Item 11.

Briefing on the Version 2.3 travel demand model

A presentation to the TPB

January 19, 2011

Ronald Milone

TPB Travel Forecasting Program Director

What is Version 2.3?

A transportation forecasting model for the Washington D.C. region which is about to be released

A replacement to the currently adopted Version 2.2 travel model

A tool envisioned to support many upcoming transportation planning efforts, including:

- Air Quality Conformity Determination
- CLRP Update
- Project planning studies
- Special scenario studies
- Local planning studies

What does the Vers. 2.3 model actually do?

It produces travel-related forecasts based on our best estimate of land activity projections, the future highway and transit system, and planned policy assumptions.

Examples:

- The number of trips generated from a specific area
- Trip flows between jurisdictions, by purpose and mode of travel
- Traffic volumes on major highway segments
- Transit ridership
- Vehicle miles traveled

The model provides insight to "what if" type of questions

Transportation goals articulated in recent TPB / COG documents

- To provide a broad range of public and private transportation choices
- To maximizing accessibility
- **D** To minimizing reliance upon single-occupant automobiles
- To create dynamic mixed-use activity centers with walkable environments
- To encourage transit oriented developments
- **D** To foster sustainability and minimize ecological harm

Version 2.3 was developed with these goals in mind

What is most notable about the Version 2.3 travel model?

- Developed with the <u>latest travel survey data</u> available
- Developed using a more <u>detailed zone system</u>
- Several technical refinements have also been made...
 - Greater specificity of travel markets by trip purpose and by time of day
 - More detailed treatment of travel with regard to transit and pedestrian (walking and bicycle) modes

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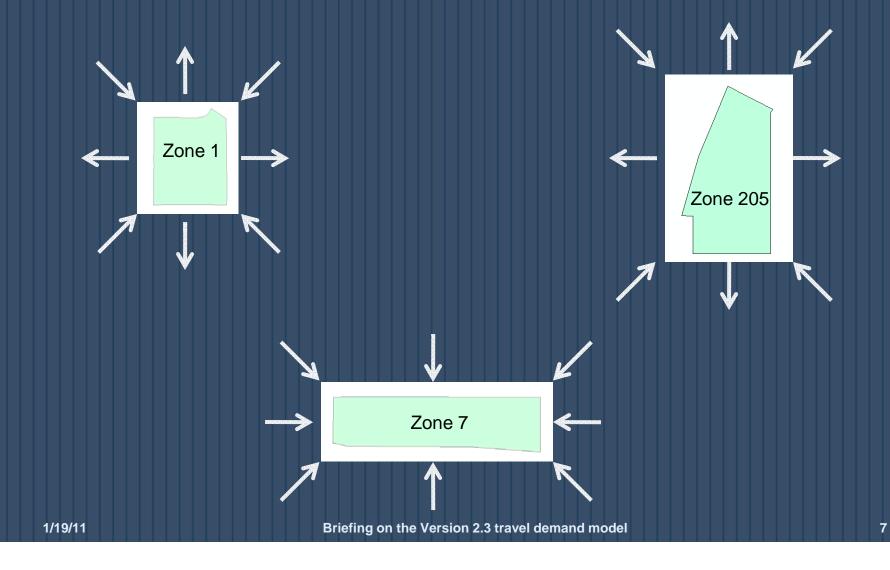
How does the transportation modeling process operate?

The model calculates *aggregate* zone-to-zone travel in four *sequential* steps:

- 1. Trip generation
- 2. Trip distribution
- 3. Mode choice
- 4. Network assignment

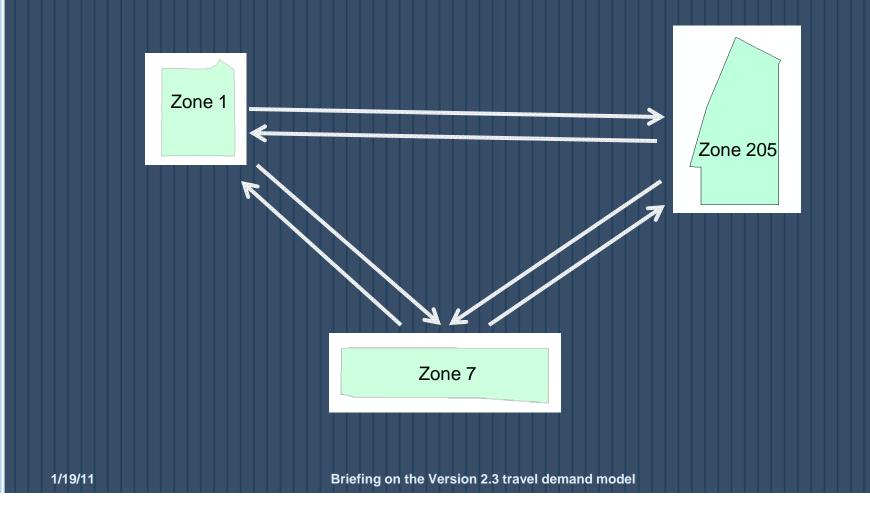
Step 1: Trip Generation

Person trips generated are calculated for each zone (or TAZ)



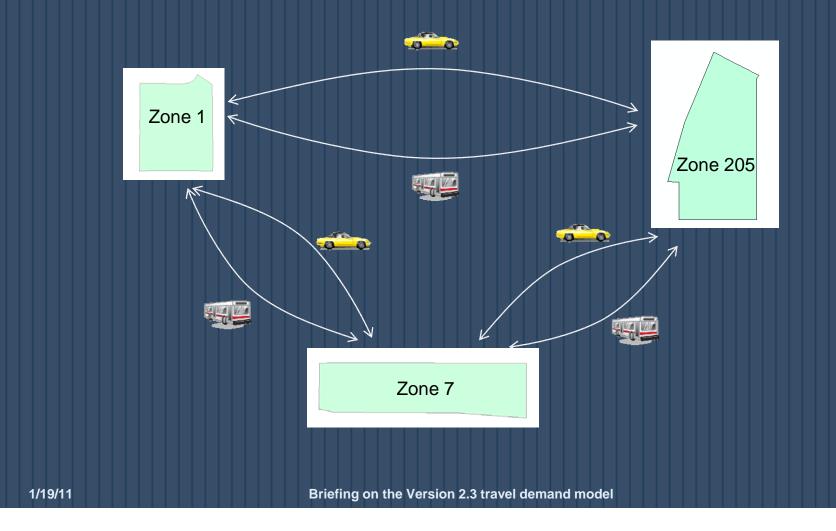
Step 2: Trip Distribution

The trips generated are next distributed among zonal destinations



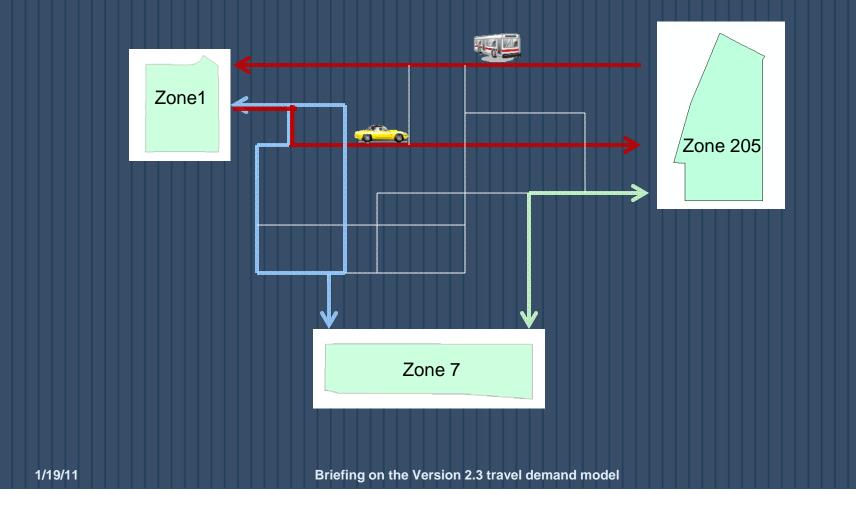
Step 3: Mode Choice

Person trips developed between zones are next apportioned by available travel modes



Step 4: Trip Assignment

Finally, modal trip "flows" between zones are assigned to specific routes through the transportation network

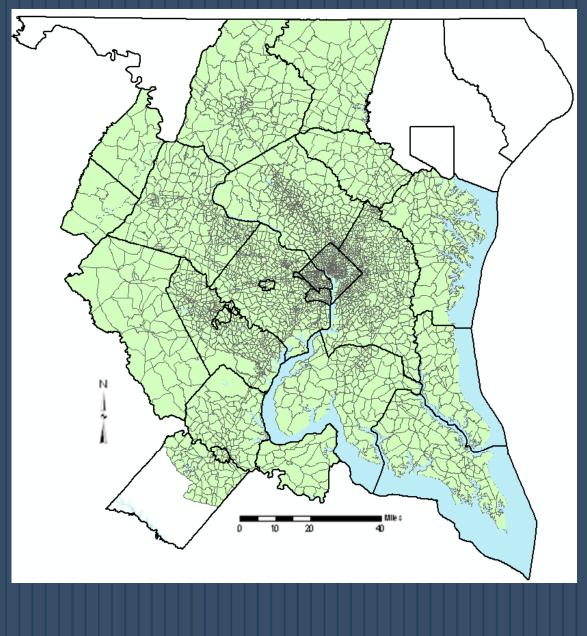


Data supporting the Version 2.3 model

□ The 2007/08 Household Travel Survey (HTS)

- □ 11,400 household sample (over twice that of the 1994 HTS)
- HTS survey area comprises <u>entire</u> modeled area (22 jurisdictions), in contrast to 13 jurisdictions surveyed in 1994
- Designed to support both immediate trip-based model work as well as activity –based model work in the future
- Other information supporting the Version 2.3 calibration effort include traffic counts, transit on-board surveys, highway speed data, and the American Community Survey

Version 2.3 study area and 3,722 Transportation Analysis Zones (TAZs)



The current vs. new TAZ system: **Tysons Corner Area**

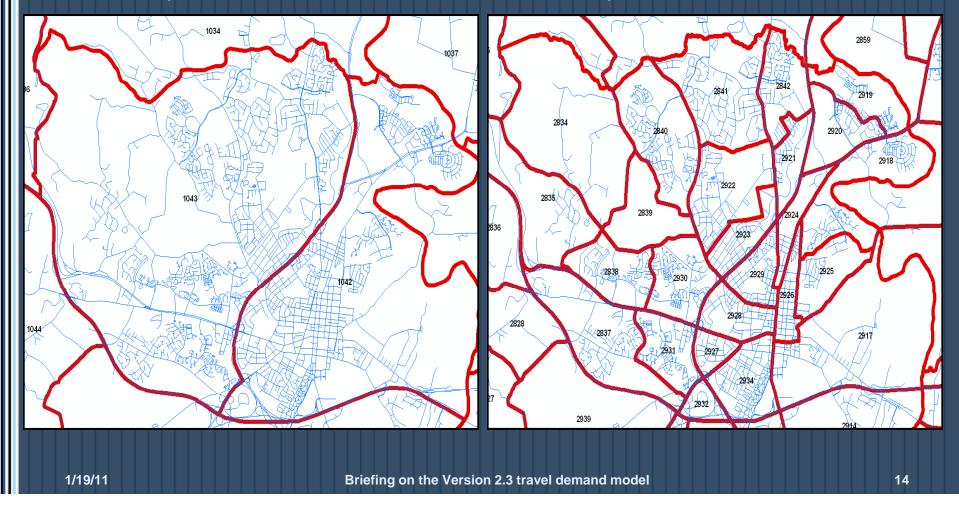
2,191 TAZ System 1/19/11 Briefing on the Version 2.3 travel demand model

3,722 TAZ System

The current vs. new TAZ system: City of Frederick, Maryland

2,191 TAZ System

3,722 TAZ System



Version 2.3 Features: Trip generation --Increased purposes and modes

Version 2.2 on 2,191 TAZ		Version 2.3 on 3,722 TAZ	
Purpose	Mode	Purpose	Mode
Home-Based Work	Motorized	Home-Based Work	Motorized
	Walk/Bike		Walk/Bike
Home-Based Shop	Motorized	Home-Based Shop	Motorized
			Walk/Bike
Home-Based Other	Motorized	Home-Based Other	Motorized
			Walk/Bike
Non-Home-Based	Motorized	Non-Home-Based Work	Motorized
			Walk/Bike
		Non-Home-Based Other	Motorized
			Walk/Bike
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Version 2.3 Features: A more detailed choice set & transit assignment capability

Version 2.2 Model Choice Set

Single Occupant Auto

2-Occupant Auto

3+Occupant Auto

Transit

Version 2.3 Model Choice Set

Single Occupant Auto

2-Occupant Auto

3+Occupant Auto

Commuter Rail

Bus Only

Bus-Metrorail

Metrorail Only

Version 2.3 Features: Time of day & traffic assignment- More time periods are addressed

Version 2.2 on 2,191 TAZ		Version 2.3 on 3,722 TAZ		
Time Period	Hours	Time Period	Hours	
AM Peak	6 AM- 9 AM	AM Peak	6 AM- 9 AM	
PM Peak	4 PM-7 PM	PM Peak	3 PM- 7 PM	
Other		Midday	9 AM- 3 PM	
		Night and Wee Hours	12 AM- 6 AM 7 PM- 12 AM	
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Upcoming dates for the Version 2.3 model on 3,722-TAZ area system

□ February 2011

- Release of draft Version 2.3 model to TFS, along with documentation
- Release of AQC draft scope of work to TPB Technical Committee, which identifies the selection of travel model

□ March to October 2011

- Testing of new travel model on AQC networks
- Refinement to travel model, based on tests

□ October 2011

• Draft model results to Tech. Comm.

□ November 2011

- TPB approval of AQC determination
- Ver. 2.3 travel model becomes adopted model

Conclusions

Version 2.3 travel demand model is about to be released

- Includes several enhancements over the TPB's existing travel model capabilities
 - Informed by the latest survey data available
 - A substantially more detailed zone system
 - Larger set of purposes and modes are addressed
- Version 2.3 will be better equipped to answer questions being asked by decision makers