

Major SNAP policy changes in budget reconciliation law

- › Expanded work requirements
 - › Restricts waivers to areas w/ unemployment over 10%
- › Reduces benefits by prohibiting deduction of internet costs and limiting deductions for utility costs
- › Restricts future adjustments to the Thrifty Food Plan
- › Ends funding for SNAP-Ed
- › Significant cost shift to states and localities

An estimated 50,000 families in the Washington DC region (CAFB service area) stand to lose an average of \$171 in benefits per month

State-level Impact of SNAP Cost Shift to States¹

	DC	Maryland	Virginia
SNAP Beneficiaries	137, 500	693,500	827,800
Administrative Match Requirement Increase	\$16.1M	\$51.9M	\$88.2M
FY28 State Food Benefit Match Requirement²	\$48M	\$233M	\$263M
Meals Lost by Food Benefit Match Requirement³	17.9M	83.2M	65.6M
Current Meals Distributed by Food Banks⁴	10.5M	80.2M	130M

1: Data on impacts of matching requirements is only available at the state level and thus encompasses more than CAFB’s service area

2: Based on DC’s, MD’s, and VA’s current error rates

3: Calculated based on a cost of \$2.68 per meal

4: Includes meals from other food banks in Maryland and Virginia

Regional Impact Within the DMV

IMPACT ON FAMILIES

	DC	Maryland	Virginia
Number of Families with Benefit Reductions >\$25	18,000	81,000	91,000
CAFB Service Area as % of State	100%	25%	12%
Number of Families in CAFB Service Area with Benefit Reduction >\$25 (calculation)	18,000	20,250	10,920
Average Monthly Benefit Reduction	\$231	\$150	\$112