## CRITICAL URBAN FREIGHT CORRIDORS

### Within the Maryland portion of the National Capital Region

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TPB Technical Committee June 2, 2017

#### **Topics**

- Describe Critical Urban Freight Corridors (CUFC) and why they are important
- Discuss the MPO role in CUFC designation
- Schedule for Board approval of CUFCs later this year
- Process used to identify proposed CUFCs
- Proposed CUFCs
- Next steps

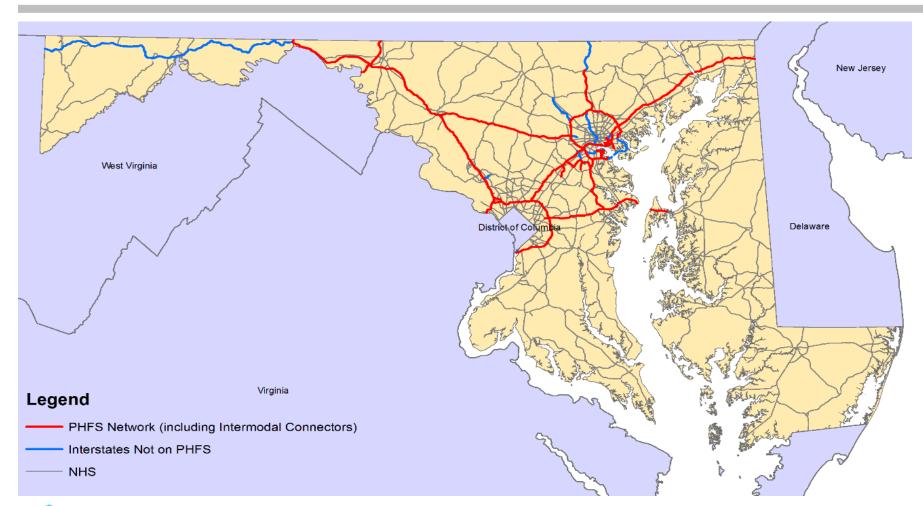


#### What Are Critical Urban Freight Corridors?

- CUFCs are one component of the National Highway Freight Network (NHFN) established by the FAST Act. The components of the NHFN are:
  - Primary Highway Freight System (PHFS)
  - Other Interstate Portions not on the PHFS
  - Critical Rural Freight Corridors (CRFC)
  - Critical Urban Freight Corridors (CUFC)
- This is important because the FAST Act created the <u>National Highway</u>
   <u>Freight Program</u> which provides dedicated funding to the states to be
   used for planning, engineering, and construction activities that
   contribute to the efficient movement of freight <u>on the National Highway</u>
   <u>Freight Network (NHFN)</u>
- Maryland's portion of National Highway Freight Program funds is \$17 to \$20 million annually – or \$96 million over 5 years



# Maryland Primary Highway Freight System





## How Are CUFCs Different from Other Freight Networks?

- The NHFN (of which <u>CUFCs</u> are a part) is primarily related to federal funding eligibility
- Other freight-related networks you may be familiar with have different purposes:
  - National Network (or STAA network): this is a network of highways that "through" trucks can legally operate on. In Maryland, the STAA network is the same as the current official Maryland Trucker's Map
  - Primary Freight Network and the National Freight Network: these were established by MAP-21 and have been repealed and replaced by the NHFN through the FAST Act
  - Regional Freight-Significant Network: this network identifies important freight routes in the NCR – but has no legal authority



### **Designation of CUFCs**

Type of Corridor	State DOT role	MPO role
CRFC	Designates all CRFC's – must coordinate with MPOs	Coordinates with state DOTs
CUFC	Designates CUFCs in MPOs with less than 500,000 population – must coordinate with MPOs	Designates CUFCs in MPOs with greater than 500,000 population – must coordinate with state DOTs



### **CUFC Mileage**

State	CUFC Miles - Total	CUFC Miles – National Capital Region
Maryland	75	25
District of Columbia	75	75
Virginia	83.35	TBD

Maryland MPO	CUFC Miles	
NCR Transportation Planning Board	25	
Baltimore Metropolitan Council	25	
Cumberland Area MPO	5	
Hagerstown / Eastern Panhandle MPO	5	
Salisbury / Wicomico MPO	5	
St. Mary's Calvert MPO	5	
Wilmapco	5	
Total	75	



## CUFC Designation: Schedules, Deadlines, and Implications

- After 12/04/2017 states will only be able to use NHFP funds on the approved NHFN
  - Currently only the PHFS and other interstates not on the PHFS are approved – once the CUFCs are designated and approved they will be added to the list of roadways eligible for NHFP funds
- The TPB will be asked to designate CUFCs for MD, DC, and VA this fall
  - TPB resolution designating CUFCs will then be submitted to FHWA, MDOT, VDOT, and DDOT
- MDOT's updated, FAST Act-compliant State Freight Plan, including identification of CRFCs and CUFCs, will be complete by June 30
- To provide MDOT with official documentation of the NCR CUFC's in time for their Freight Plan submittal, TPB staff will request provisional approval at the June 2, 2017 Steering Committee meeting

#### Methodology

- 1) SHA and Cambridge Systematics developed GIS-based tool using:
  - SHA-provided GIS data with roadway links including AADT & truck percentages; and
  - Census freight business data (2012)
- 2) Calculated truck volumes by link
- 3) Assigned freight business density by zip code and applied to links as a "freight density score"
- Normalized the truck volumes and freight density scores and combined into an overall score
- 5) Sorted roadway links in TPB planning area in descending order by overall score
- 6) Iteratively identified top 50 miles of CUFC "candidates"
- 7) Selected top 25 miles based on planned MDOT investments

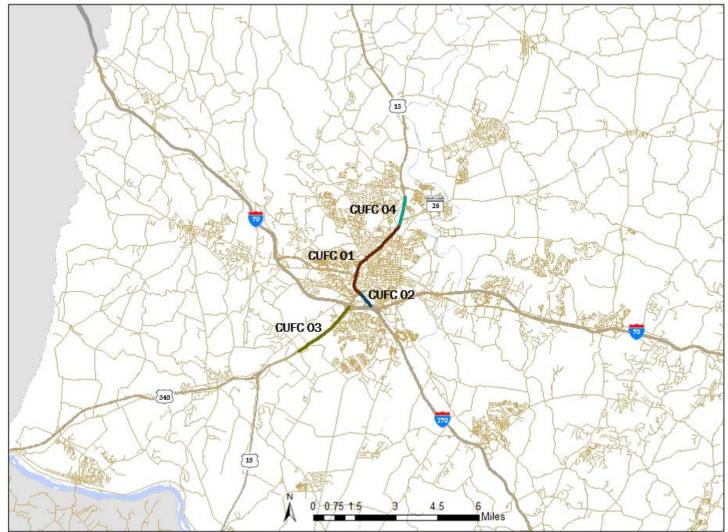


#### **Proposed Maryland CUFCs**

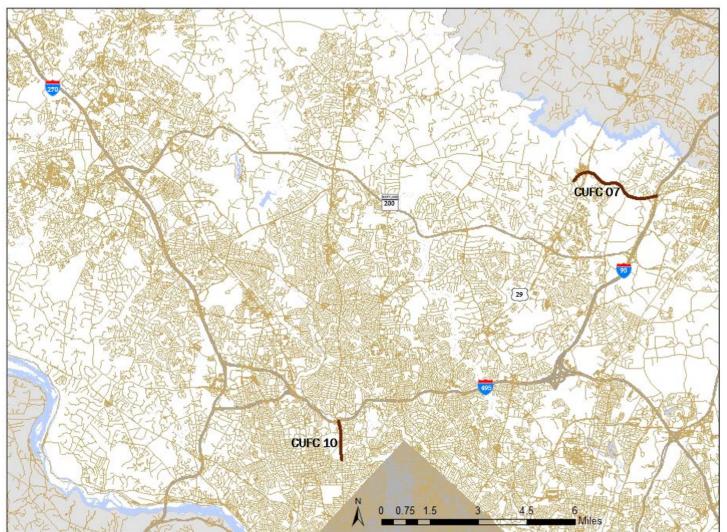
Route No	Start Point	End Point	Length	CUFC_ID
US 15	MD 26	US 40 / S. Jefferson St.	3.21 miles	01
US 40	US 15	I-70 / I-270	0.62 miles	02
US 15	I-70	Mt. Zion Rd.	2.47 miles	03
US 15	Hayward Rd.	MD 26	1.05 miles	04
US 301	Prince George's / Charles County line	Smallwood Dr.	4.26 miles	05
US 50	DC - MD line	MD 410	4.05 miles	06
MD 198	Old Columbia Pike	I-95	2.98 miles	07
MD 201	US 50	MD - DC line	0.46 miles	08
MD 4	I-95	MD 337	0.91 miles	09
MD 185	I-495	MD 410	1.21 miles	10
MD 5	Surratts Rd.	MD 373	3.48 miles	11



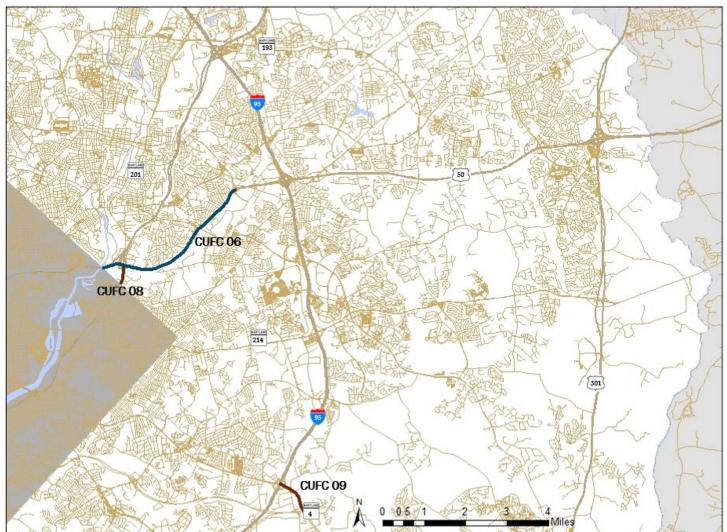
#### Frederick County Area



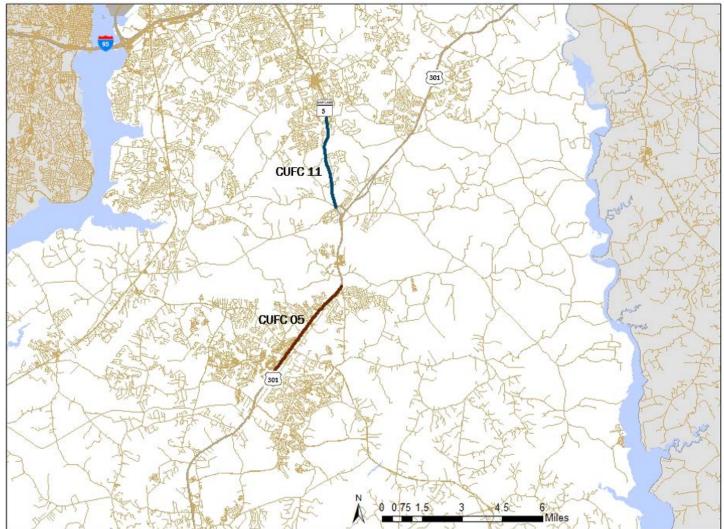
Montgomery County Area



Prince George's County Area



Charles County Area



#### **Next steps**

- TPB and SHA staff will present to the Technical Committee on 6/2/2017
- TPB and SHA staff will request approval of provisional designation of these Maryland CUFCs from the Steering Committee today
- MDOT will incorporate CUFCs into their Freight Plan update (June 2017)
- TPB staff will coordinate with DDOT and VDOT to identify CUFCs
- Freight Subcommittee will review and provide guidance on DC and Virginia CUFCs
- TPB staff will present all regional CUFCs (MD, VA, and DC) to the Technical Committee and then request TPB designation (Fall 2017)
- Submit TPB resolution designating CUFCs to FHWA and copy state DOTs

Orange: MDOT activity Blue: TPB activity



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