TPB REGIONAL PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SUBCOMMITTEE (RPTS)

Tuesday, October 28, 2025 12:00 - 2:00 P.M. Conference Room 1 (Hybrid)

Chair: Stephen Miller, MTA

AGENDA

12:00 P.M.	1.	WELCOME Stephen Miller, RPTS Chair
12:05 P.M.	2.	WSTC'S MARYLAND METROACCESS STRATEGY STUDY Ryan Traher, WSTC Transit Analyst
12:30 P.M.	3.	PBPP - REGIONAL TRANSIT SAFETY TARGETS – SECOND UPDATE Pierre Gaunaurd, TPB Transportation Planner
12:50 P.M.	4.	TPB TRANSIT DATA NEEDS AND REQUEST PROCESS – MOBILITY ANALYTICS PROGRAM UPDATE Charlene Howard TPB Planning Data Resources Manager lan Newman, TPB Travel Monitoring and Planning Assistance Program Manager
1:20 P.M.	5.	TPB TRANSPORTATION RESILIENCE "EXTREME HEAT" ANALYSIS UPDATE Katherine Rainone, TPB Transportation Planner
1:40 P.M.	6.	DMVMOVES UPDATE - FALL ACTIVITIES Pierre Gaunaurd, TPB Transportation Planner
1:55 P.M.	7.	OTHER BUSINESS Stephen Miller, RPTS Chair
2:00 P.M.	8.	ADJOURN Stephen Miller, RPTS Chair

The next regular meeting of the RPTS is scheduled for November 25, 2025 and is virtual.

Reasonable accommodations are provided upon request, including alternative formats of meeting materials. Go to www.mwcog.org/accommodations or call (202) 962-3300 | (202) 962-3213 (TDD) for more info.





Washington Suburban Transit Commission

Maryland MetroAccess Strategy Study

October 28, 2025

Presented at the COG TPB Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee



Background

WSTC is the liaison between the State of Maryland, WMATA, and Montgomery County and Prince George's County.

- Coordinates public transit services with the two Maryland counties, the Maryland Department of Transportation, and WMATA.
- Acts as the financial conduit for funding public transit on behalf of Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

State of Maryland provides the funding for MetroAccess in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

 Maryland's funding represents disproportionate amount of total MetroAccess costs compared to D.C. and the Northern Virginia jurisdictions.





Why is the Study Needed?

Federal ADA Mandate

MetroAccess – the region's ADA paratransit service mandated by Federal ADA law is required to meet <u>all demand</u> from eligible individuals with disabilities. "<u>No capacity constraints</u>."

Maryland's Cost Burden

Maryland's costs for MetroAccess are the highest of the region's jurisdictions because ridership in the two Maryland counties, which corresponds to cost, is the highest.

In FY24, Maryland's cost was 61% of the total cost of \$199 M.

Rising Costs

Maryland's costs for MetroAccess are increasing, from \$117 M in FY22 to \$121 M in FY24.

Maryland Pays for All Trips

Maryland pays the cost for all MetroAccess trips in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.



Understanding how to provide MetroAccess while managing the long-term cost curve is a **critical need** for the State of Maryland.





Study Objective

Customer Guide to MetroAccess

To provide a strategy
"roadmap" to the State of
Maryland for managing
the long-term costs for
MetroAccess while
ensuring the provision of
quality paratransit.







Study Tasks



MetroAccess ridership and costs for fiscal years 2022-2024

Characteristics of MetroAccess ridership

Past efforts to address MetroAccess demand and cost in Maryland

Specialized transportation services in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties – alternatives to MetroAccess



Peer Review

Specialized transportation services in D.C. and No. Virginia jurisdictions – alternatives to MetroAccess

Three examples from outside D.C. Metro region of programs providing cost-effective service for ADA paratransit riders



Options for Maryland to consider to manage the longterm costs for MetroAccess





The Strategy Roadmap



to facilitate discussions between the State of Maryland, Montgomery and Prince George's Counties, WMATA, and other stakeholders

to determine preferred **strategy** approaches **to manage Maryland's costs for MetroAccess** that will also ensure quality service for the riders.









STRATEGY ROADMAP

Phase 1

Understanding
MetroAccess & Its Costs

MetroAccess

ADA Paratransit Provided by WMATA

Complies with Federal ADA law.

Required to serve ¾-mile corridors of fixed routes, including WMATA's Metrobus and Metrorail and local jurisdictions' fixed routes, e.g. Ride On in Montgomery Co. and TheBus in Prince George's Co.

Next-day, shared ride, door-to-door service for eligible people with disabilities.

Includes Ride On and TheBus routes within the service area required for WMATA's service and Ride On and TheBus routes that extend beyond what is required for WMATA's service.





Abilities-Ride

- an alternative service

WMATA shifts
MetroAccess trips
to lower cost
providers
(Uber, taxis, van
companies).

Generates
significant savings
distributed
proportionally to all
jurisdictions.

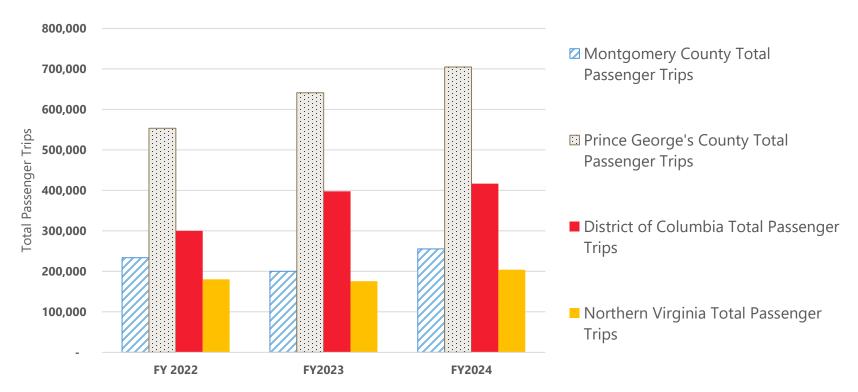
Cost per trip: \$33 vs. \$106 for MetroAccess (averaged over FYs 22-24)





MetroAccess Ridership

Total MetroAccess Ridership by Jurisdictions

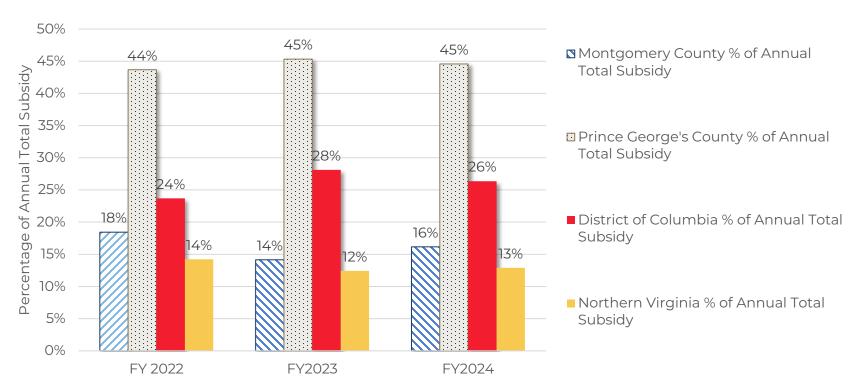






MetroAccess: Annual Subsidy Shares by Jurisdiction

Total MetroAccess Subsidies from Jurisdictions







Maryland's Cost for MetroAccess

	FY2022	FY2023	FY2024	Change fro	
Maryland	\$117,285,911	\$114,529,827	\$120,878,532	\$3,592,622	3%
Montgomery County	\$34,810,889	\$27,257,992	\$32,164,204	-\$2,646,685	-8%
Prince George's County	\$82,475,022	\$87,271,835	\$88,714,328	\$6,239,307	8%



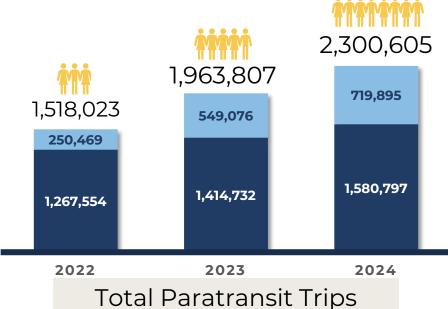


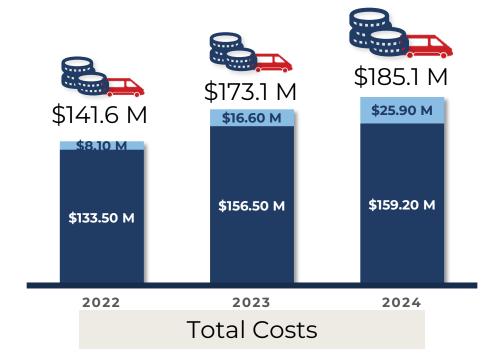
Total Ridership – MetroAccess + Abilities-Ride

Total ridership on MetroAccess plus Abilities-Ride **increased 52%** from FY 22 to FY 24.

Compare to increase of 48% on Metrobus and 89% on Metrorail over same three years.







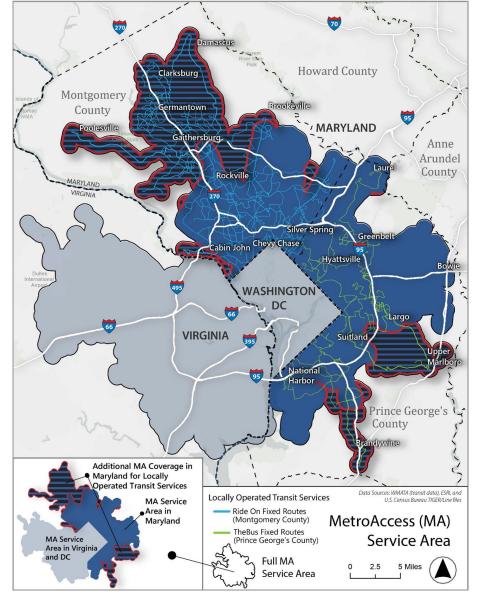


Who Pays for MetroAccess?

State of Maryland pays all costs for MetroAccess service in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties.

Includes costs for MetroAccess required for Ride On and TheBus services **within** the service area required for WMATA's Metrobus and Metrorail.

Also includes costs for MetroAccess required for Ride On and TheBus services that **extend beyond** the service area required for WMATA's Metrobus and Metrorail.

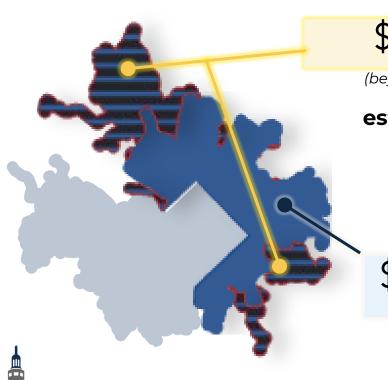






Maryland pays for MetroAccess (MA)

in Montgomery and Prince George's Counties



MA service in the extended area

(beyond WMATA's requirement for Metrobus and Metrorail)

estimated at \$20.2 M

based on analysis done for the study



\$ MA service area in Maryland

(WMATA's requirement for Metrobus and Metrorail)



Total cost to Maryland for MetroAccess service was

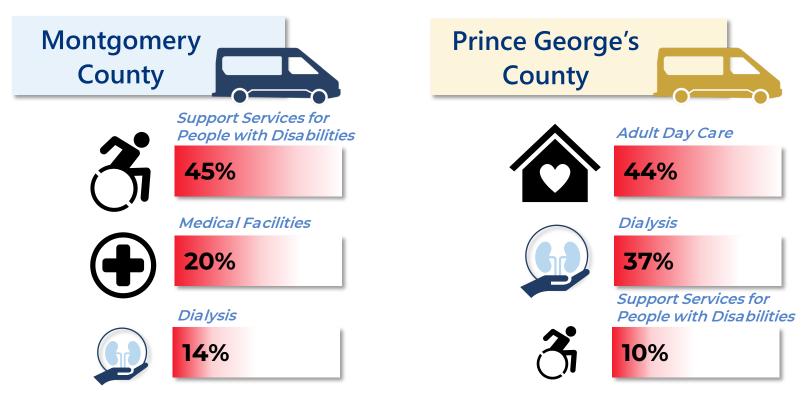
\$117.3 M in FY22 **\$120.9** M in FY24

(a 3.1% increase from FY22)





Trips Driving Demand for MetroAccess







County-Funded Specialized Transportation Services:

Lower Cost Alternatives to MetroAccess

Higher level of support for specialized transportation in Montgomery Co. vs. Prince George's Co.

Contributes to lower MetroAccess ridership in Montgomery vs. Prince George's Counties.











Specialized Transportation

Montgomery County

Alternatives to MetroAccess

Three years of data - FY22-24:

Same-Day Access

Call-n-Ride

Senior Rides

Wheelchair accessible taxi service



300,312

Ridership

NA



\$5.14 M

funded by County with 12-13% State funding for Call-n-Ride



Subsidized by County, with funds from 25-cent fee on TNC trips



\$17.11

Average cost/ passenger trip

NA





Specialized Transportation

Prince George's County

Alternatives to MetroAccess

Three years of data - FY22-24:

Call-a-Bus

Senior Transportation Service (STS)

Call-a-Cab



130,099 Ridership



\$11.94 MFunded by
County



\$91.77Average cost/
passenger trip





Efforts to Address Maryland's Costs

Past Effort

CAPS

(Coordinated Alternative to Paratransit Services)

- » Pilot in Montgomery Co. with a human service agency (HSA) sponsored by Maryland DOT from 2013-2015
- » HSA managed its client transportation day-to-day with designated provider
- » Per trip cost was 40% less than a MetroAccess trip

Current Efforts

Abilities-Ride

Partnerships

- » WMATA developed, evolved from CAPS pilot
- »Current partnerships with 3 HSAs, 2 in Montgomery Co. and 1 in Prince George's Co.
- » Each HSA has a designated provider; HSA manages its client transportation
- »Savings do not go directly to Maryland, but commingled with all Abilities-Ride savings









STRATEGY ROADMAP

Phase 2

Engaging on Strategy Approaches

Phase 2: Engaging on Strategy Approaches

State, two Maryland Counties, WMATA, and other stakeholders



Three strategy approaches (complementary and not mutually exclusive), each with options:

Support and enhance current efforts

to address costs, specifically Abilities-Ride

3 options

Expand local coordination and participation

from Montgomery and Prince George's Counties

4 options

Develop partnerships to serve recurring trips

that would contribute to reducing demand for MetroAccess

2 options







STRATEGY APPROACH #1

3 options

Support and Enhance Current Efforts

Focuses on Abilities-Ride and its significant role in reducing costs for MetroAccess,

with savings shared proportionally across the jurisdictions. (No direct savings to Maryland)



- Update Paratransit Subsidy Allocation Formula to formalize and make clear the process by which the savings from Abilities-Ride are calculated in the formula.
- Change Paratransit Subsidy Allocation Formula to allocate cost-saving measures to the jurisdiction where the cost savings are generated, particularly human service agency partnerships.
- Consider charging a fare for Abilities-Ride trips



STRATEGY APPROACH #2



Expand Local Coordination and Participation

Expand coordination and participation from Montgomery and Prince George's Counties to improve decision-making about costs and payment for MetroAccess.



- Improve local fixed route planning and coordination with the State to recognize impacts on MetroAccess costs.
- Continue and consider expanding local county-based specialized transportation services that provide lower-cost alternatives to MetroAccess.
- ADA paratransit service for Montgomery and Prince George's Counties
- Cost sharing for MetroAccess trips beyond the ADA paratransit service area required for WMATA's Metrobus and Metrorail.





STRATEGY APPROACH #3



Develop Partnerships to Serve Recurring Trips

Focus on recurring trips that drive demand for MetroAccess.



- Alternative Transportation for Dialysis Trips.
- 2 Alternative Transportation for Adult Day Care Trips.









STRATEGY ROADMAP

Phase 3

Action

Phase 3: Action



Coordinate decisionmaking

with the State, the two counties and other stakeholders to determine preferred strategy approaches

Evaluate opportunities and constraints based on feasibility of finances, politics, and operations.



Outreach and dialogue

with MetroAccess riders and broader disability communities in the two counties for feedback.



After consensus, focus on implementation of preferred strategy approaches and options.

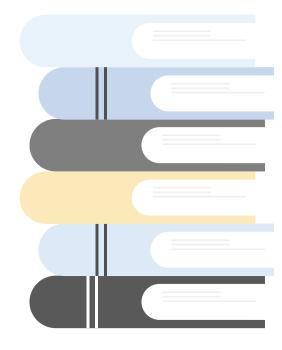




Contact

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2025 TRANSIT AGENCY SAFETY TARGETS – SECOND UPDATE

Performance-Based Planning and Programming

Pierre Gaunaurd
TPB Transportation Planner

TPB Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee October 28, 2025



Presentation Items

- Transit Agency Safety Plans Rule
- Transit Safety Performance Measures
- Applicability
- 2024 (FY) Regional Transit Safety Performance
- 2024 Regional Transit Safety Targets Adopted
- 2025 Regional Transit Safety Targets Draft
- Next Steps



Federal Requirement - Transit Agency Safety Plans

- Federal Performance Based Planning and Programming (PBPP) regulations requires applicable providers of public transportation to develop and certify an agency safety plan
- As of May 2024, applicable transit providers are required to annually set targets for fourteen (14) Transit Safety performance measures
- MPOs set annual regional targets for the metropolitan planning area following state/agency adoption of its Transit Safety targets



Transit Safety Performance Measures

General Safety Performance Measures								
1a: Major Events	2.1: Transit Worker Fatality Rate (NEW)							
1b: Major Event Rate	3a: Injuries							
1.1: Collision Rate (NEW)	3b: Injury Rate							
1.1.1: Pedestrian Collision Rate (NEW)	3.1: Transit Worker Injury Rate (NEW)							
1.1.1: Vehicular Collision Rate (NEW)	4a: Assaults on Transit Workers (NEW)							
2a: Fatalities	4b: Rate of Assaults on Transit Workers (NEW)							
2b: Fatality Rate	5: System Reliability							

Source: FTA PTASP National Safety Plan Webinar (August 2024)



Calculation of Regional Safety Targets

- Targets for the region are based on those adopted or identified by each provider of public transportation
- Measures are calculated for each mode:
 - Number of Fatalities/Injuries/Safety Events total number for all providers of that mode
 - Rate of Fatalities/Injuries/Safety Events total number for all providers of the mode divided by the total number of Vehicle Revenue Miles (VRM) for that mode (reported in rate per 100,000 VRM, except for HR which is 10M VRM)
 - Mean Distance Between Failure (MDBF) the total number of VRM for that mode divided by the total number of failures for all providers of the mode



Applicable Regional Agencies

- Transit safety requirements apply to providers of public transportation that are recipients and sub-recipients of federal Section 5307 funding:
 - WMATA: Metrorail, Metrobus, MetroAccess
 - DDOT: DC Streetcar
 - MDOT-MTA: MTA Commuter Bus
 - PRTC: OmniRide and OmniRide Access/Connect
 - and local systems (fixed-route and demand response) in Maryland:
 - VanGo (Charles Co.)
 - **Transit** (Frederick Co.)
 - Ride On (Montgomery Co.)
 - The Bus (Prince George's Co.)



2024 Regional Transit Safety Performance

Based on data reported by transit agencies to the NTD in FY 2024

2024														
		Fatalitie	es es	Injuries		Safety Events		Assaults on Transit Workers		Collisions				
	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate		Rate	Number	Rate	Rate	Pedestrian Collision Rate	Vehicular Collision Rate	VRM (NTD)
Heavy Rail (HR)	4	0.42	0	284	29.71	5.96	51	5.34	19	1.99	0.73	0.52	0.00	95,590,159
Streetcar Rail (SR)	0	0.00	0	1	0.80	0.00	5	3.98	0	0.00	2.39	0.00	2.39	125,701
Urban Bus (MB)	3	0.004	0	611	0.78	0.13	293	0.37	14	0.02	0.37	0.03	0.32	78,568,870
Commuter Bus (CB)	0	0.00	0	3	0.04	0.01	6	0.09	0	0.00	0.06	0.00	0.06	7,029,009
Demand Response	0	0.00	0	39	0.20	0.05	34	0.17	1	0.01	0.17	0.01	0.15	19,952,978
Vanpools (VP)	0	0.00	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	6,539,084

- Rate = Per 100,000 Vehicle Revenue Miles, except HR (per 10M VRM)
- "Safety Events" totals do not include events categorized as Security Events or Not Otherwise Classified (NOC) in the NTD
- · Reliability data (MDBF) is not included



2024 Regional Transit Safety Targets

Final targets for the region adopted by the TPB on December 18, 2024

	Fatalities			Injuries		Safety Events		Assaults on Transit Workers		Collisions		Reliability		
	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Rate	Pedestrian Collision Rate	Vehicular Collision Rate	MDBF
Heavy Rail (HR)	0	0	0	256	24.20	9.50	127	12.80	586	59.1	2	0.00	2	29,000
Streetcar Rail (SR)	0	0	0	6	6.69	n/a	6	6.69	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	1,000
Urban Bus (MB)	0	0	0	403	0.69	0.19	357	0.61	207	0.37	1.43	0.05	1.12	8,964
Commuter Bus (CB)	0	0	0	6	0.07	0.10	3	0.04	0	0	2	0	2	25,000
Demand Response (DR)	0	0	0	42	0.21	0.07	54	0.27	9	0.04	0.25	0.00	0.25	24,913
Vanpools (VP)	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a

- Rate = Per 100,000 Vehicle Revenue Miles, except HR (per 10M VRM)
- MDBF = Mean Distance Between Failures



2025 Regional Transit Safety Targets - Draft

- Under Development Pending count data for collisions and transit worker injury rate calculations
- Missing information from Ride On, TheBus, and DC Streetcar

	Fatalities		Injuries		Safety Events		Assaults on Transit Workers		Collisions		Reliability			
	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate	Number	Rate	Transit Worker Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Rate	Pedestrian Collision Rate	Vehicular Collision Rate	MDBF
Heavy Rail (HR)	0	0	0	288	24.60	8.70	124	10.60	545	46.5	2	0.89	0.49	32,000
Streetcar Rail (SR)	0	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Urban Bus (MB)	0	0	0	316	0.74	n/a	400	0.94	230	0.54	n/a	n/a	n/a	8,964
Commuter Bus (CB)	0	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	124	0.29	0	0	n/a	n/a	n/a	15,782
Demand Response (DR)	0	0	0	32	0.17	n/a	72	0.39	3	0.02	n/a	n/a	n/a	24,913
Vanpools (VP)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

- Rate = Per 100,000 Vehicle Revenue Miles, except HR (per 10M VRM)
- MDBF = Mean Distance Between Failures



2025 Safety Target Schedule

- <u>Current</u> Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee briefed on draft 2025 regional safety targets and provide feedback. Remaining data needed is collected.
- November Technical Committee briefed on requirements and draft
 2025 regional safety targets
- November TPB briefed on requirements and draft 2025 regional safety targets
- December TPB will be asked to adopt resolution with final regional transit safety targets



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TPB TRANSIT DATA NEEDS AND REQUEST PROCESS - UPDATE

Mobility Analytics Program

Charlene Howard
TPB Planning Data Resources Program Manager

Ian Newman
TPB Travel Monitoring and Planning Assistance Program Manager

TPB Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee October 28, 2025



A brief history of transit ridership data collection

- Enhancement of the <u>Regional Transportation Data Clearinghouse (RTDC)</u>
 - RTDC originally packaged collection of regional data, shared as a CD



- VRE was one of the first (if not the first) to submit ridership data to us for inclusion in the RTDC
- 'Transit Ridership' became a shared dataset used for many purposes within TPB
- The Mobility Analytics Program (MAP) revamp has provided the timely opportunity to refine and enhance this data request process
- Ridership data from regional operators has been used in model validation
- Ridership data regularly collected by the Planning Data and Research team



What we (currently) collect & what we do with it

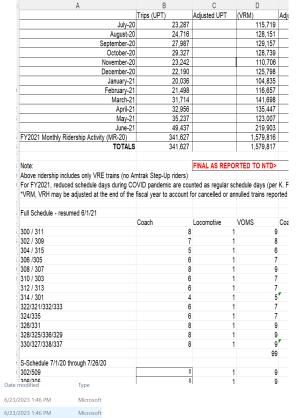
- What we collect and are requesting
 - Average weekday transit ridership- by month, by route/line
 - By fiscal year
 - Excel or other tabular file
 - No standard format we take what we can get
 - Needed by Tuesday, November 11, 2025

				7/1/21	7/2/21	7/6/21	7/7/21
TRAPEZE_LINE	JURIS	LINE NAME	ROUTES_PER_LINE	Thu	Fri	Tue	Wed
			() denotes discontinued route as of 6/2022				
NON- ASSIGNED	NO JURIS	NON- ASSIGNED	NON- ASSIGNED	7.124	8.446	7,167	7,51
2	VA	Alexandria-Pentagon	10A, (E)	1.123	1,011	1,188	1.03
3	VA	Carlin Springs Rd	25B	772	787	762	81
4	VA	Alexandria-Fairfax	29K,N	1,296	1,471	1,224	1,16
5	VA	Leesburg Pike	28A	3,107	3,270	3,298	3,37
7	MD	National Harbor-Southern Ave	NH1	1,102	1,135	1,122	1,05
8	VA	Annandale	(29C),G	284	339	375	32
9	MD	Annapolis Road	T18	2,480	2,708	2,622	2,71
10	MD	Ardwick Industrial Park Shuttle	F12	139	113	158	14
11	DC	Benning Rd-H St Limited	X9 .	1,746	1,520	1,714	1,22
12	VA	Ballston-Farragut Square	38B	1,633	1,881	1,665	1,90
13	MD	Greenbelt-Twinbrook	C2,4	4,397	5,243	4,911	4,85
14	DC	Benning Road-H Street	X2	6,664	7,193	7,020	6,64
15	DC	Garfield-Anacostia Loop	W6,8	850	1,236	1,140	1,17
16	MD	Rathaeda-Silvar Spring	11.9	0.400	0.045	0.400	0.40

Penn Weekday (Non Holidays)	Penn Avg Weekday Riders	Camden Weekday & Holiday	Camden Avg Weekday Riders	Brunswick Weekday & Holiday	B Av
Penn		Camden		Brunswick	
166,791	8,340	23,332	1,167	33,185	
190,410	8,279	26,701	1,161	38,487	
181,302	8,633	25,377	1,208	37,987	
180,830	9,042	25,118	1,256	38,510	
171,079	8,554	25,229	1,261	36,173	
167,658	7,621	20,695	941	30,085	
175,932	8,378	26,170	1,246	38,077	
179,986	9,473	25,726	1,354	39,702	
224,976	9,782	32,646	1,419	47,872	
193,049	9,652	28,587	1,429	40,600	
237,001	10,773	31,248	1,420	46,322	
	#DIV/0!		#DIV/0!		-
2,069,014	8,957	290,829	1,259	427,000	
	Penn Ava	Camden	Camden Avg	Brunswick	В



Charles County VanGO





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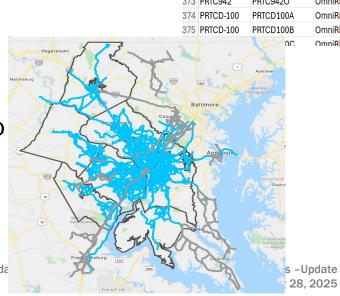
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What we (currently) collect & what we do with it, cont.

- What we do with it
 - Join routes to the TPB travel demand model network to display ridership by network route
 - Approximate network route variations to the provided data
 - Most providers cover our Planning area, whereas the network routes cover the TPB Modeled region
 - Publish to RTDC as year-specific datasets, use data for internal purposes, etc.
 - Going forward we propose using GTFS as primary link to ridership data



MT840I

MT8400

MT850 PRTC601N PRTC601S

PRTC602N PRTC602S

PRTC612

PRTC612I%

PRTC6120 PRTC6120

PRTC622I PRTC622C

PRTC543N

PRTC543S

MTA

MTA MTA



612

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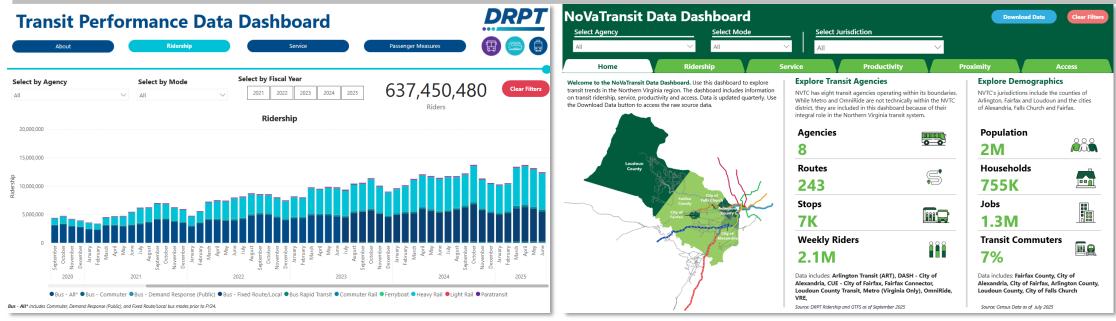
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Existing Regional Data Sources



Source: Transit Performance Data Dashboard/DRPT

Source: NoVa Transit Data Dashboard/NVTC

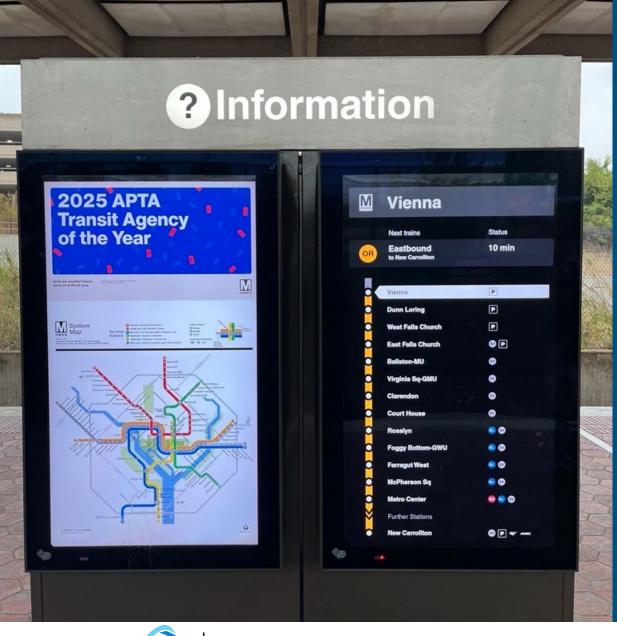
- DRPT and NVTC regularly collect monthly ridership, performance, and service data from NOVA agencies
 - TPB can leverage these sources for aggregated ridership information but not disaggregated
- TPB's data needs do not/will not necessarily align with what's already collected
- No known collated source available for data from Maryland member agencies



The ask...and then the discussion

- BLUF: we want to streamline the way we receive transit data from our partners
- We want to work through the RPTS to coordinate the transit data requests that flow from us to you
 - Use the 'traditional' transit data ridership request as the first datapoint for this revised data sharing partnership
 - Establish regular POCs for the data we request
 - Provide data needed by TPB at a regularly scheduled interval that works for both partners
 - We want to leverage reports or other data products you produce already, if possible, to minimize the burden
- Discussion what will work for you?





Discussion

- Can your agency provide monthly route-level ridership data?
 - If so, is there a time lag in the data?
 - If not, what are the challenges?
- Would a TPB Sharepoint site containing member-only data depositories work for you to submit requested data regularly?
- Can data requests be sent to you (RPTS liaisons) or should they go to other agency contacts?



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mwcog.org/tpb

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TPB REGIONAL EXTREME HEAT ANALYSIS

Katherine Rainone TPB Transportation Planner

Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee October 28, 2025





What we know

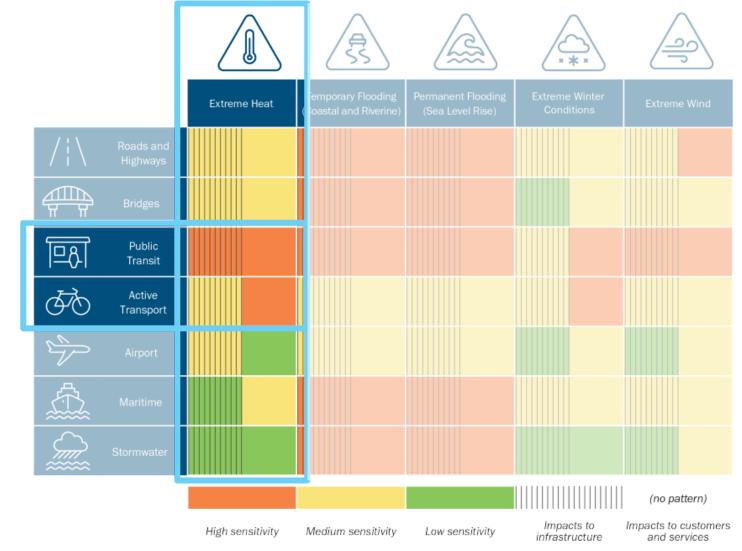
Figure 2. System-level analysis results (Infrastructure impacts on left; service and customer impacts on right)

The Transportation

Resilience Improvement

Plan (TRIP) provided a

high-level summary of
heat-related impacts to
the system





What we know

Extreme heat poses serious risks to transportation users and assets in the TPB region, including:



Impaired infrastructure performance



Potential for limited access to essential services



Altered transit use patterns and user behavior



Endangered public health



Server meltdowns impacting control rooms and communication



What we need

The TRIP identified the need for deeper dives into extreme heat impacts and resources. **The** Regional Extreme Heat Analysis will:



OBJECTIVE 1

Identify **where** transportation assets and systems in the region may experience the worst impacts of extreme heat.



OBJECTIVE 2

Demonstrate **how** this could impact the local economy and the ability of the region to meet its broader goals.



OBJECTIVE 3

Provide **resources** to help member agencies kick-start their efforts to adapt to these risks.



Increase understanding of where the risks are

Goal

Improve understanding of where the worst extreme heat exposure may occur

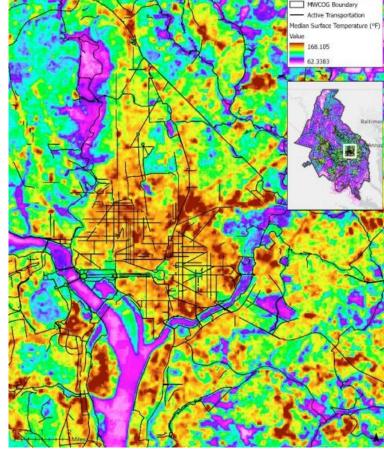
Approach

- Conduct targeted heat vulnerability assessment for transportation assets and users
- Explore creative approaches to pinpointing risk

Example Outcomes

Extreme heat datasets that go beyond surface temperature

Figure 18. Downtown Washington, DC bike and heat





Increase understanding of specific impacts and provide resources to enhance adaptation

Some initial ideas include:

Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis

Commuter Survey Enhancement

Model Policy Language

Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions

Grant
Application
Support
Packages

Best Practice Design Guidance



- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
- 3. Model Policy Language
- 4. Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions
- 5. Grant Application Support Packages
- 6. Best Practice Design Guidance







Goal

Understand how extreme heat affects transit infrastructure and operations regionally

Approach

 Analyze resilience of infrastructure, operations, and users to extreme heat

Example Outcomes

- Impacts assessment
- Slow/stop order frequency (historic and projected)
- Ridership data on high heat days

- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
- 3. Model Policy Language
- 4. Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions
- 5. Grant Application Support Packages
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Goal

Understand heat-related behavioral changes (e.g., mode shifts) and implications for planning and service delivery

Approach

Suggested question additions to existing commuter surveys

Example Outcomes

 Updates to TPB's Commuter Connections survey or other partner agency survey efforts

- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
- 3. Model Policy Language
- 4. Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions
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Goal

Promote use of cooling strategies through redevelopment projects

Approach

 Review policy language in other regions that facilitate or support cooling projects

Example Outcomes

 Draft language for design standards, RFPs, or development guidelines

- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
- 3. Model Policy Language
- 4. Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions
- 5. Grant Application Support Packages
- 6. Best Practice Design Guidance







Goal

Identify **feasible cooling solutions** based on site-specific constraints (e.g., land ownership, space, permitting)

Approach

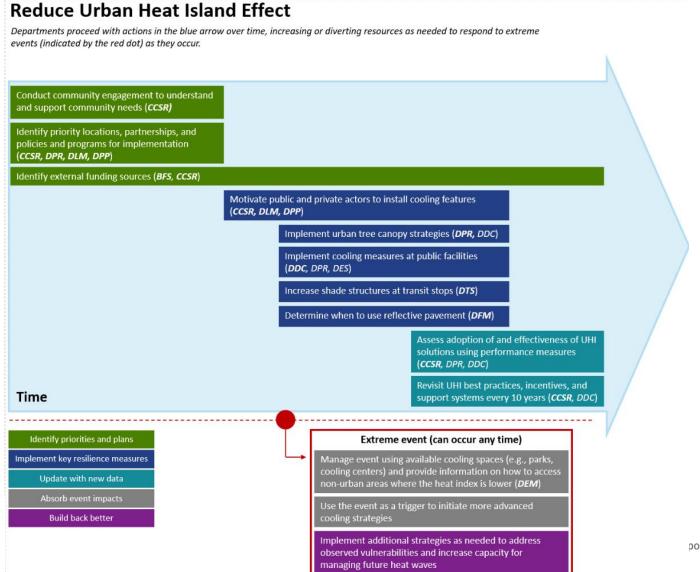
 Develop inventory of entities that are doing this type of work already and review for lessons learned

Example Outcomes

- Decision-tree tool and cost estimates
- Guidance on selecting potential solutions

Decision Tree & Example Outcomes

Example
Outcome Heat
Adaptation
Pathways



Example from the City and County of Honolulu Climate Ready Oahu Report

- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
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Goal

Provide resources to improve grant application competitiveness

Approach

- Identify funding sources
- Evaluate criteria analysis from key resilience grant programs
- Develop "win themes" to incorporate into applications

Example Outcomes

Grant application support package

- 1. Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis
- 2. Commuter Survey Enhancement
- 3. Model Policy Language
- 4. Decision Tree for Cooling Solutions
- 5. Grant Application Support Packages
- 6. Best Practice Design Guidance







Goal

Support **implementation and efficacy** of cooling solutions

Approach

- Identify contexts, typologies and best practices
- Evaluate tradeoffs (scale, level of impact, cost, ROI, etc.)
- Design concepts and guidelines (for transit, pedestrian, bicycle, etc.)

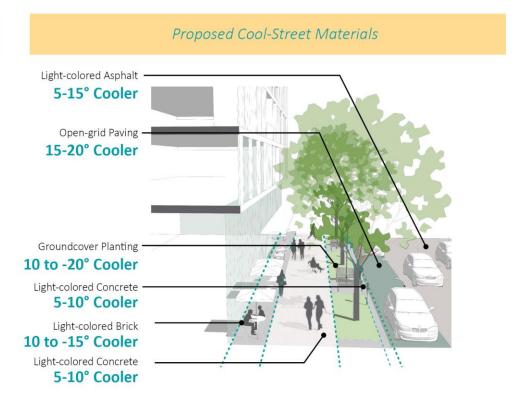
Example Outcomes

 Best practices and design guidance for heat-resilient infrastructure

Design Guidelines & Example Outcomes

Example Outcome - Pedestrian Infrastructure

Standard Asphalt 100-125° Red Brick 100-110° Black Metal Grates 110-120° Charcoal Concrete Pavers 105-115°



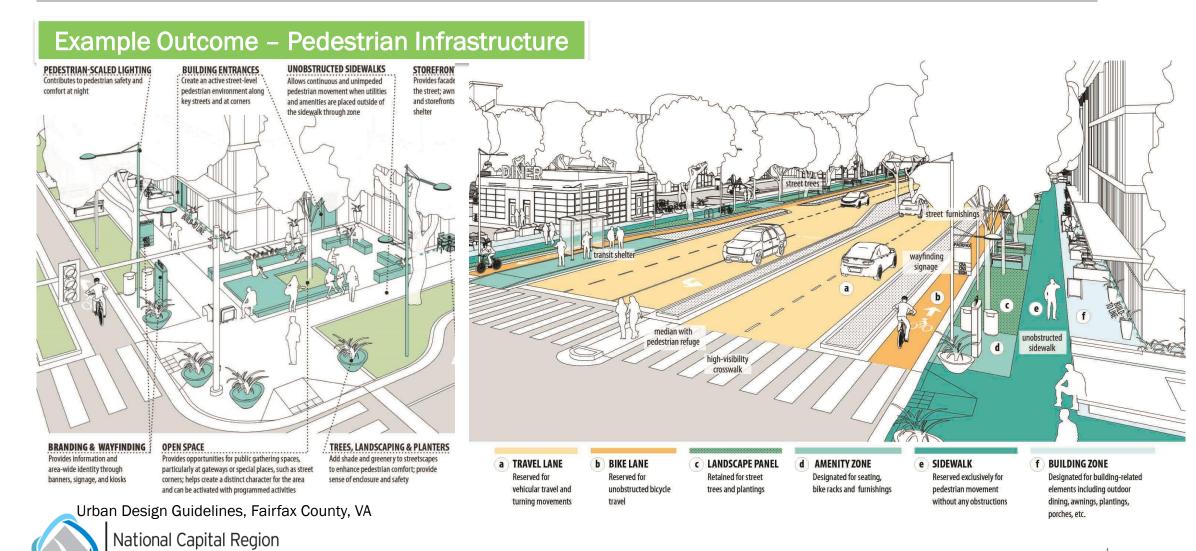
Existing Silver Spring streetscape condiitons and average daily temperatures (July 24th)

Cool-street recommendations including temperature differences compared to existing conditions



Design Guidelines & Example Outcomes

Transportation Planning Board



Preliminary Work Plan

Transit Infrastructure Resilience Analysis

 Proposed Deliverables: Memo/White Paper documenting analysis results of historic and projected heat impacts to rail and bus operations ridership

Grant Application Support

 Proposed Deliverables: Excel database documenting relevant funding sources and key details (e.g. critical deadlines, criteria, potential win themes)

Best Practice Design Guidance

Proposed Deliverables: Region-specific design guidance for resilient transportation infrastructure, specifics still in development

Decision Support Tool or Model Policy Language

Proposed Deliverables: Specifics still in development



What do you think?

- Based on your needs and interests, do any aspects of this project and the proposed preliminary work plan jump out at you?
- Any other ideas you would like to see considered?
- Of the types of resources introduced today, what are you most interested in?
- Do you (or does your agency) have data or plans/reports that would be useful in this effort that you would be willing to share?





DMVMOVES - AN UPDATE

September - December 2025

Pierre Gaunaurd
COG Transportation Planner

TPB Regional Public Transportation Subcommittee October 28, 2025

Agenda

- Initiative Recap and Outlook
- Regional Transit Integration
 Action Plan Implementation
 Next Steps
 - Joint Procurement Coordination
- October 29 Task Force Meeting





DMV*Moves* – Recap and Outlook

Discussed to date:

- ✓ Adopted Vision & Goals
- √9 Advisory Group meetings and 5
 Task Force meetings:
- ✓ Final investment plan for Metro and local transit agencies
- √6 action areas for regional integration
- ✓ Regional Transit Tour across DMV
- ✓ Regional Rail Event Spotlighting Commuter and Intercity Rail

Upcoming:

- October 29: Final Task Force Meeting
- November 17: Joint COG/WMATA Board Meeting
- ➤ 2025+: Action Plan Implementation
- ➤ 2026: Local decisions made on how to fund commitments



DMVMoves Approach: Bus and Rail Systems

Unmet Fiscal Needs (Metro & Local)

Operating Needs

- Current Service levels
- Serve region's growth

Capital Needs

- State of Good Repair
- Modernize / Expand

Regional Integration (Metro & Local Systems)

Seamless Customer Experience

- Consistent Fare Policies
- One Stop Shop Information

Regional Coordination

- Shared Assets and Resources
- Procurement and Training



Proposed DMVMoves Investment Plan

WMATA World-Class Transit Investments

\$460-500M in FY28 + 3% per year



Regional Bus Priority Network –

(Partnerships for design,
funding, implementation, and
service)

+ State/Local investments in priority bus corridors

Action Plan recommendations for more integrated and seamless regional transit:



Implement bus priority strategies to get best value from high-frequency routes



Adopt shared bus service guidelines and consistent performance measures



Integrate and align fare policies to provide consistent customer experience



Improve wayfinding, customer information, and amenities at transit stops



Explore shared use of resources and assets and grouped procurements



Make training, certification, and inspection programs more consistent across the region

Implementing the Regional Integration Action Plan

Success will **require broad participation** continued commitments, collaboration, and accountability across all agencies after DMV*Moves*

 While not every action may be adopted right away, aligning on a shared policy direction now can build momentum toward a more seamless, connected region

Task Force & Advisory Groups

Advocate for enabling actions and funding to state legislatures and local councils / boards

State / Local Jurisdictions

Pass acts and/or modify bills as necessary to ensure implementation of Regional Integration Action Plan

Transit Agencies

Implement Regional Integration Action Plan

COG or other regional actor

- Facilitate continued collaboration
- Monitor progress
- Track agency commitments and milestones
- Provide technical support
- Report on outcomes



Joint Procurements and Shared Resources

What We're Recommending:

Joint Bus Procurement

WMATA and local transit agencies explore potential cost efficiencies by leveraging their combined purchasing power for revenue vehicle procurement via joint contracts. COG serves as a facilitator to assist agencies with identifying and accessing purchasing opportunities via a permanent regional transit procurement clearinghouse database and joint contracts as necessary.

Other Joint Procurements (e.g., IT software)

Following its first meeting in July 2025, COG will continue to convene a regional working group of transit agency procurement representatives semi-annually that shares updates on local procurement activities, informs members of purchasing opportunities, and serves as a medium to coordinate joint purchases. This group will develop a 24/7 list-serv for everyday communication and will advise on the contents of the regional transit procurement clearinghouse database. COG will also analyze transit procurement contract terms and conditions from across the region and convene agency legal representatives to discuss streamlining requirements. Projected outcomes include easier joint purchasing, cost reductions, and less administrative burdens.

Regional Benefits:

- Make transit
 administration and
 operations even more
 efficient and cost-effective
 by facilitating cooperative
 and grouped
 procurement/purchasing.
- Improve customer
 experience by enabling
 investments in facilities,
 equipment, and
 technology.



Joint Procurements and Shared Resources (Cont.)

Procurement Roundtable Update - Deliverables

- 1. Procurement Official List-serv: Ready to populate and is expected to be complete by the end of this week. Can be added to or amended as necessary.
- 2. Procured Item Inventory Sheets: Incomplete. Still missing over half.
- 3. Transit Procurement Contract Database
 - Existing contract clearinghouse on the COG website
 (https://www.mwcog.org/purchasing-and-bids/cooperative-purchasing/ncr-contracts/) uses open source information.
 - Goal is to make it easier to find transit-specific contracts to ride and add all contracts used by agencies.
- 4. Regional Contract Terms and Conditions Review
 - In progress but will take time.



Joint Procurements and Shared Resources (Cont.)

Procurement Roundtable Update - Deliverables

- 5. Transit Procurement Official Committee
 - Semi-annual meetings to coordinate joint procurement activities and share information about other purchasing opportunities and challenges.
 - Will be responsible for informing direction to go with transit contract clearinghouse development.
 - Ongoing communication through the list-serv.
 - First meeting expected in January or February 2026.



October 29 Task Force meeting

- Final DMVMoves Task Force Meeting at COG
- Task Force will vote on whether to adopt the DMVMoves recommendation for consideration by the Joint COG-WMATA Boards in November
- If approved, the Joint Boards will then vote on whether to forward the recommendation to their localities





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