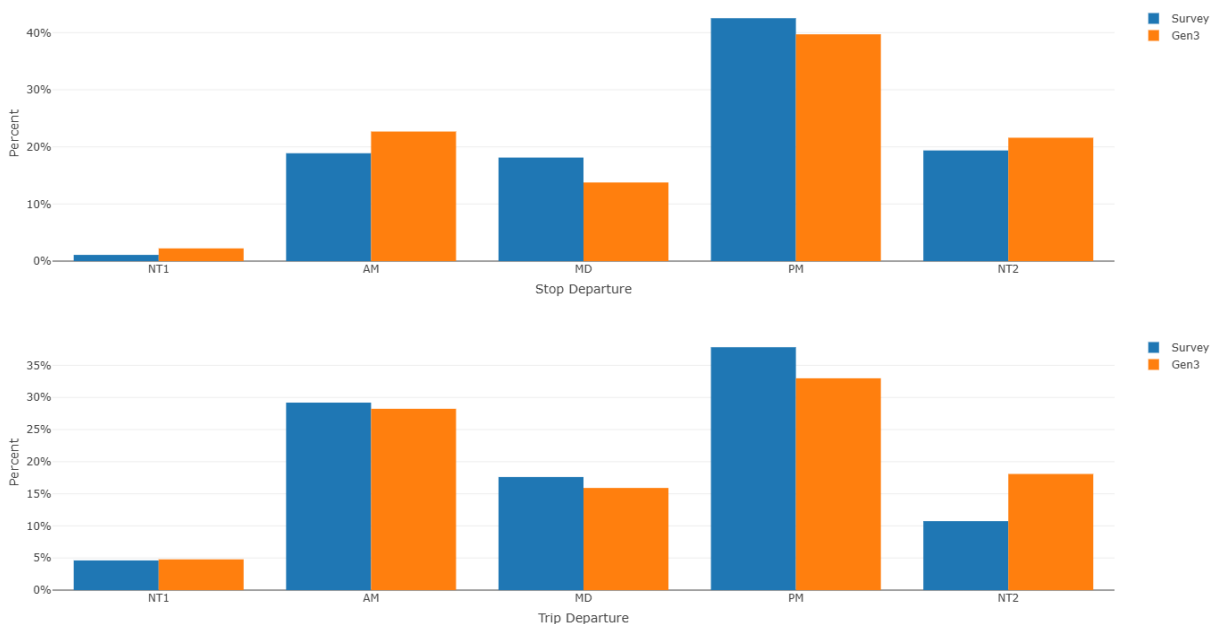


FIGURE 65: WORK TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

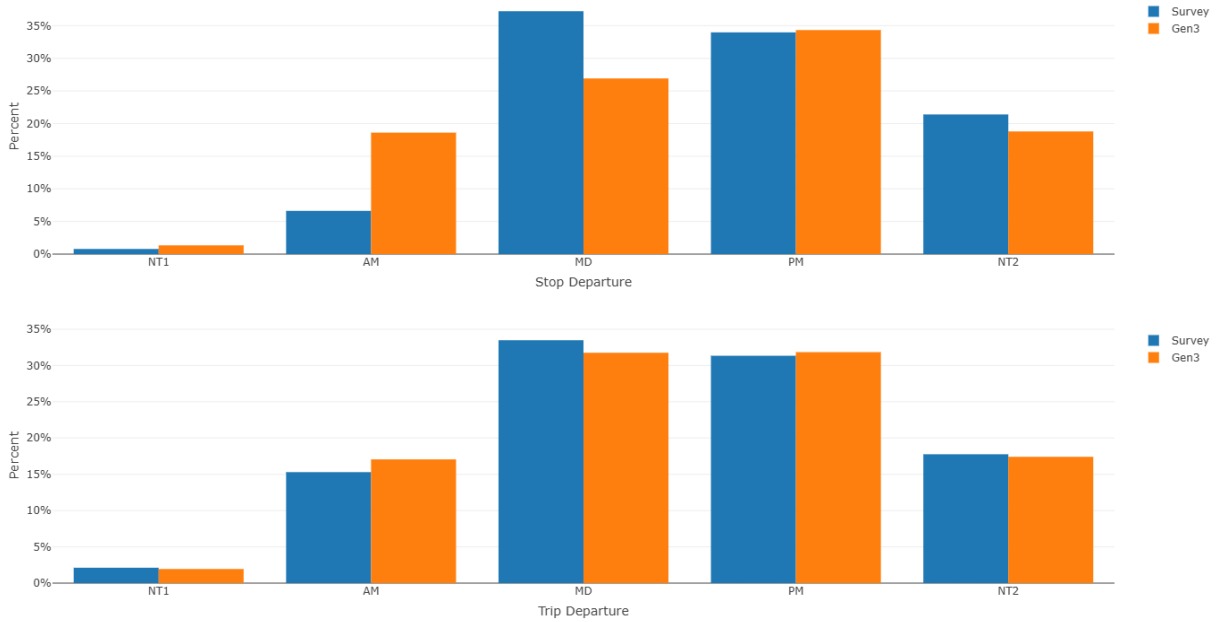


FIGURE 66: UNIVERSITY TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

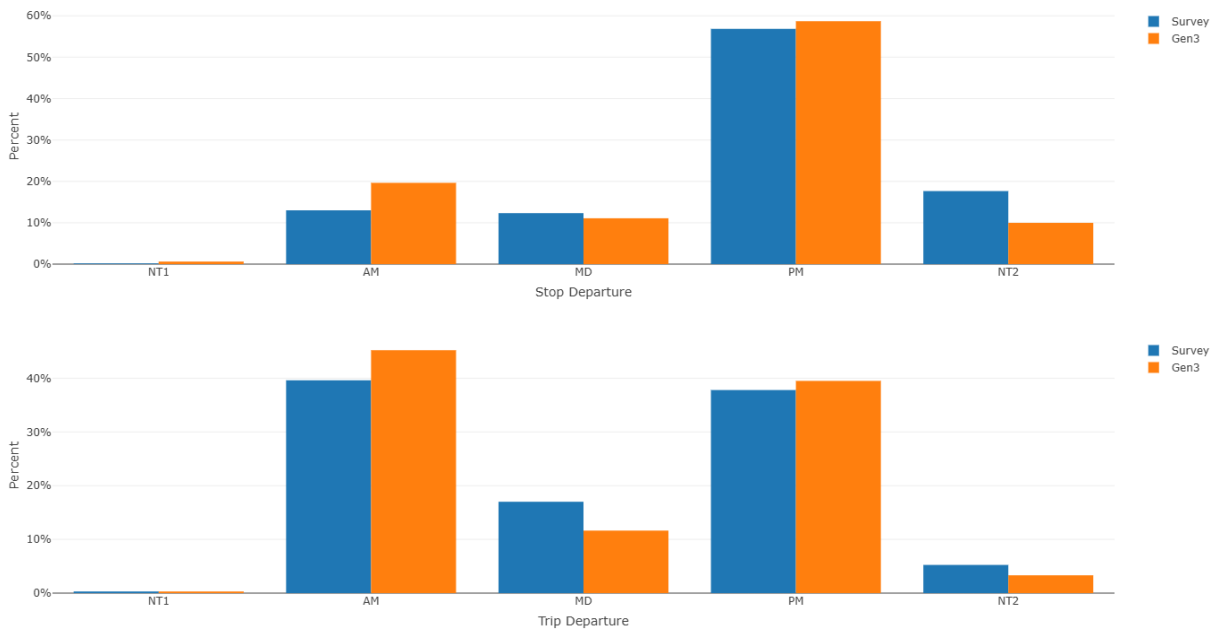


FIGURE 67: SCHOOL TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

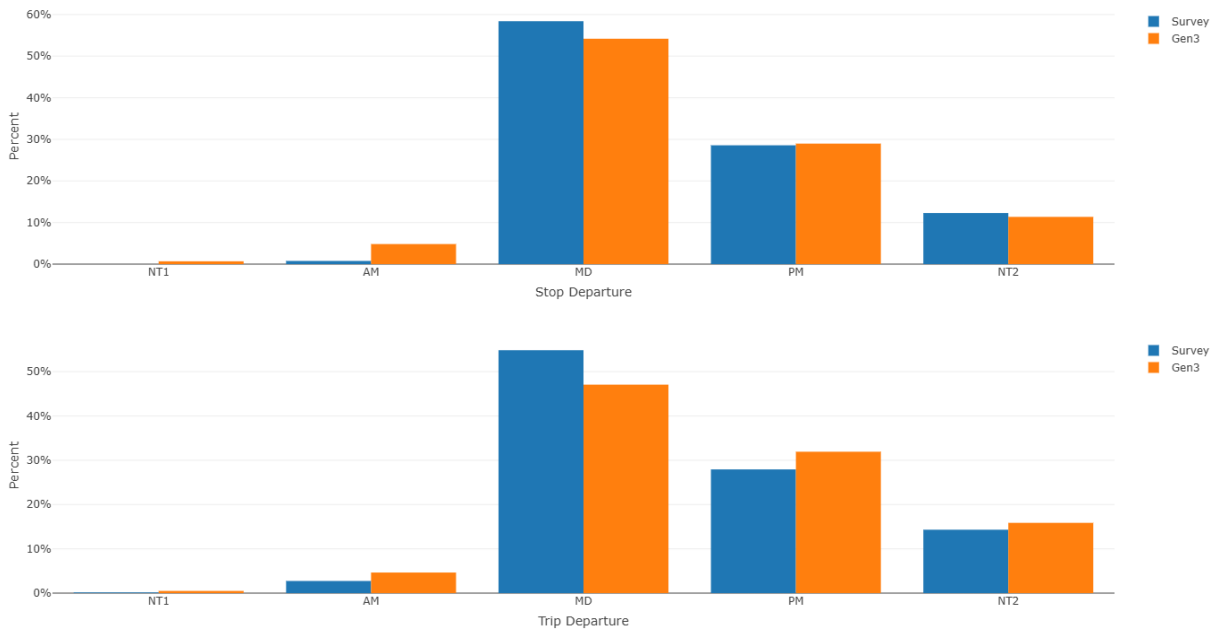


FIGURE 68: JOINT MAINTENANCE TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

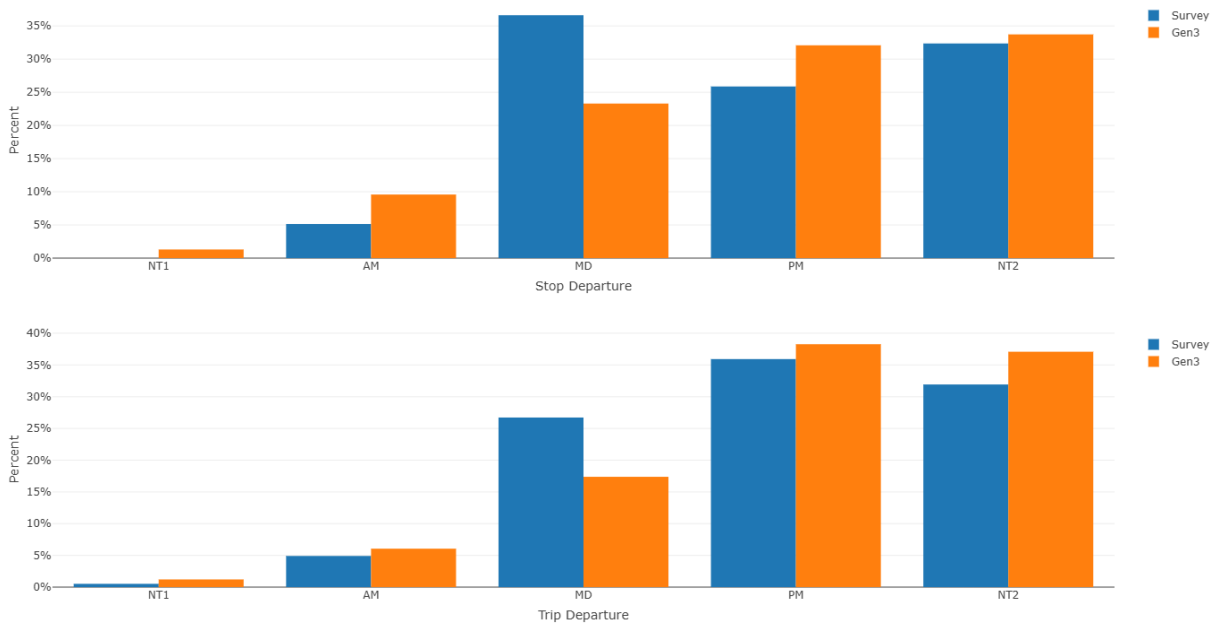


FIGURE 69: JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

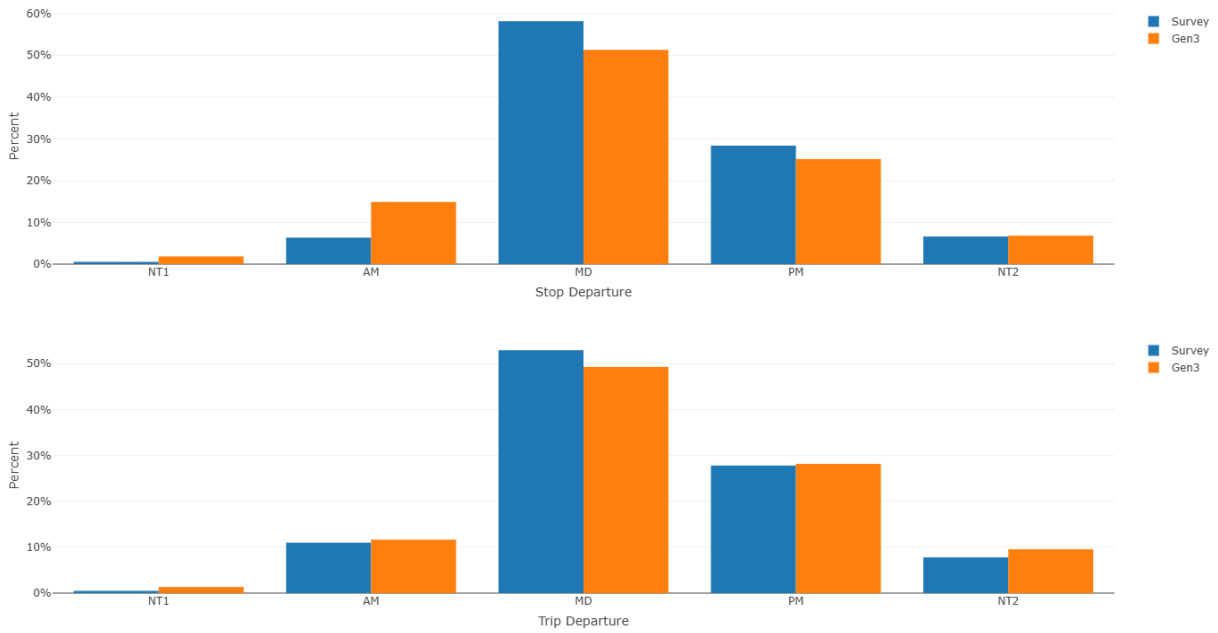


FIGURE 70: INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

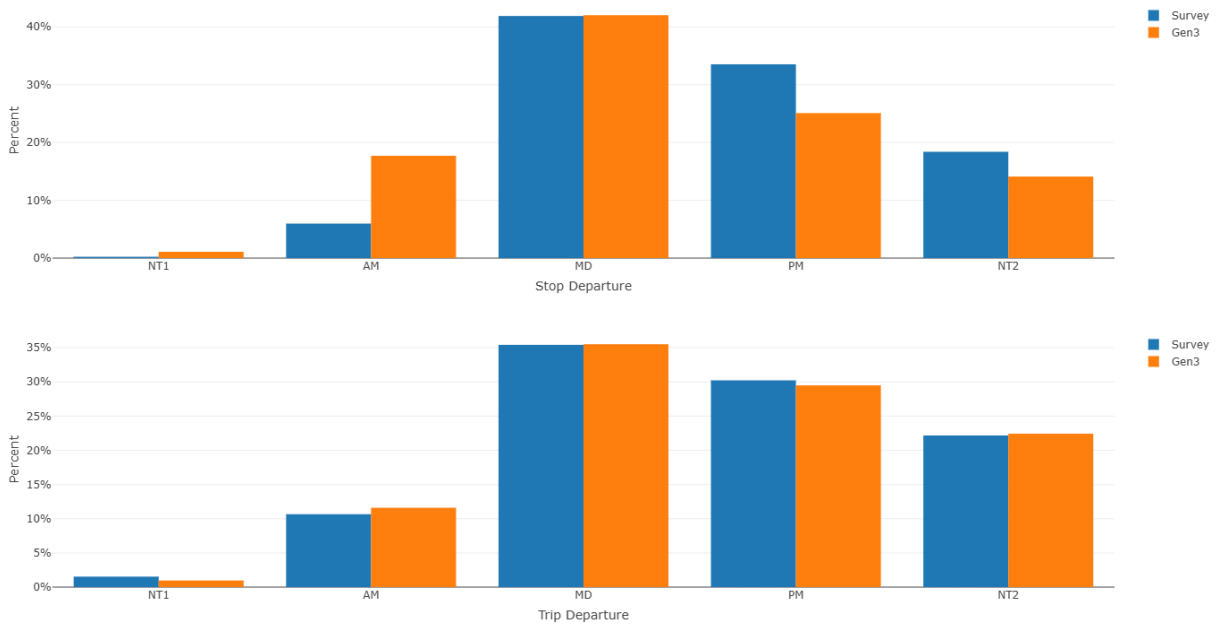


FIGURE 71: INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

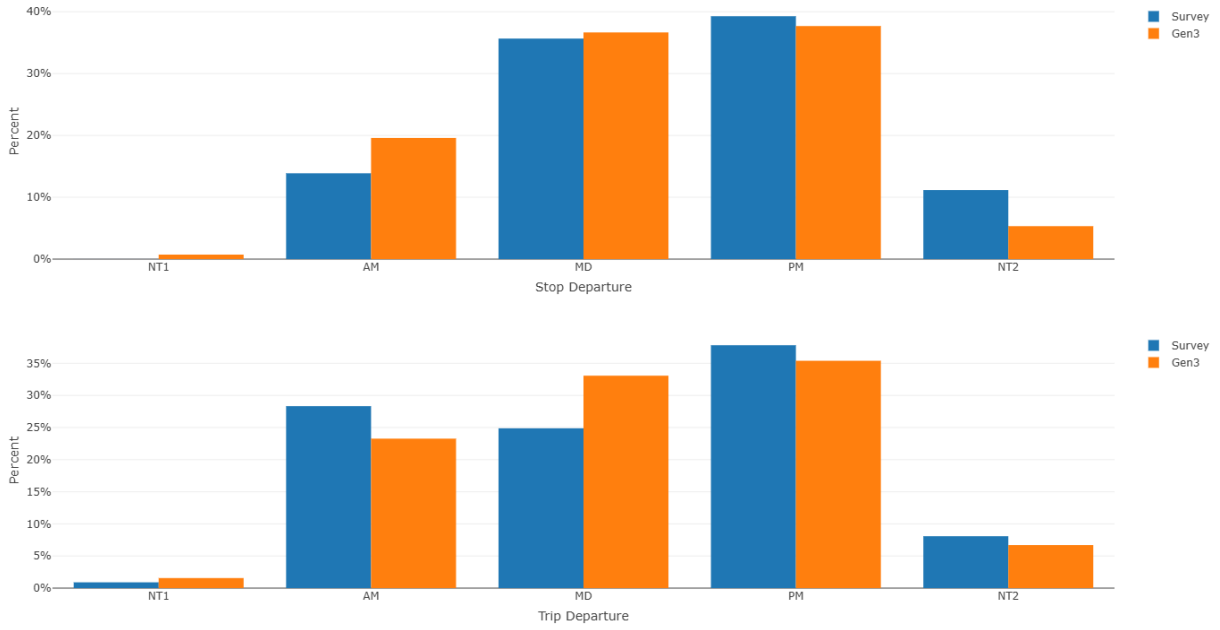


FIGURE 72: ESCORT TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

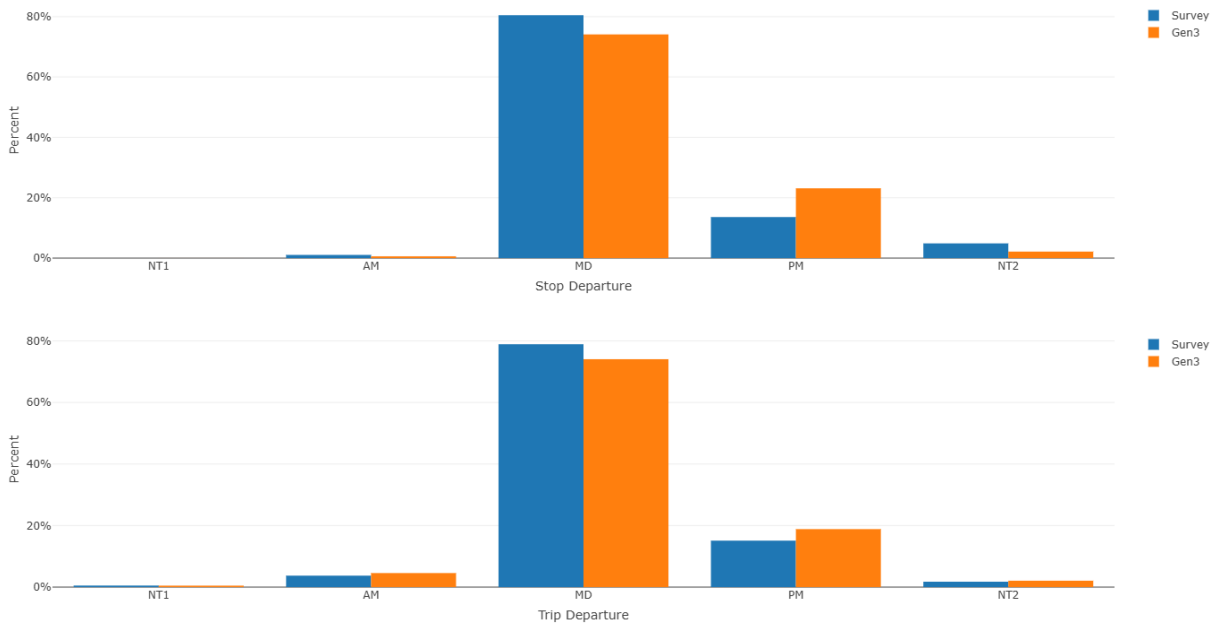


FIGURE 73: AT-WORK TOUR STOP AND TRIP DEPARTURE

2.20 TRIP MODE CHOICE

The trip mode choice model step is a multinomial logit model that assigns the travel mode used to each trip. It is set up the same way as the tour mode choice model (shown in Figure 41), but the nesting coefficients are set to 1.0, which effectively collapses the nested logit structure into a multinomial logit structure.¹³ The model is heavily constrained by the tour mode selected by the tour, so in effect the cross-elasticities between modes are determined by the tour mode choice. Table 43 presents the trip mode availability conditions under each tour mode.

TABLE 43 TRIP MODE AVAILABILITY UNDER TOUR MODE

TRIP MODE	TOUR MODE											
	Drive alone	SR2	SR3	Walk	Bike	Walk transit	PNR transit	KNR transit	School bus	Taxi	TNC single	TNC shared
Drive alone	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×
SR2	×	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
SR3	×	×	✓	✓	×	✓	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
WALK	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	×	×	✓	✓	✓	✓
BIKE	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	×	×	×	×	×	×
Walk transit	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
PNR transit	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
KNR transit	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	×
School bus	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×
Taxi	×	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓
TNC single	×	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓
TNC shared	×	×	×	×	×	✓	×	×	×	✓	✓	✓

The mode share targets by trip purpose were revised based on comparisons of the household survey, the transit surveys, and the transit ridership data. During calibration, adjustments were made to the model constants to improve boardings by transit mode. Additionally, the transit surveys were used to estimate the observed number of transfers, which was calibrated in this model step.

The model includes some overall constants that are used in all trip purposes, and those are listed in Table 44. These were added after survey-based calibration to adjust trips based on traffic volumes and transit ridership comparisons. The overall calibration output for the model is

¹³ See Koppelman and Bhat, *A Self-Instructing Guide to Mode Choice Modeling*. U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Transit Administration, June 30, 2006. Page 163.

shown in Figure 74. The model overestimates 2-person shared-ride trips and single-occupant vehicle trips, but underestimates walk and school bus trips.

TABLE 44: MISCELLANEOUS TRIP CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Description	Constant
Adjustment for Drive Alone trips to DC	-0.16
Adjustment for bus trips within DC	0.60
Transfer constant for walk access to all-bus transit ¹⁴	-0.10

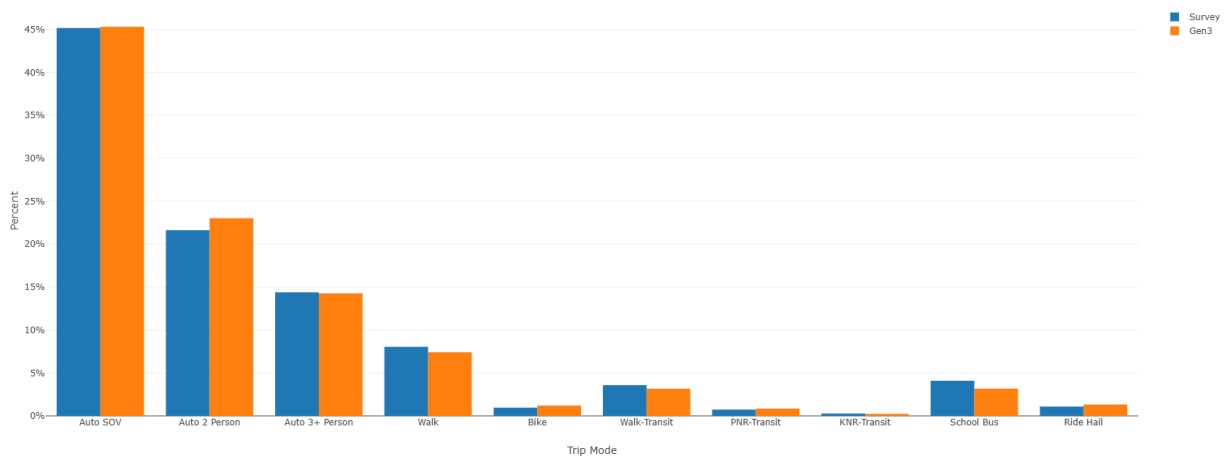


FIGURE 74: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR ALL TOUR PURPOSES

The calibration constants and results for individual trip purposes are discussed, in turn, in the sub-sections below.

Work Trips

The work trip mode choice calibration constants by tour mode and trip mode are listed in Table 45. These constants link the tour mode with trips that may be different from the tour mode (e.g., a drive-alone trip on a shared-ride 2-person tour). Additionally, there are some adjustments used for tour composition – such as when a tour has no stops or for the first or last trip on a

¹⁴ In the model setup, this constant is split into trip purposes (work, university, school, maintenance, discretionary, and at-work), but the constant is the same for all trip purposes.

tour. Those are listed in Table 46. The calibration results for trips on work tours are shown in Figure 75. The model shows a very close comparison between estimated and observed trips by mode.

Table 45: Work Trip Purpose Calibration Constants

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-0.31
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	0.15
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	0.21
Walk	Drive Alone	-2.15
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-3.24
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-3.86
Bicycle	Walk	0.47
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-9.13
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-10.63
Walk Transit	Walk	-0.84
Walk Transit	Bicycle	30
Walk Transit	Taxi	-8.29
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-8.14
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-8.33
Walk Transit	Metrorail	0.35
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	-1.12
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-6.13
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-2.23
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-2.33
Ridehail	Walk	1.27
Any	PNR Metrorail-Only	3.31
Any	PNR Bus+Metrorail	0.63
Any	PNR Commuter Rail	1.73
Any	KNR Metrorail-Only	0.59
Any	KNR Bus+Metrorail	-0.24
Any	KNR Commuter Rail	12.78
Any	Taxi	-0.14
Any	TNC Single	-1.23
Any	TNC Shared	0.84

TABLE 46: WORK TRIP PURPOSE STOP ARRANGEMENT CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Condition	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	No Stops	-2.08
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	No Stops	-2.82
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	No Stops	-2.59
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	First Outbound Trip in Tour	-0.36
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	First Outbound Trip in Tour	-0.51
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	First Outbound Trip in Tour	-1.06
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	Last Inbound Trip in Tour	-0.28
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	Last Inbound Trip in Tour	-0.31
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	Last Inbound Trip in Tour	-0.84

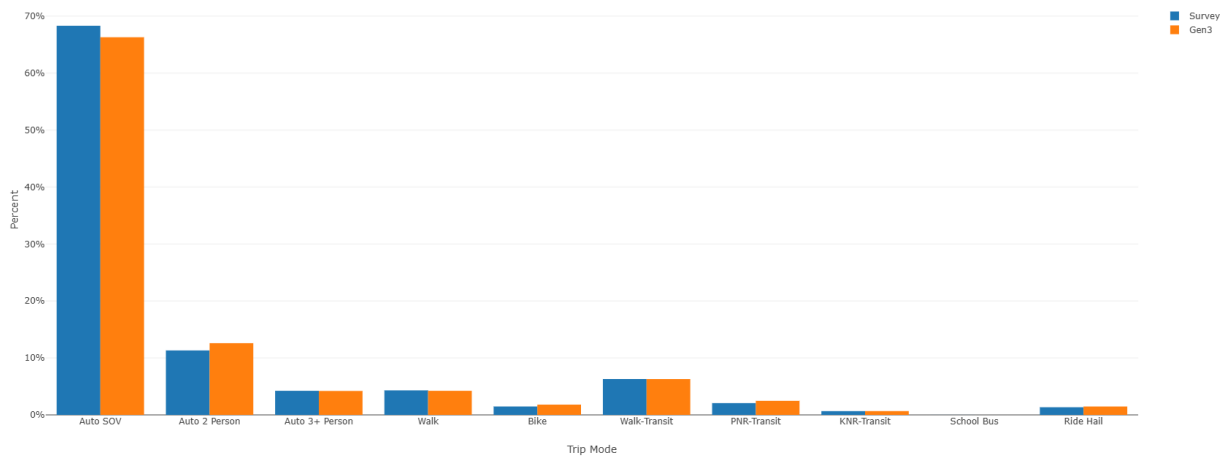


FIGURE 75: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR TRIPS ON WORK TOURS

University and School Trips

The calibration constants for university trips are listed in Table 47 and the calibration constants for school trips are listed in Table 48. These trip purposes do not use any additional tour composition constants (unlike the work trip mode choice model). The calibration results for trips on university tours are shown in Figure 76. University trip mode choice slightly overestimates single-occupant vehicle, walk, and ride hailing (taxi, TNC); the model slightly underestimates shared-ride and walk access transit.

The calibration results for trips on school tours are shown in Figure 77. The school mode choice model slightly overestimates shared-ride trips and slightly underestimates school bus trips.

TABLE 47: UNIVERSITY TRIP PURPOSE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-2.00
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	-2.00
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	-1.48
Walk	Drive Alone	-1.95
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-3.49
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-5.04
Bicycle	Walk	-2.32
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-11.54
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-12.08
Walk Transit	Walk	-1.63
Walk Transit	Bicycle	26.00
Walk Transit	Taxi	-12.06
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-14.22
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-19.00
Walk Transit	Metrorail	5.61
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	-7.09
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-5.69
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-2.05
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-4.12
Ridehail	Walk	1.10
Any	PNR Metrorail-Only	10.75
Any	PNR Bus+Metrorail	-11.90
Any	PNR Commuter Rail	-0.90
Any	KNR Metrorail-Only	5.34
Any	KNR Bus+Metrorail	-16.00
Any	KNR Commuter Rail	-16.00

TABLE 48: SCHOOL TRIP PURPOSE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-0.41
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	-3.00
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	-1.41
Walk	Drive Alone	-4.40
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-2.62
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-2.93
Bicycle	Walk	-1.12
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-5.77
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-5.94
Walk Transit	Walk	-2.00
Walk Transit	Bicycle	0.00
Walk Transit	Taxi	-14.00
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-14.00
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-9.17
Walk Transit	Metrorail	-5.54
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	-0.45
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-8.00
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-0.70
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-0.66
Ridehail	Walk	-8.00
School Bus	Shared-Ride 2	-1.15
School Bus	Shared-Ride 3+	-1.05
School Bus	Walk	-0.93
Any	PNR Metrorail-Only	2.71
Any	PNR Bus+Metrorail	0.00
Any	PNR Commuter Rail	0.00
Any	KNR Metrorail-Only	22.00
Any	KNR Bus+Metrorail	27.65
Any	KNR Commuter Rail	-4.00

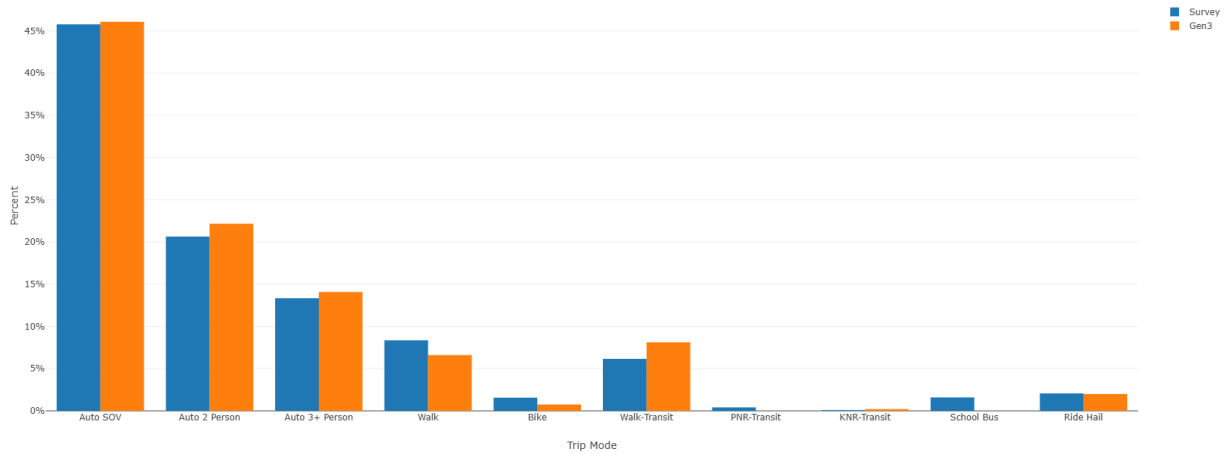


FIGURE 76: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR UNIVERSITY TOURS

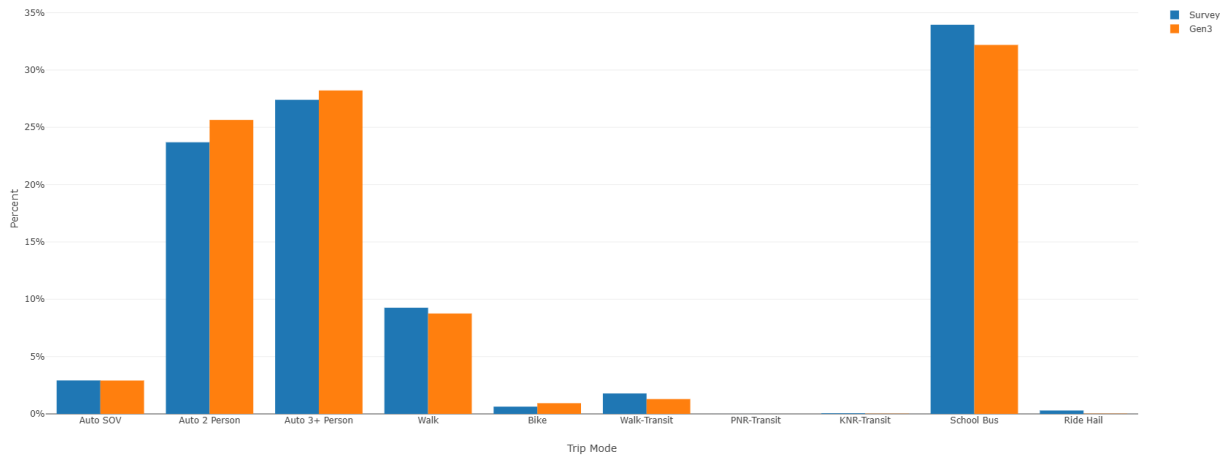


FIGURE 77: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR SCHOOL TOURS

Non-Mandatory Trips

Non-mandatory trips include maintenance (shopping, escort, other maintenance) and discretionary trips (eat out, social-recreation, and other discretionary) trips. The calibration constants for maintenance trips are listed in Table 49 and the calibration constants for discretionary trips are listed in Table 50.

The calibration results for trips on individual maintenance tours is shown in Figure 78 and the calibration of trips on joint maintenance tours is shown in Figure 79. The individual trip model overestimates single-occupant vehicle trips and slightly underestimates shared-ride and walk trips. The joint tours model underestimates 2-person shared-ride trips and overestimates 3-person shared-ride trips.

The calibration of trips on individual discretionary tours is shown in Figure 80, and the calibration of trips on joint discretionary tours is shown in Figure 81. The individual trip mode choice model overestimates single-occupant vehicles and slightly underestimates shared-ride and walk trips. The joint trip mode choice model underestimates 2-person shared-ride trips and overestimates 3-person shared-ride trips.

TABLE 49: MAINTENANCE TRIP PURPOSE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-1.08
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	-2.10
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	-1.35
Walk	Drive Alone	-3.46
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-4.53
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-5.18
Bicycle	Walk	-2.65
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-8.94
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-10.17
Walk Transit	Walk	-1.55
Walk Transit	Bicycle	30.00
Walk Transit	Taxi	-7.86
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-8.20
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-11.27
Walk Transit	Metrorail	-5.98
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	-2.11
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-14.00
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-6.21
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-4.64
Ridehail	Walk	0.69
Any	PNR Metrorail-Only	0.00
Any	PNR Bus+Metrorail	0.00
Any	PNR Commuter Rail	0.00
Any	KNR Metrorail-Only	-4.59
Any	KNR Bus+Metrorail	0.00
Any	KNR Commuter Rail	0.00

TABLE 50: DISCRETIONARY TRIP PURPOSE CALIBRATION CONSTANTS

Tour Mode	Trip Mode	Constant
Shared-Ride 2	Drive Alone	-1.00
Shared-Ride 3+	Drive Alone	-2.25
Shared-Ride 3+	Shared-Ride 2	-1.75
Walk	Drive Alone	-2.66
Walk	Shared-Ride 2	-4.13
Walk	Shared-Ride 3+	-3.83
Bicycle	Walk	-0.70
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 2	-14.34
Walk Transit	Shared-Ride 3+	-14.92
Walk Transit	Walk	-0.72
Walk Transit	Bicycle	30.00
Walk Transit	Taxi	-8.43
Walk Transit	TNC Single	-6.97
Walk Transit	TNC Shared	-12.17
Walk Transit	Metrorail	-1.96
Walk Transit	Bus+Metrorail	-4.45
Walk Transit	Commuter Rail	-9.55
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 2	-2.88
Ridehail	Shared-Ride 3+	-4.02
Ridehail	Walk	0.47
Any	PNR Metrorail-Only	31.29
Any	PNR Bus+Metrorail	27.17
Any	PNR Commuter Rail	32.65
Any	KNR Metrorail-Only	-2.30
Any	KNR Bus+Metrorail	23.76
Any	KNR Commuter Rail	31.88

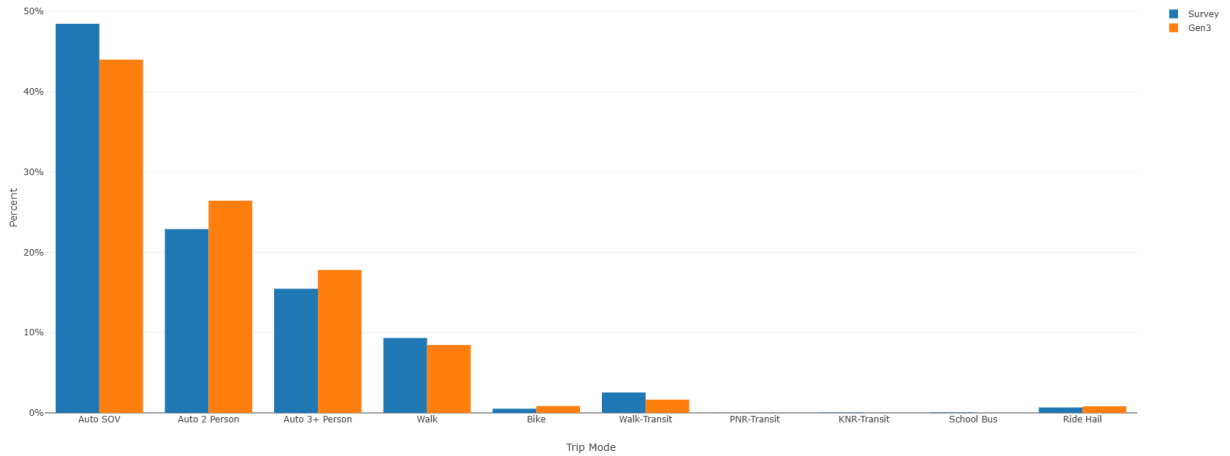


FIGURE 78: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR INDIVIDUAL MAINTENANCE TOURS

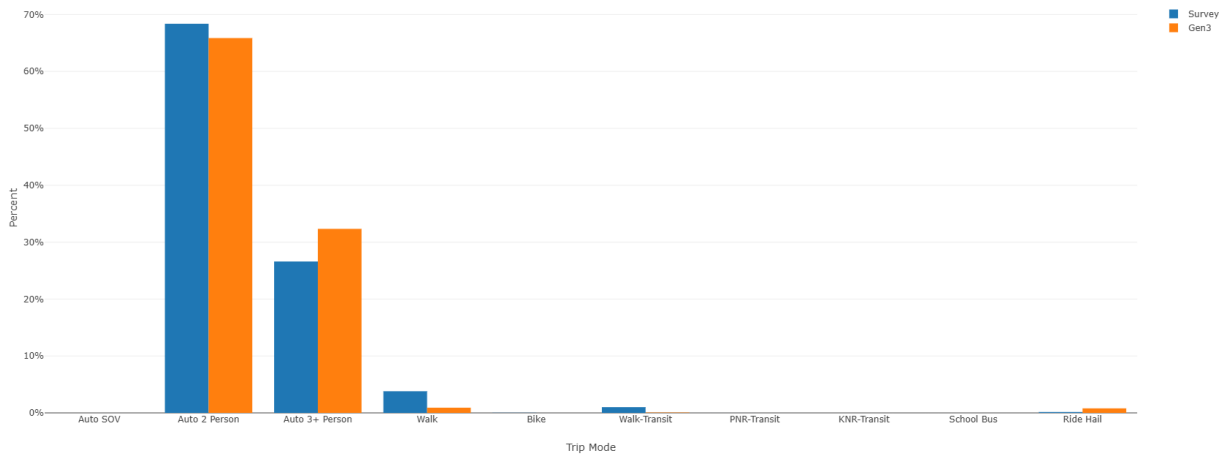


FIGURE 79: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR JOINT MAINTENANCE TOURS

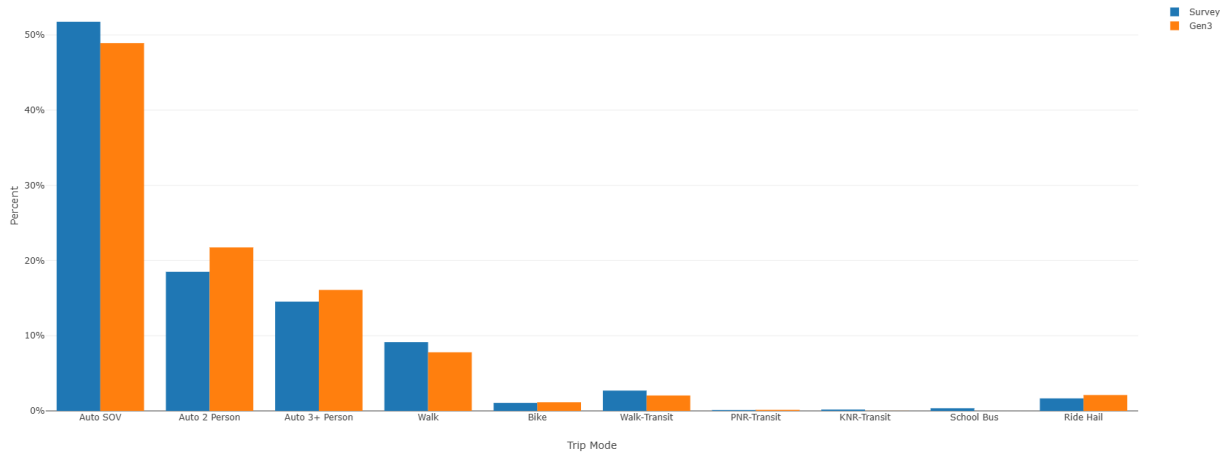


FIGURE 80: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR INDIVIDUAL DISCRETIONARY TOURS

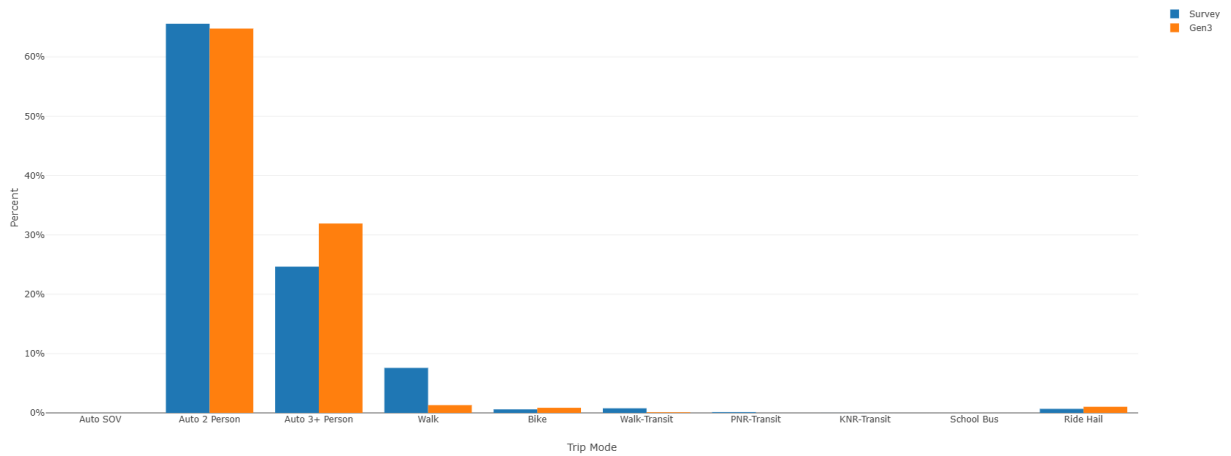


FIGURE 81: TRIP MODE CHOICE CALIBRATION RESULTS FOR JOINT DISCRETIONARY TOURS

3.0 HIGHWAY VALIDATION

The highway assignment validation is based on a comparison of model highway assignment output to observed data, which includes traffic count data collected by local jurisdictions and the Highway Performance Monitoring System (HPMS) vehicle miles of travel (VMT) data, which is developed based on data collected by the state departments of transportation (DOTs). Note that the HPMS data does not necessarily match traffic counts collected by local jurisdictions. This is evident in some of the following summaries and comparisons.

Table 51 lists the comparison of highway assignment volumes to traffic counts by jurisdiction and facility type, as well as the ratio of estimated volume to observed count. This table shows that the model estimates are 2% higher than observed traffic counts. However, as indicated in Table 55, model VMT estimates are slightly lower than HPMS VMT estimates.

The density and variation in land activity is measured in terms of the “area type,” an index that can range from 1 to 6, where 1 is extremely densely developed, and area type 6 is very sparsely developed. (shown in Table 53). All facility types except collectors are within 8% of counts; collector model assignment is 14% lower than counts (shown in Table 54).

Table 51 lists the comparison of estimated average weekday traffic volumes to observed AAWDT traffic counts by jurisdiction. Most of the TPB planning area jurisdictions have overall estimated-to-observed ratios for traffic volumes that are within 10%.

TABLE 51: HIGHWAY ASSIGNMENT VOLUME TO OBSERVED COUNT COMPARISON BY JURISDICTION AND FACILITY TYPE (ON LINKS WITH COUNTS)

JURISDICTION	FREEWAY	MAJOR ARTERIAL	MINOR ARTERIAL	COLLECTOR	EXPRESSWAY	TOTAL*
District of Columbia	0.79	1.10	1.03	0.91	0.68	0.91
Montgomery County	0.95	1.11	1.13	0.75	1.58	1.03
Prince George's County	0.93	0.97	0.91	0.62	0.84	0.91
Arlington County	0.88	0.83	0.89	0.76	1.02	0.88
City of Alexandria	1.02	0.98	1.03	1.51	-	1.02
Fairfax County	0.96	0.84	0.95	0.89	0.91	0.93
Loudoun County	0.75	1.02	1.49	0.99	0.67	1.16
Prince William County	1.12	1.06	0.96	0.86	1.08	1.04
Frederick County	1.11	1.32	1.28	0.84	1.00	1.14
Howard County	1.09	1.35	1.24	0.80	0.92	1.09
Anne Arundel County	1.05	1.03	1.04	0.88	1.05	1.04
Charles County	-	1.16	1.08	0.39	-	1.09
Carrol County	1.15	1.38	2.13	1.07	-	1.59
Calvert County	-	0.85	1.06	0.73	-	0.87
St. Mary's County	-	0.92	0.87	0.97	-	0.90
King George County	-	0.92	0.90	0.87	-	0.91
City of Fredericksburg	0.94	0.94	1.87	0.48	-	1.00
Stafford County	1.13	1.11	1.13	0.63	-	1.06
Spotsylvania County	0.99	0.91	0.65	0.55	-	0.87
Fauquier County	1.20	0.96	1.44	1.45	-	1.14
Clarke County	-	1.43	1.67	-	-	1.52
Jefferson County	1.26	1.77	2.37	1.22	-	1.70
TOTAL	1.01	1.06	1.12	0.80	0.91	1.02

* The Florida DOT (FDOT) standard for estimated/observed VMT areawide is +/- 5% (acceptable) and +/- 2% (preferable).

Table 52 lists the comparison of estimated volume to observed count on screenlines, which is also shown in Figure 82. The column "STD" presents the general acceptable standard for deviation from ideal "1" ratio (adopted from FDOT's standard). This deviation is +/-0.1 for screenlines within MWCOG planning region and +/-0.2 for those outside. Over half of the

screenlines are within 15% of the observed volume, and two thirds of them are within 20% of the observed volume.

It is worth noting that, in an iterative process to improve the highway validation performance, incremental model adjustments were made both on the demand side and on the supply (network) side. On the demand side, the calibration adjustments in ActivitySim have been discussed in the previous chapter. On the network side, RSG kept the 11-minute Potomac River crossing time penalty that is implemented in the Gen2 Regional Travel Demand Model and introduced a 5-minute time penalty on all the Anacostia River bridge crossings. RSG also changed the facility type coding on some of the Anacostia River bridges and their upstream/downstream links based on aerial photography. In addition, COG reviewed the coding of screenline links in DC (specifically, Screenline 2 and Screenline 4) and their upstream and downstream links and revised the number of lanes coded on those links in consideration of the time-of-day, on-street parking in DC. The final highway validation results presented in this report reflect all these model adjustments.

TABLE 52: ESTIMATE/OBSERVED TRAFFIC VOLUMES ON REGIONAL SCREENLINES

SCREEN-LINE	FREEWAY	MAJOR ARTERIAL	MINOR ARTERIAL	COLLECTOR	EXPRESS-WAY	TOTAL	STD
1	1.13	0.63	1.01	1.02	-	0.95	+/- 0.1
2	-	1.19	1.31	1.11	0.70	1.12	+/- 0.1
3	1.01	0.96	0.85	0.68	-	0.95	+/- 0.1
4	0.00	1.33	1.14	1.08	0.70	1.10	+/- 0.1
5	0.86	1.00	1.13	0.99	-	0.98	+/- 0.1
6	0.96	1.03	0.90	0.49	0.78	0.92	+/- 0.1
7	0.90	0.97	0.96	0.62	0.87	0.92	+/- 0.1
8	0.96	1.18	0.93	0.64	1.17	1.02	+/- 0.1
9	1.01	1.52	1.01	1.01	-	1.12	+/- 0.1
10	0.94	1.14	0.96	1.49	-	1.12	+/- 0.1
11	1.03	0.87	1.16	0.87	-	0.97	+/- 0.1
12	0.95	1.28	1.44	0.79	-	1.10	+/- 0.1
13	0.95	1.26	1.61	-	-	1.11	+/- 0.1
14	0.89	1.09	0.63	0.40	-	0.85	+/- 0.1
15	0.78	0.94	0.95	0.85	-	0.84	+/- 0.1
16	0.83	1.12	0.83	0.32	-	0.80	+/- 0.1
17	0.99	0.92	0.96	0.91	-	0.96	+/- 0.1
18	0.92	0.71	1.10	1.27	0.75	0.90	+/- 0.1
19	0.86	1.08	0.99	0.75	0.73	0.86	+/- 0.1
20	1.19	1.08	-	-	0.75	1.02	+/- 0.1
22	0.91	1.08	0.95	0.57	0.99	0.94	+/- 0.1

SCREEN-LINE	FREEWAY	MAJOR ARTERIAL	MINOR ARTERIAL	COLLECTOR	EXPRESS-WAY	TOTAL	STD
23	1.24	1.47	0.86	0.27	-	1.04	+/- 0.2
24	0.87	0.89	0.79	0.86	-	0.86	+/- 0.1
25	1.34	-	1.60	2.07	-	1.42	+/- 0.1
26	1.23	-	1.59	3.17	1.34	1.38	+/- 0.2
27	1.37	1.19	0.97	1.25	-	1.28	+/- 0.1
28	-	0.87	0.94	0.90	-	0.90	+/- 0.1
31	-	2.11	2.48	2.45	-	2.37	+/- 0.1
32	-	1.80	1.72	-	-	1.77	+/- 0.2
33	1.30	0.99	1.40	-	-	1.23	+/- 0.2
34	-	1.08	1.49	-	-	1.17	+/- 0.1
35	1.08	0.83	0.80	0.42	0.79	0.92	+/- 0.1
36	-	1.72	3.08	-	-	1.87	+/- 0.2
37	-	-	1.89	2.54	-	1.91	+/- 0.2
38	-	1.06	0.49	0.69	-	0.78	+/- 0.1

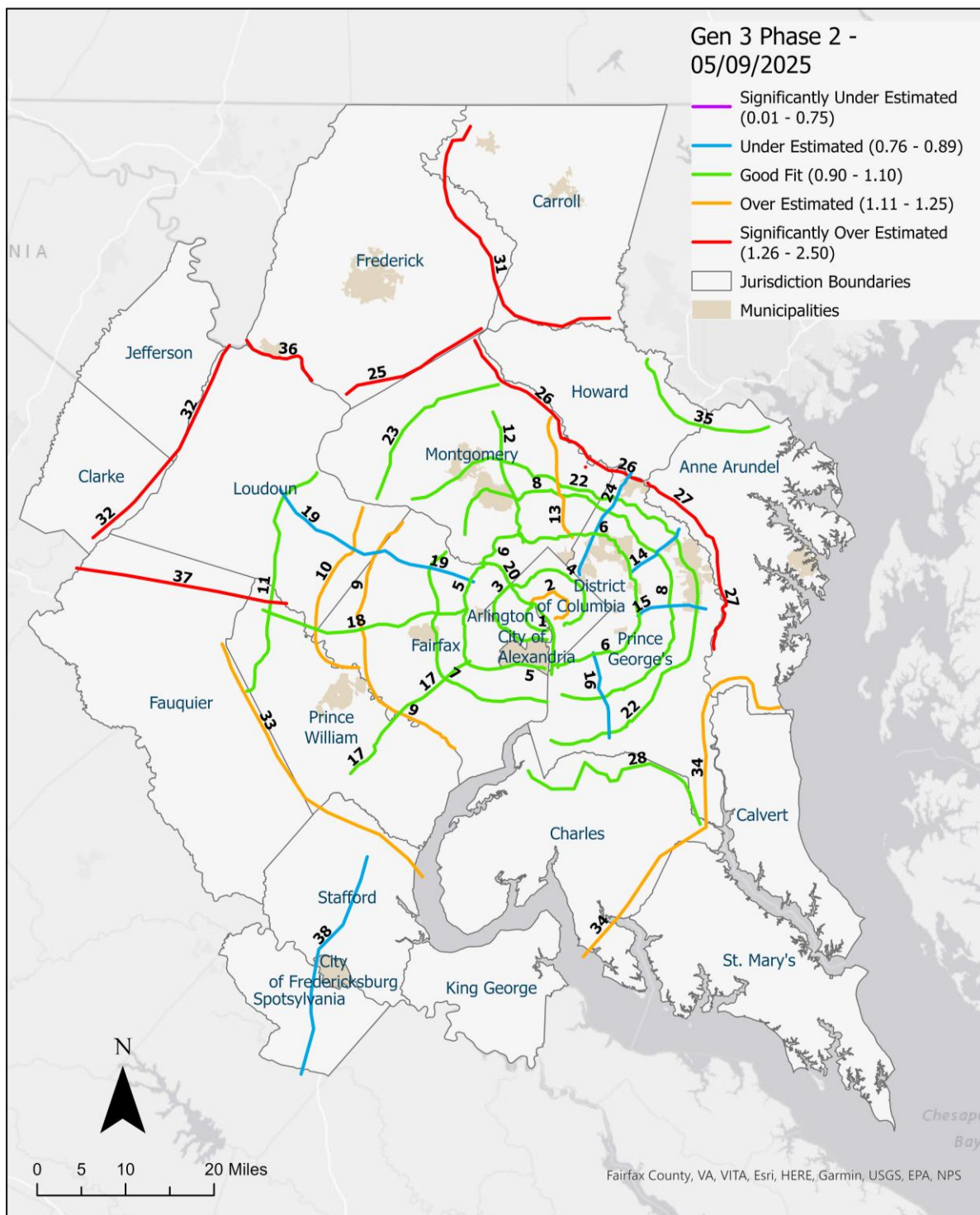


FIGURE 82: ESTIMATED-TO-OBSERVED TRAFFIC VOLUMES ON SCREENLINES

Table 53 shows the estimated VMT compared to the observed VMT by jurisdiction. This table includes the comparison for links with counts available. Table 55, on the other hand, shows the estimated VMT compared to the HPMS-based VMT data for all network links. As shown in the two tables, most of the jurisdictions are within 10% of both count-based VMT and HPMS VMT estimates. Almost all the jurisdictions are within 20% of count-based VMT and only a few of them fall outside the +/- 20% range when compared to the HPMS VMT data.

TABLE 53: ESTIMATED VOLUME COMPARED TO OBSERVED VOLUME BY AREA TYPE BASED ON LINKS WITH COUNTS

AREA TYPE	OBSERVED 2018	GEN3 2018	GEN2 2018	GEN 3 E/O	GEN2 E/O	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
1: High mixed employment and population density	9,843,948	9,939,139	10,328,977	1.01	1.04	± 25% / ± 15%
2: Medium/high mixed density	31,266,106	29,548,749	31,049,705	0.95	0.98	± 25% / ± 15%
3: Medium employment density	27,384,672	25,959,222	26,166,926	0.95	0.96	± 25% / ± 15%
4: Medium population density	17,129,636	17,086,056	17,739,028	1.00	1.03	± 25% / ± 15%
5: Low density	19,077,729	19,969,996	19,874,883	1.05	1.04	± 25% / ± 15%
6: Rural	10,562,619	13,198,407	12,944,715	1.25	1.23	± 25% / ± 15%
TOTAL	115,264,710	115,701,569	118,104,234	1.00	1.02	

* Based on 7,889 directional links with daily traffic counts in 2018

TABLE 54: ESTIMATED VOLUME COMPARED TO OBSERVED VOLUME BY FACILITY TYPE BASED ON LINKS WITH COUNTS

FACILITY TYPE	OBSERVED 2018	GEN3 2018	GEN2 2018	GEN 3 E/O	GEN2 E/O	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
Freeway	39,264,889	38,789,089	41,149,106	0.99	1.04	± 7% / ± 6%
Major Arterial	35,108,530	37,038,053	37,418,680	1.05	1.06	± 15% / ± 10%
Minor Arterial	25,577,725	26,354,750	26,101,599	1.03	1.02	± 15% / ± 10%
Collector	6,046,370	5,120,653	4,865,434	0.85	0.80	± 25% / ± 20%
Expressway	9,233,286	8,373,237	8,536,418	0.91	0.92	± 15% / ± 10%
TOTAL	115,264,710	115,701,569	118,104,234	1.00	1.02	± 5% / ± 2%

* Based on 7,889 directional links with daily traffic counts in 2018

A comparison of the VMT by jurisdiction to HPMS is listed in Table 54. Compared to the Gen2 Model, the Gen3 Model is closer to the observed HPMS VMT for the TPB planning area, the air quality nonattainment area, and the non-TPB member area. The City of Alexandria, Loudoun County, St. Mary's County, and Stafford County have the largest differences between the Gen2 and Gen3 models.

Compared to the Gen2 Model, the Gen3 Model performs better for most TPB Member jurisdictions (Montgomery County, Prince George's County, City of Alexandria, Loudoun County, Prince William County, Frederick County, and Charles County). In the cases where the Gen2 Model performed better than the Gen3 Model, no model-related problems have been identified. The underestimation for DC can be attributed to screenline counts that indicate less traffic should be going to DC while VMT suggests more traffic in DC. In DC and in other TPB member jurisdictions, the traffic assignment underestimation can be attributed to one or more factors of land use problems, potential traffic count problems, or network coding errors. Outside of the TPB member area, Spotsylvania County's observed VMT includes the entire county while the VMT for the Gen2 and Gen3 models includes only the northern portion of the county. The remaining non-TPB member counties may have similar potential issues as the member counties but may also have travel patterns that differ significantly from the rest of the region, thus leading to model volumes that are over- or under-assigned.

TABLE 55: MODELED VS. HPMS-BASED OBSERVED VMT BY JURISDICTION (FOR ALL LINKS)

JURISDICTION NAME	OBSERVED (HPMS) VMT	GEN3 ESTIMATED VMT	GEN2 ESTIMATED VMT	GEN3 ESTIMATED / OBSERVED	GEN2 ESTIMATED / OBSERVED
District of Columbia	8,410,547	7,480,741	8,160,131	0.89	0.97
Montgomery County	20,844,658	21,056,805	20,794,264	1.01	1.00
Prince George's County	25,320,822	23,625,486	22,659,440	0.93	0.89
Arlington County	4,115,600	3,842,674	4,109,213	0.93	1.00
City of Alexandria	1,851,663	2,280,807	2,140,651	1.23	1.16
Fairfax County	28,284,350	27,420,859	28,111,767	0.97	0.99
Loudoun County	7,342,782	8,208,072	7,449,609	1.12	1.01
Prince William County	10,300,396	10,410,601	10,162,646	1.01	0.99
Frederick County	8,391,370	9,188,821	9,066,690	1.10	1.08
Howard County	11,526,986	12,078,250	11,426,554	1.05	0.99
Anne Arundel County	16,518,082	16,043,434	16,058,595	0.97	0.97
Charles County	3,426,164	3,304,173	3,237,059	0.96	0.94
Carrol County	3,408,904	4,532,172	4,381,657	1.33	1.29
Calvert County	2,019,452	1,506,812	1,652,935	0.75	0.82
St. Mary's County	2,367,534	1,950,242	2,134,629	0.82	0.90
King George County	932,207	824,228	835,845	0.88	0.90
City of Fredericksburg	990,749	896,476	894,269	0.90	0.90
Stafford County	4,358,421	4,316,349	4,716,562	0.99	1.08
Spotsylvania County**	3,774,287	2,422,378	2,376,420	0.64	0.63
Fauquier County***	3,686,566	3,639,789	3,802,460	0.99	1.03
Clarke County	827,733	1,122,960	1,082,114	1.36	1.31
Jefferson County	1,069,310	1,520,613	1,505,290	1.42	1.41
Total	169,768,582	167,672,741	166,758,800	0.99	0.98
TPB Planning Area	118,288,351	116,819,038	115,891,470	0.99	0.98
Non-TPB Member Area	51,480,231	50,853,703	50,867,330	0.99	0.99
Air Quality Nonattainment Area (8-Hour Ozone)	120,307,803	118,325,850	117,544,405	0.98	0.98

* The observed VMT data is from HPMS.

** Observed VMT is for the entire Spotsylvania County while Estimated is for northern portion of county only.

*** Fauquier County urbanized area was part of TPB Planning Area as of 2023. Fauquier County, however, is not included as a TPB member in this summary as the HPMS VMT data is only available for the whole county.

§ Florida DOT standard for estimated-over-observed VMT Areawide is ±5% (acceptable) and ±2% (preferable).

§§ MWCOG standard for estimated-over-observed VMT for DC is between 1.0 and 1.03.¹⁵

¹⁵ MWCOG. Gen3 Model Development Task Order 5 Scope of Work. 7/5/2023.

The percent root mean square error (RMSE) by facility type is listed in Table 56. Since smaller values of RMSE are better, the RMSE for freeways is excellent, and the RMSE for expressways and major arterials is good.

TABLE 56: HIGHWAY ASSIGNMENT RMSE BY FACILITY TYPE

FACILITY TYPE	NUMBER OF OBSERVED COUNTS	SUM OF SQUARED DIFFERENCE	SUM OF OBSERVED COUNTS	GEN3 PERCENT RMSE	GEN2 PERCENT RMSE*
Freeway	663	107,429,020,710	39,209,493	21.5%	24.4%
Major Arterial	2,069	84,620,540,299	35,160,052	37.6%	38.9%
Minor Arterial	3,375	50,370,233,052	25,794,076	50.5%	48.5%
Collector	1,711	14,614,260,279	6,445,884	77.6%	76.7%
Expressway	251	51,131,560,087	9,255,438	38.7%	36.1%
Ramp	2	32,997,077	33,910	23.96	4.1%
Total	8,069	308,165,614,428	115,864,943	43.0%	44.2%

* Year 2018 Validation of TPB Version 2.4 Travel Model

The RMSE by area type is listed in Table 57. The RMSE for area types 1-5 is good. The RMSE by jurisdiction is listed in Table 58. Many jurisdictions have good RMSE scores (below 40% RMSE).

TABLE 57: HIGHWAY ASSIGNMENT RMSE BY AREA TYPE

AREA TYPE	NUMBER OF OBSERVED COUNTS	SUM OF SQUARED DIFFERENCE	SUM OF OBSERVED COUNTS	GEN3 PERCENT RMSE
1	807	41,570,215,996	10,038,017	57.7%
2	1,982	85,063,172,869	31,530,660	41.2%
3	1,271	74,933,794,255	27,407,090	35.6%
4	1,137	37,405,342,764	17,191,331	37.9%
5	1,275	39,823,280,700	19,109,588	37.3%
6	1,597	29,369,807,843	10,588,257	64.7%
Total	8,069	308,165,614,428	115,864,943	43.0%

TABLE 58: HIGHWAY ASSIGNMENT RMSE BY JURISDICTION

JURISDICTION	NUMBER OF OBSERVED COUNTS	SUM OF OBSERVED COUNTS	GEN3 PERCENT RMSE	GEN2 PERCENT RMSE
District of Columbia	1,363	13,689,128	66.8%	64.6%
Montgomery County	857	15,104,533	30.0%	29.5%
Prince George's County	830	17,192,570	36.5%	37.9%
Arlington County	348	4,912,374	50.6%	51.3%
City of Alexandria	132	2,391,200	29.9%	33.9%
Fairfax County	1,540	23,864,008	40.0%	43.9%
Loudoun County	338	3,070,888	57.3%	54.6%
Prince William County	445	6,265,650	38.6%	43.6%
Frederick County	374	3,827,168	46.8%	48.6%
Howard County	222	5,584,580	31.9%	31.8%
Anne Arundel County	456	9,991,954	33.7%	32.5%
Charles County	176	1,356,056	58.2%	60.5%
Carrol County	174	1,241,916	84.6%	80.9%
Calvert County	98	806,624	34.2%	22.6%
St. Mary's County	120	815,868	32.2%	30.7%
King George County	50	271,000	36.2%	31.6%
City of Fredericksburg	44	777,134	38.0%	38.5%
Stafford County	148	1,852,468	43.5%	62.1%
Spotsylvania County	96	986,600	41.1%	41.7%
Fauquier County	134	1,117,082	36.6%	34.7%
Clarke County	38	321,500	63.8%	58.4%
Jefferson County	86	424,642	116.8%	119.4%
Total	8,069	115,864,943	43.0%	44.2%

The Root Mean Square Error comparison by volume group is shown in Table 59. The RMSE for the Gen2 and Gen3 models are very similar.

TABLE 59: VOLUME GROUP RMSE COMPARISON

VOLUME GROUP	NUMBER OF OBSERVED COUNTS	GEN3 PERCENT RMSE	GEN2 PERCENT RMSE	STANDARD
< 5,000	2,635	114.2%	112.7%	100%
5,000 – 9,999	1,969	54.7%	58.3%	45%
10,000 – 14,999	1,169	41.3%	42.3%	35%
15,000 – 19,999	727	33.5%	33.5%	30%
20,000 – 29,999	731	29.5%	31.1%	27%
30,000 – 49,999	392	27.3%	27.9%	25%
50,000 – 59,999	116	24.6%	22.7%	20%
60,000 +	330	19.7%	21.3%	19%
Total	8,069	43.0%	44.2%	

4.0 TRANSIT VALIDATION

The transit validation is based on observed transit data from the transit providers (WMATA, MARC, VRE, and the Federal Transit Administration's National Transit Data). A summary of the transit validation is listed in Table 60. All of the major modes – Metrorail, commuter rail, and bus (All Bus in the table) are within 5% and overall transit is 2% overestimated.

TABLE 60: TRANSIT LOADING SUMMARY

TRANSIT MODE	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED RIDERSHIP	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE) ¹⁶	STANDARD (PREFERABLE)
Metrorail*	624,717	641,227	0.97	+/- 9%	+/- 3%
Commuter Rail	55,776	57,989	0.96	+/- 9%	+/- 3%
MARC	40,724	39,498	1.03	+/- 9%	+/- 3%
VRE	15,053	18,491	0.81	+/- 9%	+/- 3%
All Bus**	608,083	575,642	1.06	+/- 9%	+/- 3%
<i>Metrobus Total</i>	<i>336,969</i>	<i>360,000</i>	<i>0.94</i>	<i>+/- 9%</i>	<i>+/- 3%</i>
<i>Other Bus in WMATA Area</i>	<i>173,702</i>	<i>141,390</i>	<i>1.23</i>	<i>+/- 9%</i>	<i>+/- 3%</i>
<i>Other Bus not in WMATA Area</i>	<i>97,412</i>	<i>74,252</i>	<i>1.31</i>	<i>+/- 9%</i>	<i>+/- 3%</i>
Total Transit¹⁷	1,288,577	1,273,449	1.01	+/- 9%	+/- 3%

* Source: RSG. Gen3 Data Development. Washington, D.C.: Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments, National Capital Region Transportation Planning Board, December 29, 2021, Table 3-11,

https://www.mwco.org/assets/1/6/Gen3_Phase_1_Data_Development_Report_Final.pdf

** Source: Meseret Seifu and Sanghyeon Ko, "Year-2018 Validation of TPB Version 2.4 Travel Model", COG/TPB Memorandum, August 17, 2021. Note that the observed bus ridership data includes I-X and X-I bus trips made by residents/non-residents of the TPB modeled area while the Ver. 2.4 Model simulates only resident I-I trips. However, the I-X and X-I bus trips which likely use commuter buses, accounted for only a very small fraction of total bus ridership (0.63 %). The Gen3 Model similarly models only resident I-I trips but does include visitor and I-X and X-I transit trips. Again, this is a small fraction of bus ridership, but a slightly larger fraction of commuter rail ridership (about 1%).

¹⁶ Cambridge Systematics. FSUTMS-Cube Framework Phase II Model Calibration and Validation Standards. 10/2/2008.

¹⁷ Metrorail + Commuter Rail + All Bus; note that Metrobus Total + Other Bus in WMATA Area + Other Bus not in WMATA Area = All Bus

Table 61 lists the station group ridership for Metrorail. Most station groups are within 20% of the observed data. See Figure 83 for a map of station groups.

TABLE 61: METRORAIL STATION GROUP BOARDING COMPARISON

STATION GROUP	STATION GROUP NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED RIDERSHIP	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
1	Red Line - "A" route MD outside Beltway	20,123	28,038	0.72	± 20% / ± 15%
2	Red Line - "A" route MD inside Beltway	21,814	22,663	0.96	± 20% / ± 15%
3	Red Line - "A" route DC non-core	24,968	22,157	1.13	± 20% / ± 15%
4	Red Line - DC core	132,265	134,602	0.98	± 20% / ± 15%
5	Red Line - "B" route DC non-core	27,568	24,075	1.15	± 20% / ± 15%
6	Red Line - "B" route MD	21,124	22,873	0.92	± 20% / ± 15%
7	Green Line - "E" route MD	11,517	17,003	0.68	± 25% / ± 20%
8	Green Line - "E" route DC non-core	16,840	22,469	0.75	± 20% / ± 15%
9	Green Line - DC core	40,201	38,192	1.05	± 20% / ± 15%
10	Green Line - "F" route DC non-core	25,789	21,253	1.21	± 20% / ± 15%
11	Green Line - "F" route MD	13,872	17,359	0.8	± 25% / ± 20%
12	Blue/Yellow Line - VA Fairfax	15,851	16,027	0.99	± 25% / ± 20%
13	Blue/Yellow Line - VA Alexandria	11,330	13,536	0.84	± 25% / ± 20%
14	Blue/Yellow Line - VA Core	28,557	45,438	0.63	± 20% / ± 15%
15	Orange Line - VA Fairfax	9,596	15,724	0.61	± 25% / ± 20%
16	Orange Line - VA Arlington non-core	34,059	28,802	1.18	± 20% / ± 15%
17	Orange/Blue Line - VA/DC core	103,835	95,840	1.08	± 20% / ± 15%
18	Orange/Blue Line - DC non-core	14,811	11,628	1.27	± 25% / ± 20%
19	Orange Line - DC/MD	13,841	13,401	1.03	± 25% / ± 20%
20	Blue Line - DC/MD	19,411	13,680	1.42	± 25% / ± 20%

STATION GROUP	STATION GROUP NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED RIDERSHIP	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
21	Silver Line - Phase I & Phase 2	17,343	16,466	1.05	± 25% / ± 20%
	Total for Red Line Station Groups	247,862	254,408	0.97	± 20% / ± 15%
	Total for Green Line Station Groups	108,221	116,276	0.93	± 20% / ± 15%
	Total for Blue/Yellow Line Station Groups	55,738	75,001	0.74	± 20% / ± 15%
	Total for Orange/Blue Line Station Groups	195,553	179,075	1.09	± 20% / ± 15%
	Total for Silver Line Station Groups	17,343	16,466	1.05	± 20% / ± 15%
	Grand Total	624,717	641,226	0.97	± 9% / ± 3%

Note: * FDOT standard for transit ridership >20,000 passengers per day is ±20% (acceptable) and ±15% (preferable) and is ±25% (acceptable) and ±20% (preferable) for 10k-20k passengers per day.

Table 62 lists the station boardings for commuter rail stations. There is a lot of variability from station to station, which may be due to reasons that the model does not understand, for example the number of parking spaces at each station.

TABLE 62: COMMUTER RAIL STATION BOARDING COMPARISON

CR SERVICE	CR LINE	STATION NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED BOARDINGS*	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
MARC	Penn	External	6,951	6,421	1.08	± 35% / ± 25%
MARC	Penn	BWI Airport	386	2,339	0.17	± 65% / ± 35%
MARC	Penn	Odenton	4,288	3,334	1.29	± 65% / ± 35%
MARC	Penn	Bowie State	884	265	3.34	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Penn	Seabrook	1,672	517	3.23	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Penn	New Carrollton	1,482	1,763	0.84	± 100% / ± 65%

CR SERVICE	CR LINE	STATION NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED BOARDINGS*	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
MARC	Camden	External	457	440	1.04	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Dorsey	420	554	0.76	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Jessup	24	10	2.53	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Savage	172	461	0.37	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Laurel	2,084	658	3.17	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Muirkirk	563	444	1.27	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Greenbelt	38	71	0.54	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	College Park	570	213	2.68	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Camden	Riverdale	203	109	1.86	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	External	195	77	2.53	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Duffields	183	98	1.88	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Harpers Ferry	310	66	4.68	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Brunswick	321	367	0.87	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Point of Rocks	353	334	1.06	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Dickerson	9	29	0.3	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Barnesville	2	90	0.02	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Boyds	27	22	1.21	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Germantown	726	756	0.96	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Metropolitan Grove	176	357	0.49	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Gaithersburg	596	549	1.09	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Washington Grove	19	88	0.22	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Rockville	952	336	2.83	± 150% / ± 100%

CR SERVICE	CR LINE	STATION NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED BOARDINGS*	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
MARC	Brunswick	Garrett Park	46	224	0.2	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Kensington	86	192	0.45	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Silver Spring	1,197	452	2.65	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Monocacy/I-270	217	195	1.12	± 150% / ± 100%
MARC	Brunswick	Frederick	56	114	0.49	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Spotsylvania	352	661	0.71	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Fredericksburg	2,243	817	2.74	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Leeland Road	174	832	0.21	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Brooke	441	479	0.92	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Quantico	866	457	1.89	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Rippon	422	572	0.74	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Woodbridge	774	619	1.25	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Lorton	180	749	0.24	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg	Franconia-Spgfld	238	327	0.73	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Manassas	Broad Run/Airport	117	1,005	0.12	± 100% / ± 65%
VRE	Manassas	Manassas City	1,244	809	1.54	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Manassas	Manassas Park	419	687	0.61	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Manassas	Burke Center	497	977	0.51	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Manassas	Rolling Road	123	453	0.27	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Manassas	Backlick Road	158	284	0.56	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg + Manassas	Alexandria	1,597	759	2.1	± 150% / ± 100%
VRE	Fredericksburg + Manassas	Crystal City	223	1,644	0.14	± 100% / ± 65%

CR SERVICE	CR LINE	STATION NAME	MODEL ESTIMATE	OBSERVED BOARDINGS*	EST / OBS	STANDARD (ACCEPTABLE/PREFERABLE)
VRE	Fredericksburg + Manassas	L'Enfant Plaza	2,439	3,813	0.64	± 65% / ± 35%
	All Lines	Union Station	17,213	19,240	0.89	± 25% / ± 20%
MARC	MARC Lines	MARC Stations	40,384	38,795	1.04	± 20% / ± 15%
VRE	VRE Lines	VRE Stations	15,005	18,332	0.82	± 25% / ± 20%
TOTAL			55,389	57,128	0.97	

* Station boardings only, does not include transfers

Metrarail Station Group Estimated/Observed Gen3 Phase 2 Model

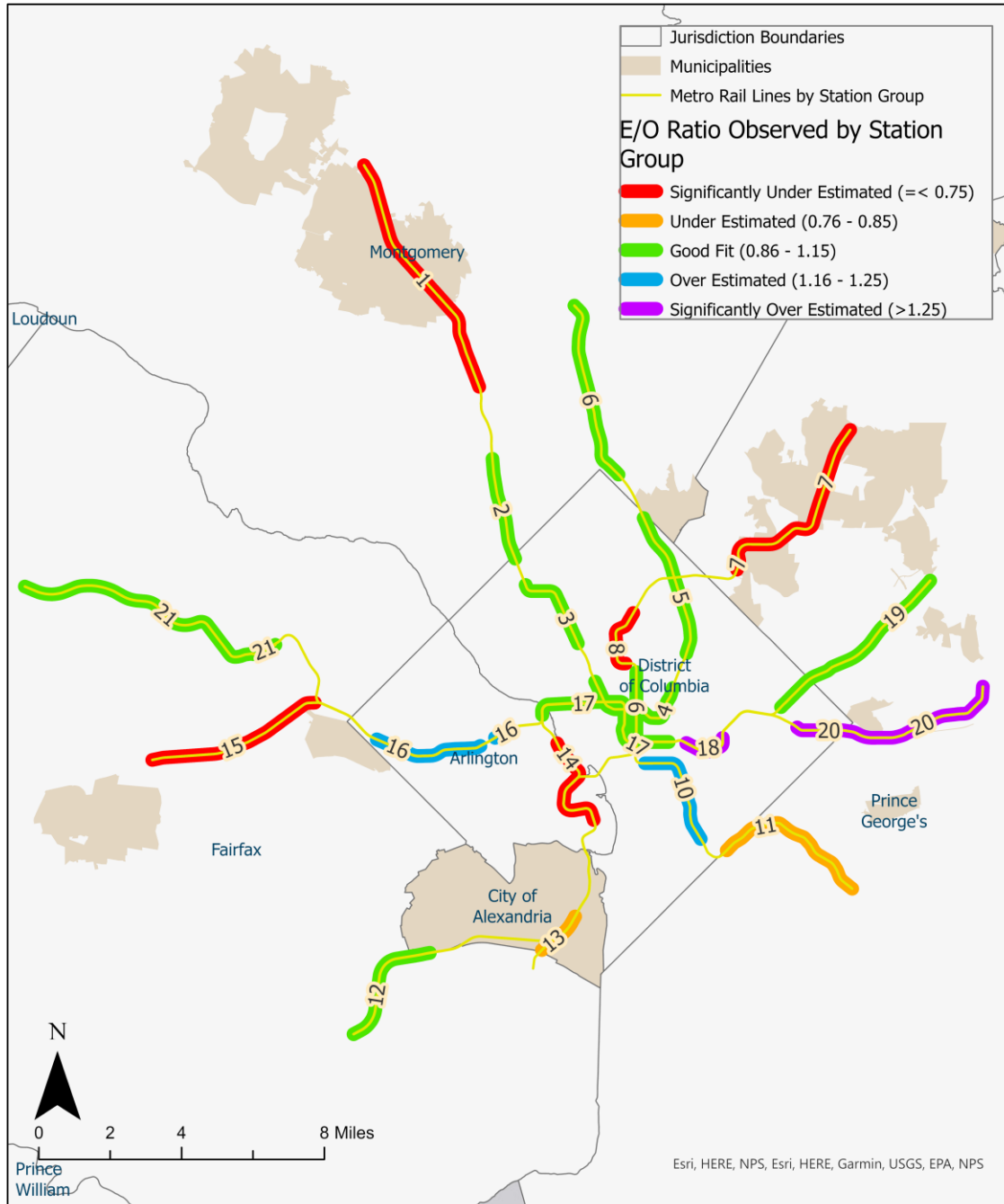


FIGURE 83: METRORAIL STATION GROUP GEN3 ESTIMATED/OBSERVED

5.0 CONCLUSION

The highway and transit validation results for the Gen3, Version 1.0.4, Model are reasonable for regional model scenarios testing highway and transit capacity projects. The validation metrics of the model generally conform to the federal and state benchmarking standards. The highway validation performance is comparable to that of the current production-use, trip-based Gen2 Travel Demand Model. The transit validation performance remains strong for Metrorail and has largely improved for commuter rail and bus as compared to the Gen2 Model (for both validation years of 2014 and 2018). The model validation results presented in this report suggest that the Gen3 Model is ready for use with COG/TPB's production work activities, although COG staff are further evaluating the usability of the model for production work by running it for the upcoming air quality conformity analysis for the Visualize 2050 Long-Range Transportation Plan (LRTP) update.

In addition to the highway and transit validation discussed in this documentation, the Gen3 Model has undergone five sensitivity tests during the Phase 2 development that included:

- Auto Operating Cost Increase
- Bridge Closure
- Doubling the Frequency of High-Capacity Transit
- Increased Telecommuting to DC
- Hypothetical AV Ownership in the Horizon Year

The results of the sensitivity testing are documented in a separate report.¹⁸ As part of the Gen3 Model usability testing in the ongoing Phase 3 development, COG staff conducted additional sensitivity tests. In general, the Gen3 Model showed sensible responses to various model input changes in those tests, and the project team (MWCOG, RSG, and BMG) have found the outcomes of these tests to be satisfactory.

¹⁸ RSG, Baseline Mobility Group, and Metropolitan Washington Council of Governments. Gen3 Model Phase 2 Sensitivity Testing Results, February 12, 2024.

6.0 APPENDIX

TABLE 63: CENSUS ACS JOURNEY-TO-WORK FLOWS

	DC	Alexandria city	Anne Arundel County	Arlington County	Calvert County	Carroll County	Charles County	Clarke County	Fairfax County	Fauquier County	Frederick County	Fredericksburg city	Howard County	Jefferson County	King George County	Loudoun County	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Prince William County	Spotsylvania County	St. Mary's County	Stafford County	Total
DC	252,256	6,054	1,290	16,190	0	32	262	0	12,673	0	162	56	960	19	0	898	22,447	16,214	410	0	14	49	329,986
Alexandria city	27,707	25,007	350	14,036	51	45	207	0	18,653	43	23	42	220	0	6	791	1,889	2,279	1,112	0	22	42	92,525
Anne Arundel County	18,474	846	168,876	2,103	1,323	272	440	0	2,571	0	331	0	18,565	0	0	346	8,142	27,927	223	0	255	22	250,716
Arlington County	49,463	5,614	483	46,632	16	99	78	0	28,382	18	60	9	189	18	5	1,067	4,644	2,492	1,127	8	0	83	140,487
Calvert County	4,951	520	2,992	471	17,276	7	1,384	0	761	0	18	0	371	0	10	110	931	9,316	122	0	4,949	43	44,232
Carroll County	934	26	5,049	62	10	39,419	0	0	474	0	3,102	19	8,617	40	0	143	3,998	1,354	47	0	0	0	63,294
Charles County	15,719	1,813	1,356	3,083	1,132	15	28,979	0	3,624	0	9	0	358	0	457	421	1,527	14,062	203	13	2,610	28	75,409
Clarke County	105	9	15	55	0	0	0	1,640	792	65	35	0	0	202	0	2,018	71	0	70	0	11	0	5,088
Fairfax County	100,085	31,778	1,954	50,516	183	0	499	0	358,096	666	443	238	983	44	11	25,309	16,191	11,265	13,872	270	159	923	613,485
Fauquier County	983	239	79	519	0	12	0	33	6,484	13,958	0	262	11	0	10	1,868	159	50	6,897	124	0	413	32,101
Frederick County	4,549	262	1,718	921	0	2,654	37	27	2,362	2	71,718	0	3,215	428	0	1,765	25,783	1,897	53	0	16	3	117,410
Fredericksburg city	472	95	0	120	0	0	232	35	575	15	5	5,229	0	0	672	35	0	0	895	2,437	0	1,905	12,722
Howard County	9,226	412	17,598	1,003	29	1,465	96	0	1,926	0	799	0	65,811	0	0	259	16,240	14,783	108	0	35	0	129,790
Jefferson County	777	85	31	316	0	42	0	226	1,463	33	1,829	0	87	11,227	0	4,282	1,455	102	122	0	0	21	22,098
King George County	307	138	33	123	0	0	783	0	433	0	0	1,221	0	0	5,624	0	59	266	405	837	148	1,281	11,658
Loudoun County	10,600	1,327	421	4,704	0	17	5	173	65,915	450	540	29	292	230	12	88,958	3,609	667	3,036	33	63	181	181,262
Montgomery County	111,756	3,306	5,249	10,151	88	484	175	0	21,166	15	5,972	0	8,339	66	84	1,853	318,806	30,835	826	21	135	138	519,465
Prince George's County	139,856	8,324	16,075	15,687	805	181	4,431	0	21,002	52	678	15	9,546	52	94	1,709	46,799	177,993	1,280	55	461	153	445,248
Prince William County	24,699	8,132	828	13,283	39	16	218	28	75,653	2,240	193	635	206	29	60	9,848	2,860	3,130	105,996	763	22	3,003	251,881
Spotsylvania County	2,939	499	13	1,156	0	0	40	30	3,910	211	10	9,750	70	0	1,699	302	313	224	4,906	23,460	15	7,689	57,236
St. Mary's County	2,234	132	312	311	2,507	0	4,065	0	341	0	20	11	133	0	151	21	363	2,325	20	0	41,526	0	54,472
Stafford County	6,119	1,415	207	2,768	15	0	28	0	8,780	457	10	5,849	15	0	856	547	321	448	11,970	3,136	29	23,234	66,204
Total	784,211	96,033	224,929	184,210	23,474	44,760	41,959	2,192	636,036	18,225	85,957	23,365	117,988	12,355	9,751	142,550	476,607	317,629	153,700	31,157	50,470	39,211	3,516,769

TABLE 64: GEN3 WORK COUNTY FLOWS

	DC	Alexandria city	Anne Arundel County	Arlington County	Calvert County	Carroll County	Charles County	Clarke County	Fairfax County	Fauquier County	Frederick County	Fredericks burg city	Howard County	Jefferson County	King George County	Loudoun County	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Prince William County	Spotsylvania County	St. Mary's County	Stafford County	Total
DC	252,254	6,000	1,643	19,862	149	25	441	0	15,397	21	92	6	1,358	1	67	1,137	23,614	19,527	780	5	79	36	342,494
Alexandria city	24,982	19,164	294	15,610	50	5	258	1	20,451	30	32	11	220	0	20	730	3,579	4,015	1,077	10	40	60	90,639
Anne Arundel County	19,784	1,531	175,224	4,503	1,592	245	737	0	4,661	15	253	1	22,422	3	71	394	11,678	31,225	290	3	279	14	274,925
Arlington County	45,887	7,586	357	37,091	38	7	157	1	33,275	20	46	4	289	0	14	1,195	6,494	3,955	941	11	28	37	137,433
Calvert County	6,917	626	2,831	1,040	17,091	5	1,200	0	1,376	2	13	13	243	0	63	51	1,012	5,451	104	4	5,468	11	43,521
Carroll County	3,727	189	3,023	533	40	42,291	21	10	1,602	44	7,676	1	10,435	51	13	1,129	9,029	1,729	297	2	24	3	81,869
Charles County	13,965	3,057	1,308	3,596	1,487	8	29,377	0	5,749	4	15	88	317	0	826	244	1,867	12,541	352	73	2,575	144	77,593
Clarke County	311	40	8	109	1	14	3	1,025	1,385	135	226	5	19	547	0	1,954	169	31	403	4	1	14	6,404
Fairfax County	85,243	31,170	1,298	51,165	155	42	865	8	334,512	567	340	133	1,076	29	46	26,534	13,444	14,192	20,475	118	120	654	582,186
Fauquier County	1,707	245	28	613	3	1	12	12	6,631	11,005	61	436	32	18	38	1,931	580	188	7,024	356	11	1,266	32,198
Frederick County	6,500	354	1,454	1,284	23	4,490	27	47	4,857	118	64,832	4	4,409	537	2	7,931	25,160	1,465	757	1	8	13	124,273
Fredericks burg city	469	134	5	156	8	1	49	0	691	72	1	4,782	6	0	378	54	68	51	697	2,590	18	2,463	12,693
Howard County	14,032	648	21,924	2,582	83	1,543	90	1	3,414	15	1,321	2	74,837	14	15	578	22,153	17,686	276	4	37	11	161,266
Jefferson County	977	123	86	399	2	165	5	674	3,234	107	3,835	1	256	9,238	2	5,690	1,623	149	519	0	0	8	27,093
King George County	853	106	63	150	79	1	832	0	582	37	2	1,139	18	0	3,991	38	120	453	492	984	367	1,321	11,628
Loudoun County	12,920	1,573	272	4,845	18	82	62	77	72,066	481	2,249	16	319	392	5	86,791	2,647	1,417	6,459	18	8	82	192,799
Montgomery County	97,874	4,822	7,332	16,547	231	819	274	2	23,868	109	4,205	8	7,946	23	41	5,908	312,311	27,012	1,838	13	106	39	511,328
Prince George's County	150,331	12,949	14,884	19,569	1,618	107	5,119	0	26,544	37	231	20	11,095	2	241	1,487	39,580	168,095	1,494	15	770	80	454,268
Prince William County	22,551	7,936	394	10,454	42	10	257	11	79,342	2,031	148	653	263	22	82	10,195	5,385	3,561	105,652	482	42	3,475	252,988
Spotsylvania County	2,103	467	36	667	30	0	157	0	3,009	342	5	9,477	26	1	1,237	205	318	294	2,783	18,218	103	7,272	46,750
St. Mary's County	3,832	381	398	585	2,946	1	3,209	0	910	1	8	53	89	0	423	44	416	2,380	71	44	39,617	92	55,500
Stafford County	6,219	1,456	102	1,975	34	2	180	2	9,706	760	16	6,489	51	4	1,235	632	858	749	10,900	4,850	114	20,907	67,241
Total	773,438	100,557	232,964	193,335	25,720	49,864	43,332	1,871	653,262	15,953	85,607	23,342	135,726	10,882	8,810	154,852	482,105	316,166	163,681	27,805	49,815	38,002	3,587,089

TABLE 65: DIFFERENCE BETWEEN CENSUS JTW AND MODEL WORK LOCATION CHOICE

	DC	Alexandria city	Anne Arundel County	Arlington County	Calvert County	Carroll County	Charles County	Clarke County	Fairfax County	Fauquier County	Frederick County	Fredericksburg city	Howard County	Jefferson County	King George County	Loudoun County	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Prince William County	Spotsylvania County	St. Mary's County	Stafford County	Total
DC	-2	-54	353	3,672	149	-7	179	0	2,724	21	-70	-50	398	-18	67	239	1,167	3,313	370	5	65	-13	12,508
Alexandria city	-2,725	-5,843	-56	1,574	-1	-40	51	1	1,798	-13	9	-31	0	0	14	-61	1,690	1,736	-35	10	18	18	-1,886
Anne Arundel County	1,310	685	6,348	2,400	269	-27	297	0	2,090	15	-78	1	3,857	3	71	48	3,536	3,298	67	3	24	-8	24,209
Arlington County	-3,576	1,972	-126	-9,541	22	-92	79	1	4,893	2	-14	-5	100	-18	9	128	1,850	1,463	-186	3	28	-46	-3,054
Calvert County	1,966	106	-161	569	-185	-2	-184	0	615	2	-5	13	-128	0	53	-59	81	-3,865	-18	4	519	-32	-711
Carroll County	2,793	163	-2,026	471	30	2,872	21	10	1,128	44	4,574	-18	1,818	11	13	986	5,031	375	250	2	24	3	18,575
Charles County	-1,754	1,244	-48	513	355	-7	398	0	2,125	4	6	88	-41	0	369	-177	340	-1,521	149	60	-35	116	2,184
Clarke County	206	31	-7	54	1	14	3	-615	593	70	191	5	19	345	0	-64	98	31	333	4	-10	14	1,316
Fairfax County	-14,842	-608	-656	649	-28	42	366	8	-23,584	-99	-103	-105	93	-15	35	1,225	-2,747	2,927	6,603	-152	-39	-269	-31,299
Fauquier County	724	6	-51	94	3	-11	12	-21	147	-2,953	61	174	21	18	28	63	421	138	127	232	11	853	97
Frederick County	1,951	92	-264	363	23	1,836	-10	20	2,495	116	-6,886	4	1,194	109	2	6,166	-623	-432	704	1	-8	10	6,863
Fredericksburg city	-3	39	5	36	8	1	-183	-35	116	57	-4	-447	6	0	-294	19	68	51	-198	153	18	558	-29
Howard County	4,806	236	4,326	1,579	54	78	-6	1	1,488	15	522	2	9,026	14	15	319	5,913	2,903	168	4	2	11	31,476
Jefferson County	200	38	55	83	2	123	5	448	1,771	74	2,006	1	169	-1,989	2	1,408	168	47	397	0	0	-13	4,995
King George County	546	-32	30	27	79	1	49	0	149	37	2	-82	18	0	-1,633	38	61	187	87	147	219	40	-30
Loudoun County	2,320	246	-149	141	18	65	57	-96	6,151	31	1,709	-13	27	162	-7	-2,167	-962	750	3,423	-15	-55	-99	11,537
Montgomery County	-13,882	1,516	2,083	6,396	143	335	99	2	2,702	94	-1,767	8	-393	-43	-43	4,055	-6,495	-3,823	1,012	-8	-29	-99	-8,137
Prince George's County	10,475	4,625	-1,191	3,882	813	-74	688	0	5,542	-15	-447	5	1,549	-50	147	-222	-7,219	-9,898	214	-40	309	-73	9,020
Prince William County	-2,148	-196	-434	-2,829	3	-6	39	-17	3,689	-209	-45	18	57	-7	22	347	2,525	431	-344	-281	20	472	1,107
Spotsylvania County	-836	-32	23	-489	30	0	117	-30	-901	131	-5	-273	-44	1	-462	-97	5	70	-2,123	-5,242	88	-417	-10,486
St. Mary's County	1,598	249	86	274	439	1	-856	0	569	1	-12	42	-44	0	272	23	53	55	51	44	-1,909	92	1,028
Stafford County	100	41	-105	-793	19	2	152	2	926	303	6	640	36	4	379	85	537	301	-1,070	1,714	85	-2,327	1,037
Total	-10,773	4,524	8,035	9,125	2,246	5,104	1,373	-321	17,226	-2,272	-350	-23	17,738	-1,473	-941	12,302	5,498	-1,463	9,981	-3,352	-655	-1,209	70,320

TABLE 66: WORK LOCATION CHOICE GEN3 / ACS JTW

	DC	Alexandria city	Anne Arundel County	Arlington County	Calvert County	Carroll County	Charles County	Clarke County	Fairfax County	Fauquier County	Frederick County	Fredericksburg city	Howard County	Jefferson County	King George County	Loudoun County	Montgomery County	Prince George's County	Prince William County	Spotsylvania County	St. Mary's County	Stafford County	Total
DC	1.00	0.99	1.27	1.23		0.78	1.68		1.21		0.57	0.11	1.41	0.05		1.27	1.05	1.20	1.90		5.64	0.73	1.04
Alexandria city	0.90	0.77	0.84	1.11	0.98	0.11	1.25		1.10	0.70	1.39	0.26	1.00		3.33	0.92	1.89	1.76	0.97		1.82	1.43	0.98
Anne Arundel County	1.07	1.81	1.04	2.14	1.20	0.90	1.68		1.81		0.76		1.21			1.14	1.43	1.12	1.30		1.09	0.64	1.10
Arlington County	0.93	1.35	0.74	0.80	2.38	0.07	2.01		1.17	1.11	0.77	0.44	1.53	0.00	2.80	1.12	1.40	1.59	0.83	1.38		0.45	0.98
Calvert County	1.40	1.20	0.95	2.21	0.99	0.71	0.87		1.81		0.72		0.65		6.30	0.46	1.09	0.59	0.85		1.10	0.26	0.98
Carroll County	3.99	7.27	0.60	8.60	4.00	1.07			3.38		2.47	0.05	1.21	1.28		7.90	2.26	1.28	6.32				1.29
Charles County	0.89	1.69	0.96	1.17	1.31	0.53	1.01		1.59		1.67		0.89		1.81	0.58	1.22	0.89	1.73	5.62	0.99	5.14	1.03
Clarke County	2.96	4.44	0.53	1.98				0.63	1.75	2.08	6.46			2.71		0.97	2.38		5.76		0.09		1.26
Fairfax County	0.85	0.98	0.66	1.01	0.85		1.73		0.93	0.85	0.77	0.56	1.09	0.66	4.18	1.05	0.83	1.26	1.48	0.44	0.75	0.71	0.95
Fauquier County	1.74	1.03	0.35	1.18		0.08		0.36	1.02	0.79		1.66	2.91		3.80	1.03	3.65	3.76	1.02	2.87		3.07	1.00
Frederick County	1.43	1.35	0.85	1.39		1.69	0.73	1.74	2.06	59.00	0.90		1.37	1.25		4.49	0.98	0.77	14.28		0.50	4.33	1.06
Fredericksburg city	0.99	1.41		1.30			0.21	0.00	1.20	4.80	0.20	0.91			0.56	1.54			0.78	1.06		1.29	1.00
Howard County	1.52	1.57	1.25	2.57	2.86	1.05	0.94		1.77		1.65		1.14			2.23	1.36	1.20	2.56		1.06		1.24
Jefferson County	1.26	1.45	2.77	1.26		3.93		2.98	2.21	3.24	2.10		2.94	0.82		1.33	1.12	1.46	4.25			0.38	1.23
King George County	2.78	0.77	1.91	1.22			1.06		1.34			0.93			0.71		2.03	1.70	1.21	1.18	2.48	1.03	1.00
Loudoun County	1.22	1.19	0.65	1.03		4.82	12.40	0.45	1.09	1.07	4.16	0.55	1.09	1.70	0.42	0.98	0.73	2.12	2.13	0.55	0.13	0.45	1.06
Montgomery County	0.88	1.46	1.40	1.63	2.63	1.69	1.57		1.13	7.27	0.70		0.95	0.35	0.49	3.19	0.98	0.88	2.23	0.62	0.79	0.28	0.98
Prince George's County	1.07	1.56	0.93	1.25	2.01	0.59	1.16		1.26	0.71	0.34	1.33	1.16	0.04	2.56	0.87	0.85	0.94	1.17	0.27	1.67	0.52	1.02
Prince William County	0.91	0.98	0.48	0.79	1.08	0.63	1.18	0.39	1.05	0.91	0.77	1.03	1.28	0.76	1.37	1.04	1.88	1.14	1.00	0.63	1.91	1.16	1.00
Spotsylvania County	0.72	0.94	2.77	0.58			3.93	0.00	0.77	1.62	0.50	0.97	0.37		0.73	0.68	1.02	1.31	0.57	0.78	6.87	0.95	0.82
St. Mary's County	1.72	2.89	1.28	1.88	1.18		0.79		2.67		0.40	4.82	0.67		2.80	2.10	1.15	1.02	3.55		0.95		1.02
Stafford County	1.02	1.03	0.49	0.71	2.27		6.43		1.11	1.66	1.60	1.11	3.40		1.44	1.16	2.67	1.67	0.91	1.55	3.93	0.90	1.02
Total	0.99	1.05	1.04	1.05	1.10	1.11	1.03	0.85	1.03	0.88	1.00	1.00	1.15	0.88	0.90	1.09	1.01	1.00	1.06	0.89	0.99	0.97	1.02

TABLE 67: OBSERVED (SURVEY) NON-MANDATORY TOURS BY COUNTY

	DC	MONTGOMERY	PRINCE GEORGE'S	ARLINGTON	ALEXANDRIA	FAIRFAX	LOUDOUN	PRINCE WILLIAM	FREDERICK	HOWARD	ANNE ARUNDEL	CHARLES	CARROLL	CALVERT	ST. MARY'S	KING GEORGE	FREDERICKSBURG	STAFFORD	SPOTSYLVANIA	FAUQUIER	CLARKE	JEFFERSON	TOTAL
DC	225,880	0	0	6,154	18,956	161	0	0	398	0	19,444	803	3,484	3,052	0	265	11	69	0	68	0	145	278,891
Montgomery	0	8,526	945	0	0	0	0	1,330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	361	0	11,162
Prince George's	528	4,001	41,867	0	88	0	61	5,423	0	0	0	0	456	815	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,455	0	54,692
Arlington	7,343	0	72	86,353	547	0	0	0	26	0	814	112	21,098	4,568	0	123	0	0	0	0	253	0	121,309
Alexandria	24,313	0	0	1,526	413,033	2,152	0	0	2,619	1,421	6,054	1,072	3,536	101	0	0	59	0	0	1,417	20	0	457,323
Fairfax	634	0	0	0	6,172	90,500	0	0	1,149	6,096	49	680	0	0	0	0	0	85	0	151	0	0	105,516
Loudoun	0	1,643	117	0	0	0	8,850	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10,800
Prince William	37	4,062	2,284	183	0	0	0	22,675	0	0	0	584	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	29,861
Frederick	3,075	0	92	294	908	232	0	0	207,662	38	7,754	0	581	0	0	36	0	0	0	4,430	0	584	225,687
Howard	0	0	0	0	1,010	666	0	0	182	55,945	0	82	0	0	0	0	534	0	0	996	0	22	59,437
Anne Arundel	25,666	0	0	956	14,959	84	0	0	12,807	0	239,049	14	3,212	2,198	0	438	4,744	43	355	5,618	231	2,441	312,816

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Charles	1,474	0	0	0	574	325	0	0	40	164	1,803	123,077	23,902	1,990	77	0	0	0	368	0	3,070	0	156,863
Carroll	5,146	0	100	17,126	3,889	45	118	0	809	32	2,861	10,503	429,436	11,141	0	0	0	0	783	0	6,099	0	488,089
Calvert	905	40	0	11,036	227	0	0	0	0	0	323	0	11,400	50,050	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	0	74,032
St. Mary's	0	0	0	0	0	343	0	0	0	0	0	391	283	0	4,046	0	0	47	201	0	0	0	5,311
King George	0	0	0	0	166	0	0	0	555	0	240	0	0	0	0	41,609	1,521	0	0	0	0	741	44,832
Fredericksburg	1,736	0	0	105	753	0	0	0	137	0	6,397	0	68	0	0	2,248	53,692	0	0	47	0	575	65,758
Stafford	52	0	0	0	0	579	0	0	0	0	0	825	0	0	0	0	0	19,529	0	0	0	0	20,985
Spotsylvania	0	0	30	53	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	66	586	26	0	0	0	0	17,393	0	1,810	0	20,021
Fauquier	554	0	0	0	1,821	0	0	0	2,884	1,224	3,926	0	211	0	0	0	0	0	0	105,495	0	0	116,115
Clarke	3,056	0	1,046	1,107	1,685	0	0	542	42	0	583	6,192	12,243	1,257	0	0	0	0	440	0	157,023	0	185,217
Jefferson	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1,191	0	1,206	0	71	0	0	1,833	377	0	0	0	0	22,883	27,561
Total	300,400	18,272	46,552	124,894	464,845	95,089	9,029	30,160	230,501	64,921	290,503	144,400	510,601	75,199	4,122	46,552	60,938	19,773	19,541	118,222	170,372	27,391	2,872,279

TABLE 68: GEN3 NON-MANDATORY TOURS BY COUNTY

	DC	MONTGOMERY	PRINCE GEORGE'S	ARLINGTON	ALEXANDRIA	FAIRFAX	LOUDOUN	PRINCE WILLIAM	FREDERICK	HOWARD	ANNE ARUNDEL	CHARLES	CARROLL	CALVERT	ST. MARY'S	KING GEORGE	FREDERICKSBURG	STAFFORD	SPOTSYLVANIA	FAUQUIER	CLARKE	JEFFERSON	TOTAL
DC	246,206	14,528	22,171	8,216	1,435	1,953	32	56	8	109	152	48	1	5	0	0	1	2	0	1	0	0	294,924
Montgomery	10,347	429,951	10,868	6,309	1,542	540	1,017	765	3,580	8,311	3,450	195	621	70	109	10	24	79	49	46	10	62	477,955
Prince George's	18,721	19,426	328,084	9,350	7,430	9,892	492	1,193	418	7,295	13,937	7,056	87	550	274	42	61	172	95	46	3	50	424,674
Arlington	2,825	1,871	1,461	67,538	8,181	15,910	178	334	26	77	109	45	4	13	9	3	12	24	19	6	1	2	98,648
Alexandria	1,012	635	1,312	11,606	39,190	12,111	93	412	12	52	81	39	0	5	6	3	2	26	9	7	0	2	66,615
Fairfax	3,832	457	6,595	31,433	30,715	445,147	18,206	18,478	177	369	495	288	28	41	35	19	86	402	118	295	15	32	557,263
Loudoun	215	1,688	443	960	377	27,372	142,524	3,561	1,619	151	125	23	48	13	4	4	19	44	20	343	310	602	180,465
Prince William	465	1,164	1,001	1,813	1,560	24,938	3,463	200,538	68	91	172	93	22	14	18	29	214	2,055	319	2,087	21	14	240,159
Frederick	219	7,085	745	269	101	967	1,650	187	100,351	1,567	530	24	4,046	13	25	2	4	29	28	32	37	403	118,314
Howard	398	8,911	7,265	244	108	461	99	69	930	120,325	10,309	30	1,642	17	11	0	5	12	2	1	4	15	150,858
Anne Arundel	715	2,758	14,969	588	277	880	90	185	166	9,583	233,739	328	111	1,091	75	0	17	29	20	8	2	11	265,642
Charles	729	867	9,674	873	906	1,997	110	222	33	202	697	52,001	6	727	1,765	515	42	78	59	16	0	6	71,525
Carroll	120	2,640	528	107	52	380	200	68	4,036	3,225	631	16	63,790	7	13	1	6	15	4	16	5	44	75,904
Calvert	297	557	3,672	265	202	501	40	84	20	161	2,100	782	3	29,556	2,381	13	6	23	14	6	1	0	40,684
St. Mary's	245	442	1,593	166	127	495	59	121	41	117	362	2,016	17	1,198	43,693	144	22	62	49	16	1	13	50,999
King George	51	82	298	63	30	257	18	302	3	18	67	354	1	39	95	6,682	695	982	724	38	1	2	10,802
Fredericksburg	12	27	33	13	10	88	15	104	9	7	20	8	2	5	5	21	8,588	1,607	2,355	16	0	5	12,950
Stafford	115	291	313	339	314	2,097	163	5,536	17	24	69	54	2	7	13	258	8,662	44,706	5,037	554	5	9	68,585
Spotsylvania	51	128	146	116	79	493	68	651	14	19	55	39	6	7	17	108	7,996	3,264	34,535	84	0	7	47,883
Fauquier	66	294	181	239	129	2,452	1,196	5,200	52	24	34	14	3	4	11	20	281	1,200	333	20,540	68	36	32,377
Clarke	8	107	41	26	15	374	921	190	115	31	21	1	13	0	1	0	4	9	9	138	3,885	474	6,383
Jefferson	70	666	162	76	24	600	1,626	192	1,441	192	120	11	110	1	14	2	5	28	10	68	778	20,652	26,848
Total	286,719	494,575	411,555	140,609	92,804	549,905	172,260	238,448	113,136	151,950	267,275	63,465	70,563	33,383	48,574	7,876	26,752	54,848	43,808	24,364	5,147	22,441	3,320,457

TABLE 69: DIFFERENCE BETWEEN GEN3 AND SURVEY NON-MANDATORY TOURS BY COUNTY

	DC	MONTGOMERY	PRINCE GEORGE'S	ARLINGTON	ALEXANDRIA	FAIRFAX	LOUDOUN	PRINCE WILLIAM	FREDERICK	HOWARD	ANNE ARUNDEL	CHARLES	CARROLL	CALVERT	ST. MARY'S	KING GEORGE	FREDERICKSBURG	STAFFORD	SPOTSYLVANIA	FAUQUIER	CLARKE	JEFFERSON	TOTAL
DC	20,326	14,528	22,171	2,062	-17,521	1,792	32	56	-390	109	-19,292	-755	-3,483	-3,047	0	-265	-10	-67	0	-67	0	-145	16,034
Montgomery	10,347	421,425	9,923	6,309	1,542	540	1,017	-565	3,580	8,311	3,450	195	621	70	109	10	24	79	49	46	-351	62	466,793
Prince George's	18,193	15,425	286,217	9,350	7,342	9,892	431	-4,230	418	7,295	13,937	7,056	-369	-265	274	42	61	172	95	46	-1,452	50	369,980
Arlington	-4,518	1,871	1,389	-18,815	7,634	15,910	178	334	0	77	-705	-67	-21,094	-4,555	9	-120	12	24	19	6	-252	2	-22,661
Alexandria	-23,301	635	1,312	10,080	-373,843	9,959	93	412	-2,607	-1,369	-5,973	-1,033	-3,536	-96	6	3	-57	26	9	-1,410	-20	2	-390,708
Fairfax	3,198	457	6,595	31,433	24,543	354,647	18,206	18,478	-972	-5,727	446	-392	28	41	35	19	86	317	118	144	15	32	451,747
Loudoun	215	45	326	960	377	27,372	133,674	3,370	1,619	151	125	23	48	13	4	4	19	44	20	343	310	602	169,664
Prince William	428	-2,898	-1,283	1,630	1,560	24,938	3,463	177,863	68	91	172	-491	-15	14	18	29	214	2,055	319	2,087	21	14	210,297
Frederick	-2,856	7,085	653	-25	-807	735	1,650	187	-107,311	1,529	-7,224	24	3,465	13	25	-34	4	29	28	-4,398	37	-181	-107,372
Howard	398	8,911	7,265	244	-902	-205	99	69	748	64,380	10,309	-52	1,642	17	11	0	-529	12	2	-995	4	-7	91,421
Anne Arundel	-24,951	2,758	14,969	-368	-14,682	796	90	185	-12,641	9,583	-5,310	314	-3,101	-1,107	75	-438	-4,727	-14	-335	-5,610	-229	-2,430	-47,173
Charles	-745	867	9,674	873	332	1,672	110	222	-7	38	-1,106	-71,076	-23,896	-1,263	1,688	515	42	78	-309	16	-3,070	6	-85,339
Carroll	-5,026	2,640	428	-17,019	-3,837	335	82	68	3,227	3,193	-2,230	-10,487	-365,646	-11,134	13	1	6	15	-779	16	-6,094	44	-412,184
Calvert	-608	517	3,672	-10,771	-25	501	40	84	20	161	1,777	782	-11,397	-20,494	2,381	13	6	23	14	6	-50	0	-33,348
St. Mary's	245	442	1,593	166	127	152	59	121	41	117	362	1,625	-266	1,198	39,647	144	22	15	-152	16	1	13	45,688
King George	51	82	298	63	-136	257	18	302	-552	18	-173	354	1	39	95	-34,927	-826	982	724	38	1	-739	-34,030
Fredericksburg	-1,724	27	33	-92	-743	88	15	104	-128	7	-6,377	8	-66	5	5	-2,227	-45,104	1,607	2,355	-31	0	-570	-52,808
Stafford	63	291	313	339	314	1,518	163	5,536	17	24	69	-771	2	7	13	258	8,662	25,177	5,037	554	5	9	47,600
Spotsylvania	51	128	116	63	22	493	68	651	14	19	55	-27	-580	-19	17	108	7,996	3,264	17,142	84	-1,810	7	27,862
Fauquier	-488	294	181	239	-1,692	2,452	1,196	5,200	-2,832	-1,200	-3,892	14	-208	4	11	20	281	1,200	333	-84,955	68	36	-83,738
Clarke	-3,048	107	-1,005	-1,081	-1,670	374	921	-352	73	31	-562	-6,191	-12,230	-1,257	1	0	4	9	-431	138	-153,138	474	-178,833
Jefferson	70	666	162	76	24	600	1,626	192	250	192	-1,086	11	39	1	14	-1,831	-372	28	10	68	778	-2,231	-713
Total	-13,680	476,303	365,002	15,716	-372,041	454,818	163,231	208,287	-117,365	87,030	-23,228	-80,936	-440,041	-41,815	44,451	-38,676	-34,186	35,075	24,268	-93,858	-165,226	-4,950	448,179

TABLE 70: GEN3 / SURVEY NON-MANDATORY TOURS BY COUNTY

	DC	MONTGOMERY	PRINCE GEORGE'S	ARLINGTON	ALEXANDRIA	FAIRFAX	LOUDOUN	PRINCE WILLIAM	FREDERICK	HOWARD	ANNE ARUNDEL	CHARLES	CARROLL	CALVERT	ST. MARY'S	KING GEORGE	FREDERICKSBURG	STAFFORD	SPOTSYLVANIA	FAUQUIER	CLARKE	JEFFERSON	TOTAL	
DC	1.09			1.34	0.08	12.13			0.02		0.01	0.06	0.00	0.00		0.00	0.09	0.03		0.01		0.00	1.06	
Montgomery		50.43	11.50					0.58														0.03		42.82
Prince George's	35.46	4.86	7.84		84.43		8.07	0.22					0.19	0.67								0.00		7.76
Arlington	0.38		20.29	0.78	14.96				1.00		0.13	0.40	0.00	0.00		0.02						0.00		0.81
Alexandria	0.04			7.61	0.09	5.63			0.00	0.04	0.01	0.04	0.00	0.05			0.03				0.00	0.00		0.15
Fairfax	6.04				4.98	4.92			0.15	0.06	10.10	0.42						4.73			1.95			5.28
Loudoun		1.03	3.79				16.10	18.64																16.71
Prince William	12.57	0.29	0.44	9.91				8.84				0.16	0.59											8.04
Frederick	0.07		8.10	0.91	0.11	4.17			0.48	41.24	0.07		6.96			0.06					0.01		0.69	0.52
Howard					0.11	0.69			5.11	2.15		0.37					0.01				0.00		0.68	2.54
Anne Arundel	0.03			0.62	0.02	10.48			0.01		0.98	23.43	0.03	0.50		0.00	0.00	0.67	0.06	0.00	0.01	0.00		0.85
Charles	0.49				1.58	6.14			0.83	1.23	0.39	0.42	0.00	0.37	22.92							0.00		0.46
Carroll	0.02		5.28	0.01	0.01	8.44	1.69		4.99	100.78	0.22	0.00	0.15	0.00								0.00		0.16
Calvert	0.33	13.93		0.02	0.89						6.50		0.00	0.59								0.02		0.55
St. Mary's						1.44						5.16	0.06		10.80			1.32	0.24					9.60
King George					0.18				0.01		0.28					0.16	0.46					0.00		0.24
Fredericksburg	0.01			0.12	0.01				0.07		0.00		0.03			0.01	0.16				0.34	0.01		0.20
Stafford	2.21					3.62						0.07						2.29						3.27
Spotsylvania			4.87	2.19	1.39							0.59	0.01	0.27								0.00		2.39
Fauquier	0.12				0.07				0.02	0.02	0.01		0.01								0.19			0.28
Clarke	0.00		0.04	0.02	0.01			0.35	2.74		0.04	0.00	0.00	0.00								0.02		0.03
Jefferson									1.21		0.10		1.55			0.00	0.01						0.90	0.97
Total	0.95	27.07	8.84	1.13	0.20	5.78	19.08	7.91	0.49	2.34	0.92	0.44	0.14	0.44	11.78	0.17	0.44	2.77	2.24	0.21	0.03	0.82		1.16



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